ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
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9792.5(a)(5) Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 – 7.1(b); 7.2(a) and (b)	Commenter notes that insurers must remit payment within 15 days after receiving a clean claim electronically. However, it appears that penalty and interest still would not be applicable until 45 days after receipt of a clean claim.  Commenter inquires if the Division has considered adjusting the penalty/interest timeframe to 15 days in correlation with the new time limit for payment. If this was considered and not addressed in these regulations, the commenter questions why.	Matt Absher Senior Associate Triage Consulting Group March 8, 2010 Written Comment	<b>Disagree.</b> Although Labor Code §4603.4 provides a 15-day time period for payment of bills, it does not provide a penalty or interest for failure to pay within the 15-day period. The statutory authority for penalty and interest is under Labor Code §4603.2 which requires payment within 45 working days of receipt of the bill (or 60 working days for a governmental entity.)	None.
Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 – 7.1(b); 7.2(a) and (b)	Commenter finds that these proposed regulations as well as the required forms will be beneficial to the California Workers' Compensation program.  Commenter is concerned that the payment for medical treatment provided or authorized by the treating physician shall be paid within 15 working days. Commenter opines that this is a very short time frame considering how many claims a case manager reviews and the amount of medical bills related to those claims.  Commenter opines that California is very complex and would like to know	Vallerie Gallaway Supervisor, Bill Processing Review Claims Management, Inc. April 19, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. The requirement to pay electronically submitted bills within 15 working days is a statutory requirement. The Division does not have the discretion to extend the timeframe for payment to 21 days. The electronic billing statute, Labor Code \$4603.4 does not have a penalty for failure to pay within 15 working days. However, undisputed bills remaining unpaid at 45 working days would be subject to Labor Codes \$4603.2's penalty provisions. The regulations have been drafted to conform to these time frames and penalty provisions.	None.

DWC should be adopting payment rules and guidelines based on the HIPAA version 5010, not version 4010. If version 4010 is adopted, California will be out of step with the industry. Most significantly, the compliance date (18 months after the effective date of this regulation) coincides and conflicts with the HIPAA 5010 adoption and implementation. Commenter strongly urges that California base all requirements on version 5010, not 4010. Moving forward with version  Senior Application Business Analyst Mitchell International April 23, 2010 Written Comments  Written Comments  revise the regulations to utilize the 5010 standards instead of the 4010 grid standards.  will be revise the regulations to utilize the 5010 standards.  Written Comments  will be revise the regulations to utilize the 5010 standards.	ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
if the Division would consider extending that time frame to at least 21 days. Commenter also questions if the payment of electronic bills will be subject to the same type of penalty as paper bills.  9792.5.1(c)(1)-(3)  Commenter opines that the California DWC should be adopting payment rules and guidelines based on the HIPAA version 5010, not version 4010. If version 4010 is adopted, California will be out of step with the industry. Most significantly, the compliance date (18 months after the effective date of this regulation) coincides and conflicts with the HIPAA 5010 adoption and implementation. Commenter strongly urges that California base all requirements on version 5010, not 4010. Moving forward with version					
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HIPAA version 5010, not version 4010. If version 4010 is adopted, California will be out of step with the industry. Most significantly, the compliance date (18 months after the effective date of this regulation) coincides and conflicts with the HIPAA 5010 adoption and implementation. Commenter strongly urges that California base all requirements on version 5010, not 4010. Moving forward with version  Mitchell International April 23, 2010  Written Comments  Standards.  Of the 5010 standards /  implementation.  Written Comments  of the 5010 standards /  implementation.  Variety Comments  of the 5010 standards /  implementation.  April 23, 2010  Written Comments				_	will be revised to
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4010. Moving forward with version		· ·			
		=			
		4010 will require an almost immediate			
migration to version 5010 to support					
the impending ICD-10 requirements.					
However, if version 4010 is going to					
be implemented, it should be		=			
consistent with the requirements		*			
implemented by Texas. Any additional requirements made to the existing					
version 4010 implemented by Texas					
would not be beneficial or productive					
for the workers' compensation system					
when the rest of the industry is					

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
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	working to implement version 5010		I	
9792.5 - General	working to implement version 5010.  Commenter states that providers should be required to submit eBills. Commenter points out that Texas adopted the mandate for both providers and claim administrators/payers. The fact that claim administrators are required to support the electronic eBilling while providers are not can negatively affect the cost/benefit of implementing the eBill requirements. Implementation can be quite costly (especially for the new 277 transaction) and without a requirement that providers send eBills, the return on investment is likely to be low.	Susan Leonardi, Senior Application Business Analyst Mitchell International April 23, 2010 Written Comments	Disagree. In Texas, the statute mandates electronic billing for both providers and payers. In California, Labor Code §4603.4 only mandates that employers (i.e. claims administrators) accept electronic bills. It would be beyond the statutory authority to require providers to utilize electronic billing.	None.
Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 – 7.1(b); 7.2(a) and (b)	Medical payments for eBills are due within 15 working days according to 7.2 Penalty (a) of the proposed Medical Billing and Payment Guide. Commenter questions if this will be enforced when a directive is issued from CMS for payers to hold claims for 10 days? Commenter references the following recent example received from CMS via email:  "Information Regarding the Holding of April Claims for Services Paid Under the 2010 Medicare physician Fee Schedule (3-26-2010)	Susan Leonardi, Senior Application Business Analyst Mitchell International April 23, 2010 Written Comments	Directives from the CMS to hold bills for payment under the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule are not applicable to payments under the California Official Medical Fee Schedule, including the physician schedule and all other workers' compensation fee schedule. The statutory requirement to pay within 15 working days is not affected by Medicare payment holds.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is working with Congress, health care providers, and the beneficiary community to avoid disruption in the delivery of health care services and payment of claims for physicians, non-physician practitioners, and other providers of services paid under the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS). As you are aware, the Temporary Extension Act of 2010, enacted on March 2, 2010, extended the zero percent (0%) update to the 2010 MPFS through March 31, 2010.			
	CMS believes Congress is working to avert the negative update that will take effect April 1. Consequently, CMS has instructed its contractors to hold claims containing services paid under the MPFS (including anesthesia services) for the first 10 business days of April. This hold will only affect claims with dates of service April 1, 2010, and forward. In addition, the hold should have			

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Billing &	minimum impact on provider cash flow because, under the current law, clean electronic claims are not paid any sooner than 14 calendar days (29 for paper claims) after the date of receipt.  Be on the alert for more information about the 2010 Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Update."	Susan Leonardi,	Disagree. The commenter's	None.
Payment Guide 2010 – 6.0 (b)(1)	indicates that both the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes and ANSI Claims Adjustment Codes should be used. For consistency, commenter recommends the use of only the ANSI CARCs rather than both the ASNI CARCs and the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes. This would be consistent with other states' adoptions of eBilling per their companion guides.	Senior Application Business Analyst Mitchell International April 23, 2010 Written Comments	statement that the Section 6.0(b)(1) requires both the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes and the ANSI Claims Adjustment Reason Codes (CARC) is incorrect. The section requires the ANSI Claims Adjustment Group Codes, not the Claims Adjustment Reason Codes. The Claims Adjustment Group Codes classify the general nature of the adjustment reason, and are not duplicative of the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Code. In regard to the suggestion to use the CARCs instead of the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Code, the DWC disagrees. The DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes provide	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 – Appendix B and Electronic Medical Billing and Payment Companion Guide, Chapter 7	Commenter asks how "self-executing" penalties and interest will be paid. If the penalties and interest are supposed to be paid and reflected on the EOB (paper or 835), then the guide needs to include instructions for how this should be reflected (what adjustment codes would be used, etc.).	Susan Leonardi, Senior Application Business Analyst Mitchell International April 23, 2010 Written Comments	more specific information than the CARCS and that information has been tailored to California and will improve communication of the reason for a bill adjustment.  Agree. A new DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Code is needed to explain that payment is being made for interest and increase due to late payment for paper EOBs and a corollary CARC is needed for electronic remittance advice.	Add a new DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Code G81 and add reference to CARC 225 to 1.0 California DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Code / CARC / RARC Matrix Crosswalk.
Electronic Medical Billing & Payment Companion Guide 2.2.1 California Prescribed Formats	It is proposed that 277 4040 be required for Health Care Claim Acknowledgement versus 277 4050 Optional for Health Care Claim Request for Additional Information. Can the 277 4050 be used for both the acknowledgement and the additional information?	Susan Leonardi, Senior Application Business Analyst Mitchell International April 23, 2010 Written Comments	Disagree. This comment is technically moot as the modified proposal no longer requires use of the 277 4040 and 277 4050, but instead requires use of the ASC X12N/5010X214 Technical Report Type 3 Health Care Claim Acknowledgment (277) January 2007 and the ASC X12/005010X213 Technical Report Type 3 Request for Additional Information (277). However, anticipating a similar comment regarding the new proposal, the DWC responds as	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
			follows. The ASC X12N/5010X214 Health Care Claim Acknowledgment (277) has a different purpose than the ASC X12/005010X213 Health Care Claim Request for Additional Information (277). The Acknowledgment's purpose is stated in the Technical Report Type 3: "The ASC X12 Health Care Claim Acknowledgement (277) implementation guide is a business application level acknowledgement for the ASC X12 Health Care Claim (837) transaction(s). This acknowledges the validity and acceptability of the claims at the pre-processing stage. Payers may pre-process claims to determine whether or not to introduce them to their adjudication system. This pre-adjudication process is performed so claims that are incorrectly formatted or missing information can be corrected and resubmitted by the provider. The level of editing in pre-adjudication programs will vary from system to system. Although the level of editing may vary, this transaction provides a standard method of reporting acknowledgement of	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
BILLING REGULATIONS				
REGULATIONS	<u> </u>		1	
			claims. The business function	
			identifies claims that are accepted	
			for adjudication as well as those	
			that are not accepted. This 277	
			transaction is the only notification	
			of pre-adjudication claim status."	
			This 277 Acknowledgment is sent	
			out early (within 2 days) and is an	
			initial screen of the submission.	
			On the other hand, the 277	
			Request for Additional	
			Information purpose is for the	
			payer or bill processor to request	
			additional information. "The ASC	
			X12 Health Care Claim Request	
			for Additional Information (277)	
			implementation guide addresses	
			usage of the 277 as a request for	
			additional information to	
			support a health care claim or	
			<b>encounter.</b> The 277 transaction	
			provides the mechanism for asking questions or making requests for	
			information about specific claims	
			or service lines. The actual answer	
			or additional information response	
			is provided in the ASC X12	
			Additional Information to Support	
			a Health Care Claim or Encounter	
			(275)." [Emphasis in original,	
			page 3.]	
Medical Billing &	The first sentence of Appendix B in	Susan Leonardi,	Agree in part. The DWC	Correct first
Payment Guide	the DWC Medical Billing and	Senior Application	disagrees with the statement that	sentence on page

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
2010 – Appendix B. Standard Explanation of Review	Payment Guide (page 47) states: "Any EOR must include all of the data elements indicated as required in Appendix B - 2.0 Field Table for Standard Explanation of Review." The table of required elements seems to be missing.	Business Analyst Mitchell International April 23, 2010 Written Comments	the table of required elements is missing, but agrees that the first sentence is not correct. Due to a typographical error, the first sentence of page 47 refers to Appendix B – 2.0 Field Table whereas it should refer to Appendix B – 3.0 Field.	47 to refer to Appendix B – 3.0.
General Comment: Electronic Medical Billing & Payment Companion Guide	Commenter supports the mandate that Claims Administrators must be able to accept and process electronic medical bill transactions where the provider or other billing entity has elected to submit them in that manner. The mandate further requires that when the Claims Administrator receives the bills electronically, functional responses should be provided to the submitter and that the remittance (the description of payments of or adjustments to the bill) should occur electronically.  However, commenter opines that there should be more language in the mandate that either directs provider adoption (that language is currently not present) or provides greater incentive for provider adoption.  Workers' Compensation Claims Administrators currently not or only partly capable of transacting electronically may incur significant	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments	Agree in part. DWC agrees that it would be beneficial to have widespread adoption of electronic billing by providers.  Disagree that the mandate should "direct provider adoption" as the statute makes electronic billing mandatory for the payer but optional for the biller/provider. DWC appreciates the commenter's suggestion that the regulation "provide greater incentive for provider adoption," however the commenter provides no specific suggestion on what regulatory incentive could be built into the regulation in light of the statutory language. DWC is not aware of any regulatory means to incentivize provider adoption.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Electronic Medical Billing & Payment Companion Guide: 2.2.1. California Prescribed Formats; Chapter 9 Companion Guide Acknowledgments	expense in order to achieve that ability. Efforts should be exerted to ensure that the investment of time and money to achieve compliance is not done merely for the sake of compliance.  FUNCTIONAL RESPONSES (997/TA1, 277, etc): The mandate requires the use of functional responses to receipt of electronic billing transactions within specific time periods.  Commenter supports the use of functional responses and feels that the proposed time-limits for their delivery are correct. However, few claims administrators are currently capable of generating the required functional responses. Further, few submitters are capable of consuming them.  Commenter opines that it might be wise to either move to an incremental mandate that first requires the adoption of the billing transactions and then later requires the use of the functional responses.	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments	Disagree. Functional responses are an integral part of electronic billing. Moreover, there will be 18 months between adoption of the regulations and the mandatory compliance date. This is plenty of time to build the capacity for functional responses along with the other components of electronic billing.	None.
Electronic Medical Billing & Payment Companion Guide: Chapter 9 Companion Guide	FIVE-DAY PEND PERIOD FOR ATTACHMENTS OR CLAIM NUMBERS: The Mandate proposes that a bill received without required supportive documentation or a claim	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010	<b>Disagree.</b> It is important to provide for the bill to be put in pending status for 5 days as this is more efficient than rejecting the bill initially and requiring it to be	None.
Acknowledgments;	number should be pended for up to 5	Written Comments	resubmitted.	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
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REGULATIONS				
Chapter 8	days to afford the submitter the			
Companion Guide	opportunity to provide it.			
275 Additional	opportunity to provide it.			
Information to	Commenter supports this provision in		<b>Disagree</b> with the comment	
Support a Health	concept; but not necessarily in		suggesting that a bill without a	
Care Claim of	practice. Commenter proposes that		claim number should be rejected	
Encounter	these two issues be considered		by the claims administrator or	
	separately and proposes the following:		clearinghouse rather than placed in	
			pending status. Although it is true	
	An electronic bill should only		that the claim number is important	
	be submitted and should only be		to allocate the loss to the correct	
	accepted if it contains the claim		workers' compensation event, the	
	number; which allows the		claim number is generated by the	
	claims administrator the		claims administrative and is within	
	opportunity to allocate the loss		the control of the claims	
	to the correct workers'		administrator. The physician	
	compensation event. A bill		should not be prevented from	
	submitted without the claim		submitting the bill if he/she does	
	number should be rejected as		not have the claim number. It may	
	incomplete by the Claims		frequently occur that the doctor	
	Administrator or the Claims		treats a patient before the claim	
	Administrator's Clearinghouse.		number is known.	
	Where a clearinghouse is used,		<b>Disagree</b> with the comment	
	that clearinghouse can retain a		suggesting that the regulation	
	bill in a pended state for up to		should allow the bill to be put in	
	five days, giving the submitter		pending status for up to five days	
	the opportunity to provide the		for submission of supporting	
	required supportive		documentation only where the	
	documentation. The pending		payer is using a clearinghouse.	
	of the bill will be in response		There is no reason to distinguish	
	to the presence of a PWK in		between a claims administrator	
	the 2300 loop of the electronic		utilizing a clearinghouse and a	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Billing and Payment Guide, 7.0 Medical Treatment Billing and Payment Requirements for Electronically Submitted Bills, 7.1(b)	transaction or where supportive documentation is required in order for the bill to be considered "Complete" according to the Medical Bill Payment Guide.  • If the documentation is not submitted within the five-day period, it can be rejected by the clearinghouse using the 277 response informing the submitter that the bill was deemed incomplete and therefore rejected.  Alternatively, the incomplete bill could be forwarded to the payer who would then issue the rejection in the form of the 277 transaction.  15-DAY PAYMENT REQUIREMENT: A "complete" bill for services provided by a provider, either employer-approved or employee-selected, submitted at or below the approved fee-schedule, must be paid within 15 calendar days.  Commenter supports this requirement. This may be the single most obvious inducement for provider adoption.	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments	claims administrator who sets up a bill handling operation in house. In either situation, "pending for submission of documentation" is needed to allow submission of the supporting documentation by fax or email as allowed in the Medical Billing and Payment Guide, Chapter 2. Although the ASC X12N 275 Additional Information to Support a Health Care Claim or Encounter is listed in the regulation as "recommended" it is not the required standard due to the fact that it has not been adopted as the HIPAA standard. There is a need to allow providers to submit documentation by fax or email.  Agree in part. Agree that the requirement for expedited payment of electronically submitted bills provides an inducement for providers to adopt electronic billing. However, commenter erroneously suggests that payment must be made within 15 calendar days of submission of a complete bill. The statute, Labor Code §4603.4(d) and the regulation require payment within 15 working days, not 15 calendar days.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
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REGULATIONS				
Electronic Medical Billing & Payment Companion Guide, Chapter 7.	ELECTRONICALLY SUBMITTED BILLS MUST BE ELECTRONICALLY REMITTED: A bill that has been received electronically by the Claims Administrator must be remitted electronically using the X12 4010 835.  Commenter supports this requirement. However, it must be noted that, like the functional responses, few submitter/providers are able to consume the 835. Commenter questions if it would be appropriate to consider that the Claims Administrator continue to produce a payer remittance document in addition to the 835.	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments	Disagree. In order to achieve the benefits of electronic billing and payment, providers who choose to engage in electronic billing must become capable of receiving the 835 electronic remittance advice or utilize a clearinghouse that can receive the 835. There will be 18 months between adoption of the regulations and the mandatory compliance date which is plenty of time to develop or contract for the capability of receiving the 835 electronic remittance advice. It would be wasteful to require the claims administrator to produce a remittance document in addition to	None.
Medical Billing and Payment Guide, Chapter 7, 7.2 Penalty	BILLS NOT PAID TIMELY WILL RESULT IN PENALTIES FOR THE CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR: Any electronically submitted bill determined to be complete, not paid or objected to within the 15 working day period, shall be subject to audit penalties per Title 8, California Code of Regulations section 10111.2 (b) (10), (11).  Commenter supports this requirement. There must be penalties for noncompliance if the mandate is to result in adoption by the provider/submitters.	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments	the 835.  Commenter's support is noted.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Billing and Payment Guide, Chapter 7, 7.2 Penalty	PENALTIES FOR ELECTRONICALLY-SUBMITTED BILLS NOT PAID WITHIN 45 DAYS (OR 60 IF THE EMPLOYER IS GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY): If an electronically-submitted bill is not paid within 45 (or 60) days after receipt, the bill is increased by 15% and interest is accrued at a proscribed [sic] rate.  Commenter supports a penalty where payment is not made timely. However this strategy seems complex and difficult to administer.	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments	Disagree. This penalty provision is in Labor Code §4603.2 which has been in place for many years. The commenter has not provided any information to support its assertion that the provision is complex or difficult to administer, nor has the commenter suggested an alternate mechanism for penalties that would be consistent with the statute.	None.
Medical Billing and Payment Guide, Chapter 7, 7.3 Electronic Bill Attachments (a)(3)	REQUIREMENTS REGARDING SUPPORTIVE DOCUMENTATION (ATTACH-MENTS): The Unique Attachment Indicator Number shall be the same as populated in the ASC X12 837 Loop 2300, PWK Segment: Report Type Code, the Report Transmission Code, Attachment Control Qualifier (AC) and the unique Attachment Control Number.  Commenter supports this standard as it is in standard use throughout the industry.	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments	Commenter's support is noted.	None.
Medical Billing and Payment Guide, Chapter 7, 7.3 Electronic Bill	THE NPI REQUIREMENT STANDARD: The Billing Provider NPI Number must be the same as populated in Loop 2010AA, NM109.	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix	<b>Disagree</b> with the suggestion to use state license number if the NPI is "not available." Providers who are eligible for an NPI should get	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Attachments (a)(4)	If the provider is ineligible for an NPI, then this number must be the atypical billing provider ID. This number must be the same as populated in Loop 2010AA, REF02.  Commenter supports the requirement for standard provider identifiers. It may be simpler and as effective to simply use the provider's state license number in the event that an NPI is not available.	April 25, 2010 Written Comments	one as this is the most streamlined method of identifying a provider since there is one source for identifying all providers as opposed to multiple sources for provider licenses. In addition, some billing providers may not have a "state license number" and are "atypical providers." See the TR3s regarding usage of the NPI and identifiers for "providers not eligible for enumeration," i.e. not eligible for assignment of an NPI. (837P 005010X222, page 43; 837I 005010X223, page 41; 837D 005010X224, page 40.)	
Medical Billing and Payment Guide, Chapter 7, 7.4 Miscellaneous (b)	ALTERNATE FORMATS BY AGREEMENT: The mandate allows for stakeholders to agree amongst themselves to use alternative forms or formats to those described in the mandate.  Commenter supports this concept. In some cases strict compliance with the mandate may be unnecessarily difficult or expensive. In those cases alternative forms and/or formats might be more effective and/or efficient ways of exchanging information; while still complying with the spirit of the mandate.	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments	Commenter's support is noted.	None.
Medical Billing	TRADING PARTNER	Andy Tolsma	Commenter's support is noted.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
and Payment Guide, Chapter 7, 7.5 Electronic Bill Attachments	AGREEMENTS: Health care providers, health care facilities and third party billers/assignees choosing to submit their bills electronically must enter into a Trading Partner agreement either directly with the claims administrator or with the clearinghouse that will handle the claims administrator's electronic transactions.	Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments		
	Commenter supports this requirement as a means to document the rights and responsibilities of each participant in the process.			
9792.5.2(c) and 9792.5.3(b)	IMPLEMENTATION: The mandate becomes effective 18 months after adoption.  Commenter fundamentally supports that time table. However, an appropriate alternative might be to iteratively implement the mandate. Initial implementation could include the 837 and NCPDP portion. This might at a reasonable interval be followed by the functional responses and, finally, again at a reasonable interval by the 835 remittance requirement.	Andy Tolsma Director of Product Management Ingenix April 25, 2010 Written Comments	Disagree. The lead time of 18 months is adequate time to implement all portions of electronic billing and remittance including the 837, NCPDP, functional responses and 835. The goal of streamlining billing through electronic transaction requires that the two way communication be done electronically.	None.
9792.5(b)	This section provides that any properly documented bill for treatment which is provided or authorized by the	Kathleen Burrows Claims Operations Manager	<b>Agree in part.</b> Labor Code §4603.2 allows a governmental entity to pay a medical bill within	Add language to \$9792.5 subdivision (b) to

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	treating physician shall be paid within 45 working days.  Discussion Pursuant to LC §4603.2(b)(2), governmental entities are provided 60 working days after receipt of each separate itemization to make payment on a bill. Additionally, within the 2010 Medical Billing and Payment Guide [under section 6.0 (a) Medical Treatment Billing and Payment Requirements for Non-Electronically Submitted Medical Treatment Bills] the Guides acknowledge that payment by government entities shall be paid within 60 working days. By not including the 60 working day language for government entities in proposed section 9792.5(b), unnecessary confusion or penalty payments disputes may arise when a government entity provides payment after 45 working days, but within the 60 working day period.  Recommendation Commenter recommends that this subsection also include the required timeframe for payment by an employer who is a governmental entity and offers the following language:	State Compensation Insurance Fund April 26, 2010 Written Comments	60 working days of receipt rather than 45 working days. <b>Disagree</b> with the suggestion to add language that the provisions of 9792.5 are restricted to billings which are "submitted non-electronically." Although Labor Code §4603.4 has a shorter time frame for payment (15 days) it does not provide an increase or interest for late payment. There is nothing in §4603.4 which would prevent the 15% increase and interest provisions of §4603.2 from applying to an electronically submitted bill if the non-payment continues for the 45 or 60 day time periods set forth in §4603.2. Therefore it is not appropriate to add language restricting the increase and interest to non-electronically submitted bills.	recognize that Labor Code §4603.2 gives governmental entities 60 working days to pay a medical bill.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	(b) Any properly documented bill for medical treatment within the planned			
	course, scope and duration of			
	treatment reported under Section 9785 which is provided or authorized by the			
	treating physician shall be paid by the			
	claims administrator within forty five			
	working days, or sixty working days if			
	the employer is a governmental entity			
	and the billing is submitted non-			
	electronically, from receipt of each			
	separate itemized bill and any required reports, unless the bill is contested, as			
	specified in subdivisions (d), and (e),			
	within thirty working days of receipt			
	of the bill. Any amount not contested			
	within the thirty working days or not			
	paid within the forty five working day			
	period, or sixty working days if the employer is a governmental entity and			
	the billing is submitted non-			
	electronically, shall be increased 15%,			
	and shall carry interest at the same rate			
	as judgments in civil actions			
	retroactive to the date of receipt of the bill.			
9792.5(d)	This section provides that a claims	Kathleen Burrows	Agree.	Add language to
) / ) <u>L.3 (u)</u>	administrator who objects to all or part	Claims Operations	1 Inglies	§9792.5
	of a bill for treatment shall issue an	Manager		subdivisions (b)
	objection within 30 working days after	State Compensation		and (d) to
	receive of the bill and shall pay any	Insurance Fund		recognize that
	uncontested amount within 45	April 26, 2010		Labor Code

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	working days.  Discussion Within the 2010 Medical Billing and Payment Guide [under section 6.0 (b) Medical Treatment Billing and Payment Requirements for Non-Electronically Submitted Medical Treatment Bills, under section 7.2 (b) Penalty and in Appendix B - Standard Explanation of Review], the Guides acknowledge that a claims administrator who objects to all or part of a bill within 30 days working days after the receipt of the bill shall pay the uncontested amount within 60 working days if the employer is a governmental entity.	Written Comments		§4603.2 gives governmental entities 60 working days to pay a medical bill.
	Recommendation Commenter recommends including the timeframe for payment by governmental entities which is 60 working days.  (d) A claims administrator who objects to all or any part of a bill for medical treatment shall notify the physician or other authorized provider of the objection within thirty working days after receipt of the bill and any required report and shall pay any uncontested amount within forty five			

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	working days, or sixty working days if the employer is a governmental entity after receipt of the bill			
9792.5(f)	This subsection states that when a contested charge for medical treatment is determined payable by the appeals board, the payment shall carry interest from the date the amount was due until it is paid.  Discussion  LC Section 4603.2(b)(1)(B) which required the employer to pay interest on contested charges for medical treatment from the due date to the payment date when ordered by the appeals board was repealed by Assembly Bill 1806 in 2006.  Recommendation	Kathleen Burrows Claims Operations Manager State Compensation Insurance Fund April 26, 2010 Written Comments	Agree. Commenter is correct in pointing out that AB 1806, Statutes 2006, Chapter 69 repealed the portion of Labor Code §4603.2 subdivision(b)(1)(B) which allowed the appeals board to award interest on contested bill amounts that were later determined by the appeals board to be payable.	Delete subdivision (f) of §9792.5.
	Commenter recommends deleting this subsection.			
9792.5.0(e)	This subsection defines "Third Party Biller/Assignee" as a person or entity authorized by law and acting under contract as the agent or assignee of a rendering physician, health care provider or healthcare facility to bill and/or collect payment from the responsible payor.  Discussion	Kathleen Burrows Claims Operations Manager State Compensation Insurance Fund April 26, 2010 Written Comments	Agree in part. DWC agrees that a "third party biller" and an "assignee" are legally distinct and that it would be preferable not to have a combined definition.  Disagree that the suggested language would be appropriate. In addition. The Division believes that it would be better to use the term "billing agent" rather than	Modify Section 1.0 Definitions to delete definition of "third party biller" and insert new definitions of assignee and billing agent: "Assignee"
	While the roles of a "Third Party		"third party biller." The division	means a person or entity that has

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	Dillar, and an "Assistant," and similar		has learned that the term "third	manuface of the
	Biller" and an "Assignee" are similar, there is a significant difference			purchased the
			party biller" is sometimes used to	right to payments
	between the two regarding the transfer		refer to someone who is acting	for medical goods or services from
	of rights/benefits to whom payment is		under an assignment of rights; however the division intended the	the health care
	made. If the entity is an "Assignee,"			
	all payments are payable directly to		phrase to cover persons acting as	provider or health
	the assignee, as they have purchased		agents rather than assignees.	care facility and
	the rights to the health care provider's payment of services. If the entity is a		Therefore for clarity a definition of "billing agent" is added and it	is authorized by law to collect
	* *			
	"Third Party Biller," payment is made		replaces "third party biller"	payment from the
	to the health care provider who		throughout the document and the	responsible
	provided the service.		guide and companion guide. A	payor.
	Recommendation		separate definition of "assignee" is	"Billing Agent"
			inserted to improve clarity.	means a person or
	Commenter strongly recommends			entity that has contracted with a
	separating these two terms and offers the following definitions.			health care
	The definition in the Medical Billing			
	and Payment Guides will also need to			provider or health
	<b>3</b>			care facility to
	be updated.			process bills for
	"Third Party Biller/Assignee"			services provided by the health care
	•			provider or health
	means a person or entity authorized by law and acting			1
	under contract as the agent or			care facility. The regulation
	assignee of a rendering			text, and the
	physician, health care provider			Medical Billing
	or healthcare facility to bill			and Payment
	and/or collect payment from			Guide and the
	the responsible payor.			Electonic
	the responsible payor.			
	"Assignee" means a person or			Medical Billing and Payment
	_			Companion
	entity who has purchased the			Companion

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	right to claim payments from the health care provider, and there has been a transfer of rights or benefits between the health care provider and the assignee.  "Third party biller" means a person or entity who is paid by a health care provider to process claims or claim payments on behalf of the health care provider, and that is not an employee, affiliate or subsidiary of the health care provider, and no transfer of rights or benefits has occurred between the health care provider and the third party biller.			Guide are modified throughout to replace the term "third party biller/assignee" with the term "billing agent/assignee."
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 4.0 Third Party Billers/Assignees	Discussion Since payments are paid directly to the assignee, it should be required that an assignee provides documentation that a transfer of rights or benefits between the health care provider and the assignee is in place. Without such documentation, it significantly increases the administrative burden on claims administrators who will be required to create and maintain a database of agent/assignee agreements throughout the bill adjudication	Kathleen Burrows Claims Operations Manager State Compensation Insurance Fund April 26, 2010 Written Comments	Disagree. It would be overly burdensome and inefficient to require each "complete bill" submitted by a billing agent or assignee to include documentation to prove the bill submitter's status as an assignee or billing agent. If the claims administrator is concerned with the bona fides of a billing agent or assignee, it can request additional information. In addition, the issue could be addressed at the time the claims	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	process. There is also the likelihood for payment disputes when the relationship between the principal/assignor and agent/assignee ends and duplicate bills for the same dates of service are received by the claims administrator. This is especially true when receivables are sold multiple times to different assignees.  Recommendation  Commenter recommends requiring that assignees provide documentation of their assignment with each billing and offers the following language:  (c) an assignees shall submit with each bill documentation verifying the transfer of ownership rights between the health care provider and the assignee.		administrator and bill submitter enter into a trading partner agreement. The current national electronic 5010 standards being adopted do not specifically identify billing agents or assignees. The Division understands that the new 6020 format, which has not yet been adopted as a HIPAA standard, will allow a greater level of identification of clearinghouses, billing agents, etc.	
Medical Billing and Payment Guide – 7.3 – Electronic Bill Attachments	Discussion The attachment submission methods under section (d)(3) indicates that attachments may be submitted via email. Since these attachments may include medical reports and unsecured 'e-mail' generally passes through multiple non-secure servers that can be intercepted or compromised, attachments submitted via e-mail should be submitted via secure e-mail	Kathleen Burrows Claims Operations Manager State Compensation Insurance Fund April 26, 2010 Written Comments	Agree in part. Agree with commenter's suggestion that the email of attachments should be done in a secure manner.  However, disagree that the regulation should specify "secure file," as this is too ambiguous and the regulations specify that "Other methods of transmission may be mutually agreed upon by the parties."	Modify California Division of Workers' Compensation Medical Billing and Payment Guide, 2010, 7.3(d)(3) to specify that email attachments must

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	Recommendation To ensure confidentiality and data integrity, commenter recommends specifying that attachments may be submitted via secure email or a secure file transfer process and offers the following language. The "Electronic Medical Billing and Payment Companion Guide" under 2.11 will also require updating.  (3) Secure E-mail or secure file.			be encrypted email.
Medical Billing and Payment Guide – Appendices for Section One	Clarification is requested regarding the data fields for Professional (CMS 1500) and Institutional (UB04) billing requirements. The following comments also apply to the 'California Electronic Medical Billing and Payment Companion Guide.'  CMS 1500:  Change Box #32 requirement status to "R – required" information and Box #32b instructions to: required information (state license number) if entity is a licensed health care provider.	Kathleen Burrows Claims Operations Manager State Compensation Insurance Fund April 26, 2010 Written Comments	Agree. Box 32 should be required so that every billing using the Form 1500 will indicate where the services were performed.	Change the "California Workers' Compensation Instructions" column to indicate "R" rather than "S."
	There is no current requirement to		<b>Disagree.</b> The NUCC 1500 Health	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS				
	provide information on medical bills for a supervising physician when a physician assistant (PA) or nurse practitioner (NP) renders the service. When the rendering vendor is a PA or NP, State Fund recommends including the name of the physician, license number, and NPI on the bill. This will assist claims administrators and bill reviewers to recognize that the PA and NP are under the supervision of an authorized vendor which will help to expedite the authorization and processing of a medical bill.		Insurance Claim Form Reference Instruction Manual has definitions of billing provider, rendering provider, and supervising provider, and instructions for entering the information into various fields. The commenter has not demonstrated any workers' compensation – related reason to diverge from the national standard instructions.	
	o Add instructions to Box #31 with Note: provide supervising physician's name when services are rendered by PA or NP.		Disagree that instructions are needed on the Box 31 "Signature of Physician or Supplier" relating to PAs or NPs as commenter has not shown a need for further instruction specifically related to PAs and NPs as opposed to other providers. However, reexamination of Box 31 and the NUCC Instruction Manual has lead to the decision to modify the Workers' Compensation Requirement to Optional rather than Required. The signature block refers to the reverse of the form, which does not relate to workers' compensation. In addition, there is	Modify 1.1 Field Table CMS 1500, Field 31 "Workers' Compensation Requirement" column to delete "R" and insert "O."

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS			no statutory requirement that bills be signed by the physician or provider. Moreover, the electronic 837 Professional TR3 does not utilize a signature. Therefore, the Field 31 signature should be an optional field.	
	<ul> <li>UB 04</li> <li>Change Box #56 instructions to:         NPI required for all health care facilities.     </li> </ul>		Agree in part. Agree that the instructions should clarify what circumstances give rise to "situational" being a required data element. If the provider is eligible for an NPI, the NPI becomes a mandatory data element.	Add language to 2.1 Field Table UB 04 Box 56 to specify that the NPI is a required data element if the provider is eligible for an NPI.
	Change Box #57 instructions to: Enter hospital's Medicare ID Number when services were for inpatient procedures.		Agree that the hospital's Medicare ID # must be provided since 8 CCR §9789.22(d) requires the Medicare ID # to determine inpatient hospital reimbursement. In addition, hospital outpatient department reimbursement utilizes the Medicare ID #.	Modify 2.1 Field Table UB-04, page 26, Form location 57 instructions to provide that the situational data element becomes required if the billing provider has a Medicare Provider ID Number. For facilities without

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Billing and Payment Guide, 7.1(b)	Commenter objects to the following mandate:  "payment for medical treatment provided or authorized by the treating physician shall be paid within 15 days of electronic receipt of the billing for services at or below the fees set forth in the official medical fee schedule."  The 15 day payment period is not a	Mary Jo Castruccio Assistant Risk Manager - Workers' Compensation Contra Costa County April 26, 2010 Written Comment and Oral Comment	Disagree. The 15-day time period for payment of electronically submitted bills is a statutory mandate. The Legislature has implicitly determined that 15 days is an adequate period to perform bill review, issue payment etc. An employer is free to create the capacity in house or to contract with a clearinghouse to carry out the payment functions. The DWC	a Medicare Provider ID Number it is required to provide the State License Number. None.
	realistic allocation of time given the fact that the bill review provider needs sufficient time to review the bills even if they are electronically transmitted. Currently, commenter's organization is able to make payment to medical providers within the 60 working days allowed public agencies by statute. However, to meet the new 15 day period will significantly impact their operation.  Commenter disagrees with the Division's assertion that there will be no fiscal impact on public agencies. Commenter opines that her agency		Disagree. The commenter points out the costs of adopting electronic billing, but has not examined the savings to be realized. The DWC	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
BILLING	45 DAT COMMENT PERIOD	AFFILIATION		
REGULATIONS				
	will bear the added cost to purchase		has evaluated the economic impact	
	PGP key software in order to receive		on employers and believes that	
	the medical bill images. There will be		there will be a net savings from	
	added costs to have their workers'		electronic billing. In addition, the	
	compensation claims software		commenter has not suggested any	
	provider either write a program or		methods of reducing the cost	
	develop a module to receive the		impacts that are within the	
	images electronically. Additionally,		statutory parameters.	
	the bill review provider may need to			
	increase personnel in order to review			
	the bills at a faster pace than is			
	currently required. As a result, her			
	agency will be charged for any			
	enhancement. Commenter believes			
	that this regulation will require her			
	agency to increase the days taken to			
	process medical payments which may			
	impact claims adjusting and clerical			
	staff. Commenter states that her			
	agency does not have the luxury of			
	being able to add much needed human			
	resources to fulfill the legal			
	expectations these proposed			
	regulations impose. As a public			
	agency, they are unable to pass			
	increased costs on to their "customers"			
	like a private employer may do.			
	Commenter opines that using SCIF as			
	representative of a large public entity			
	is comparing apples to oranges. SCIF			
	is a <i>quasi-public agency</i> and is an			
	insurance company. They are			
	financed by written premium which is			

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	significantly different from a fully, publicly funded employer, like cities, counties, school districts, who are self-administered.			
	Commenter requests that reconsideration be given to allow public entities to receive e-billing on an optional basis. In the alternative, commenter requests that more time be allowed for them to make payment. Commenter believes it more reasonable that payment could be made within 30 days of electronic receipt.		Disagree. Commenter is suggesting changes that are in conflict with Labor Code §4603.4 which requires all employers to accept electronic bills and which requires all payers to pay within 15 days of receipt of a complete bill.	None.
Medical Billing and Payment Guide, 7.1(b)	Commenter objects to the mandate to payment for services within 15 days of electronic receipt of the billing. Commenter does not believe that this is a realistic payment deadline considering all of the things that have to occur between receipt of the bill and issuance of a check. Currently, the time limit for payment to medical providers is 60 working days. Commenter opines that shortening this to 15 days will significantly impact her employer's operation and cost money.	Janet Selby Workers' Compensation Manager Municipal Pooling Authority April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. See response above to comment of Mary Jo Castruccio Assistant Risk Manager - Workers' Compensation Contra Costa County April 26, 2010.	None.
	Commenter's agency is small and will bear the cost of either setting up a secure process in house to receive		<b>Disagree</b> with the implication that the small size of the agency is a ground for altering the payment	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	electronic billings or will have to contract with an outside provider to receive its behalf at a cost.		timeframe. All employers, large and small, are required by the statute to meet the 15 day payment deadline and will have to decide whether to handle bills in house or contract with an outside provider.	
	Commenter opines that their bill review provider may need to increase personnel in order to review the bills at a faster pace than is currently required and the agency will be charged for any enhancement needed.		Disagree. Commenter is speculating about increased bill review costs, but has not submitted evidence to support the speculation. Even if there were increased costs, commenter does not evaluate the counterbalancing efficiencies that lead to savings.	None.
	Commenter states that this regulation will require the processing of medical payments more frequently than currently performed, adding workload to existing claims staff. Payments cannot be generated until after the bill review process has occurred. In addition, checks over a certain amount have a specific check signing process that can take several days. Considering the 15 day deadline, commenter's agency will have to process payments more often, possibly every day, to ensure this deadline is met. This will add to their workload.		Disagree. The statute requires payment in 15 working days for electronic bills instead of the current 45 working days (or 60 working days for governmental agencies), which evidences the Legislature's intention that bills be paid faster. It can be inferred that this would necessitate some adjustments in payment processing and check issuance. The need to make changes does not alter the statutory requirement for payment within 15 days.	None.
	In addition, the 15% penalty for late		<b>Disagree.</b> The regulations apply	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	payment regardless of the reason is a burden to their members. As a public agency, any cost increases are passed on to our cities, adding to their budget deficit problems. Commenter opines that this is taxpayer money be spent on a process that does not benefit public agencies.		the 15% "penalty" only where payment delay under Labor Code \$4603.4 continues for the period specified in Labor Code \$4603.2, 45 working days or 60 working days. Long before the electronic billing statute was enacted the Legislature determined that late paid bills which were not objected to should carry a 15% increase and interest. Labor Code \$4603.2 does not distinguish between public and private employers in this regard – both are subject to the 15% increase and interest. The regulations do not alter this legislative determination of the appropriate deterrent for late payment of bills. An employer can avoid the penalty and interest by paying and objecting to bills in a timely manner.	
	Commenter requests that reconsideration be given to allow public entities to receive e-billing on an optional basis based on an analysis of the cost involved. In the alternative, commenter requests that more time be allowed to make payment. Commenter states that payment within 30 days of electronic receipt is more reasonable, and still		<b>Disagree.</b> See response above to comment of Mary Jo Castruccio Assistant Risk Manager - Workers' Compensation	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS				
	idea in continue to manuidane			
General Comment	provides incentive to providers.  Commenter acknowledges that the purpose of these proposed regulations are to accelerate standardization of workers' compensation medical payment transactions and increase usage of electronic transactions as required by state legislation that amends CA Labor Code Section 4603.4. Commenter states that the proposed regulations will bring greater efficiency, standardization and measurable cost savings to the State of California.	Miriam Paramore Senior Vice President Clinical & Government Services Emdeon, Inc. April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree.	None.
	California's efforts to align workers' compensation transactions with HIPAA will help to create greater overall consistency in medical billing practices, thus relieving administrative and cost burdens for providers and payers alike. Even though the regulation does not require compliance with version 5010 at this time, implementation of 4010 standards will help all stakeholders move towards a higher level of standardization and efficiency.		Agree in part. Agree that the effort to align workers' compensation transactions with HIPAA will be beneficial and reduce administrative burdens. DWC appreciates the commenter's suggestion that moving to 4010 will help move to higher level of standardization and efficiency even though the proposal does not mandate 5010. However, the DWC has determined that it should mandate the 5010 standards and bypass the 4010 standards since the 5010 will be a mandatory HIPAA standard as of January 1, 2012. It would be wasteful to require the 4010 standards which	The regulation text and the Medical Billing and Payment Guide and the Electronic Medical Billing and Payment Companion Guide will be modified to reflect the 5010 standards rather than the 4010 standards.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	Commenter strongly supports efforts to achieve savings through administrative simplification, and has worked to help raise awareness of potential savings at the national level by automating the most basic healthcare transactions. In 2008, the company founded the U.S. Healthcare Efficiency Index® (USHEI), an industry forum for measuring the transition from a manual- and paper-based healthcare system to an electronic one. The first phase of the USHEI identified nearly \$30 billion per year in estimated potential savings if five basic medical claims-related transactions were fully automated (eligibility, claims submission, claims status, remittance advice and payment). Later phases of the USHEI will examine other segments, including workers' compensation.		will be superseded by the 5010 standards very soon.  DWC notes the support to achieve savings through administrative simplification.	
Medical Billing and Payment Guide, 7.1(b)	Commenter is concerned about the time allowed from receipt of the billing to payment. Commenter states that a large number of small local agencies have constitutional and or charter obligation that require their boards to approve payments over a specific level. Often these boards only meet biweekly or once a month. For	Mark Ferguson Claims Administrator REMIF April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree that regulations should provide a 60 day payment period for public agencies to pay electronically submitted bills. The statute provides 15 working days to pay electronically submitted bills and does not provide a longer time frame for public agencies. The DWC does not have discretion	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
General Question – Comments on Regulations	this reason, public agencies currently have 60 days to pay medical bills.  Commenter opines that under this proposal, it would be fiscally impossible to receive a bill, have it go thought the necessary approval process and make a payment without being penalized. Commenter requests that the proposed regulations be amended to allow public agencies to maintain the current 60 day period.  Commenter inquires if the Division will be publishing a document that outlines all written and public comments received related to the proposed guide? If so, will those be posted on the <a href="https://www.dir.ca.gov">www.dir.ca.gov</a> site? Is there a targeted timeline for publishing?	Leslie White Manager Product Team StrataCare, LLC April 26, 2010 Written Comment	to alter this payment period. Absent a legislative change, public agencies may need to alter their procedures to meet the statutory time frame. If there is a legal impediment to paying large bills within 15 days due to constitutional or charter obligations to obtain board approval for payment the governmental agency could issue a notice explaining the legal justification for the delay.  In accordance with Government Code \$11346.9(a)(3), the DWC will be publishing the summary of written comments and oral comments made at the public hearing as part of the Final Statement of Reasons (FSOR) upon completion of the	DWC will compile a summary of comments and responses to comments and will publish it as part of the FSOR.
General Question – References to ANSI 4010 and NCPDP 5.1 versions	Commenter is concerned with using the current versions because there is a federal mandate for the industry moving to ANSI 5010 and NCPDP D.O effective 1/1/2012. Commenter opines that if the proposed CA rules are adopted and the implementation timeline is 18 months after, that will most likely overlap with the federal mandate of 1/1/2012. If this is the case, commenter asks what are the	Leslie White Manager Product Team StrataCare, LLC April 26, 2010 Written Comment	rulemaking action.  Agree. The 5010 implementation guides and the NCPDP D.0 will be mandatory HIPAA standards by the time the regulations are effective. The DWC should adopt the 5010 and NCPDP D.0 rather than the 4010 and NCPDP version 5.1.	Revise the regulation text and the Electronic Medical Billing and Payment Companion Guide to adopt the 5010 and NCPDP D.0.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
BILLING REGULATIONS				
	plans for CA to create a revised			
	Medical Billing and Payment Guide			
	that will correctly reference the ANSI 5010 and NCPDP D.0? Will the			
	timing of a revision to the Guide be in			
	place and adopted prior the 1/1/2012			
	deadline?			
General – ICD-9	Commenter is concerned with using	Leslie White	Agree that the proposed 4010	Modify the
coding	the current version because there is a	Manager Product	transaction sets will not be	proposal to utilize
	federal mandate for the industry to	Team	compatible with the ICD-10. The	the 5010 TR3s
	utilize ICD-10 coding effective	StrataCare, LLC	Division is aware that the ICD-10	instead of the
	10/1/2013. Revisions to the Medical	April 26, 2010	coding will become HIPAA	4010 transaction
	Billing and Payment Guide will need	Written Comment	mandated coding on October 1,	sets.
	to be made as ICD-10 comes into		2013. The 5010 TR3 formats	
	effect. Commenter would like to know		accommodate the ICD-10, therefore as ICD-10 becomes	
	the division's plans for creating this revision along with the timing of when		adopted into the various fee	
	this should be adopted in order to meet		schedules there will not be a need	
	the federal deadline.		to alter the electronic billing	
	the reactur academic.		formats.	
Medical Billing &	This section indicates that balance	Leslie White	Agree that further clarification	Add clarifying
Payment Guide –	forward billing is not permissible.	Manager Product	would be helpful regarding	language to 5.0
Section One –	Commenter would like additional	Team	"balance forward billing." The	(c) to include a
5.0(c)	clarification for the definition of	StrataCare, LLC	definition will be expanded to	broader definition
	"balance forward billing". If a bill is	April 26, 2010	include a "summary of	of balance
	submitted that contains one line item	Written Comment	accumulated unpaid balances." In	forward billing.
	that has previously been submitted and		addition, the Division agrees that it	Add language
	a line item for a new charge is that		would be helpful to explain how	indicating that a
	considered "balance forward billing"?		the balance forward bill can be	balance forward
	What are the carriers' options for		handled, so language will be added	billing may be
	handling such a bill? Will carriers be allowed to reject the bill? Or deny the		to specify that a balance forward bill may be rejected, and a DWC	rejected until a bill is submitted
	bill with an explanation code that		Bill Adjustment Reason Code will	that does not
	om wim an explanation code that		Din Aujustinent Reason Code will	mai does not

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	illustrates it is a balance forward bill? If the bill was submitted via paper, can carriers send the bill back to the health care provider with a letter explaining that it is a balance forward bill? Commenter opines that it would be helpful to have example scenarios from the DWC to help illustrate the process and options available.		be added for the claims administrator to use to communicate rejection of a balance forward bill.	carry over previous charges/ Add reference to DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Code G56 and CARC 18 to communicate rejection of a balance forward bill and add clarifying language to G56.
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – Section One – 5.0(d)	This section indicates that a health care provider cannot submit a bill via paper and electronic means. If this scenario occurs, should a carrier send the 2 <sup>nd</sup> bill back to the health care provider? Or should they deny the charges with a specific explanation code that illustrates this is not allowed? Commenter opines that this item will most likely cause exception workflow issues for carriers as it would be a manual determination as to whether the 2 <sup>nd</sup> bill had already been submitted, and if so, whether both bills were received via paper or electronic or a combination of those.	Leslie White Manager Product Team StrataCare, LLC April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree that the provision prohibiting a billing from being submitted in paper and electronic form will give rise to problems. This provision prohibits a particular kind of "duplicate bill." A claims administrator can use the DWC bill adjustment reason code G56 or the CARC 18 to reject a duplicate bill.	None.
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – Section One –	This section indicates that denials to all or any part of a bill must occur within 30 days of receipt; however	Leslie White Manager Product Team	<b>Disagree</b> that the language is susceptible to the interpretation suggested by the commenter. The	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
6.0(a) and (b)	payments must be made within 45 days of receipt. If a bill has two line items and one is being paid and the other being denied, does this fall within the 45 day timeframe or the 30 day timeframe? One could argue that it falls within the 45 day timeframe as a payment is being made on the bill, but not necessarily on each line item. Commenter requests that the division provide scenario examples and clarification.	StrataCare, LLC April 26, 2010 Written Comment	language of Section 6.0 (b) states in pertinent part that a "claims administrator who objects to all or any part of a bill for medical treatment shall notify the health care providerwithin 30 working days after receipt of the bill and any required report or supporting documentationand shall pay any uncontested amount within 45 working days after receipt of the bill" The language goes on to provide that if a required report or supporting documentation is not received with the bill the claims administrator shall notify the provider within 30 days of receipt of the bill. The language parallels the language of the statute, Labor Code §4603.2. It is clear that the claims administrator must send objection and/or notification of missing reports within 30 working days and pay undisputed amounts within 45 working days. In addition, DWC is not aware of "scenario examples" that would be helpful in relation to these sections.	
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – Section One – 7.1(b)	The first sentence states that payment shall be made by employer within 15 working days of electronic receipt.  Commenter seeks verification if it	Leslie White Manager Product Team StrataCare, LLC	Agree that the claims administrator shall make the payment. The Labor Code requires <i>the employer</i> to provide medical	Modify the language in section 7.1 subdivision (b) to

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS				
	would actually be the carrier or claims administrator versus the employer.	April 26, 2010 Written Comment	treatment (Labor Code §4600) and pay electronically submitted bills (Labor Code §4603.4). However, these employer responsibilities are carried out through the claims administrator (which could be the employer itself, or its insurer or a third party administrator.) The other subdivisions of section 7.01 refer to "claims administrator" and it would be appropriate for subdivision (b) to refer to "claims administrator" also.	substitute "claims administrator" for "employer."
	Commenter opines that instituting a 15 working day turnaround time will cause a burden on claims administrators. There are many workflow processes that a bill follows once a clean bill has been received by a carrier or its bill review agent. Bills can go through a number of steps including data element editing, second and tertiary level reviews, routing to various PPO networks, etc. 15 days is very aggressive and carriers will be held to that even though they have little control over other 3 <sup>rd</sup> parties' turnaround time (example Pend & Transmit processing). Commenter strongly suggests that the DWC consider extending this timeframe to one that is reasonably achievable for		Disagree. See response above to Mary Jo Castruccio Assistant Risk Manager - Workers' Compensation Contra Costa County April 26, 2010	None.

ELECTRONIC AND	RULEMAKING COMMENTS	NAME OF PERSON/	RESPONSE	ACTION
STANDARDIZED BILLING	45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	AFFILIATION		
REGULATIONS				
	carriers.			
Electronic Medical	Commenter states that these chapters	Leslie White	<b>Agree in part.</b> Agree that the time	Modify the
Billing & Payment	indicate that if claim number is	Manager Product	frame for payment should be	Medical Billing
Companion Guide	Unknown or not provided that carriers	Team	clarified for the situation where an	and Payment
Chapter 9 – 9.2	will have a 5 day period in which to	StrataCare, LLC	electronically submitted bill is	Guide, Chapter 7,
	attempt to locate the appropriate claim	April 26, 2010	placed in pending status for up to	section 7.1 to
	number, or return the bill to the health	Written Comment	five days for a missing attachment	clarify the
	care provider. If the carrier is able to		or claim number. The DWC's	acknowledgment
	locate or establish the appropriate		intent is that the electronic bill will	and payment time
	claim number within the 5 day period		be paid or objected to within 15	frames where the
	and proceed to the adjudication		days of receipt of the bill. The	bill is put in
	process, at which day does the 15 day		"pending" period suspends the 15	pending status.
	turnaround time begin? Does the clock		day timeframe during the period	Modify Chapter 9
	begin to tick after the 5 day pend		that the bill is pending, but upon	of the Companion
	period, or on the first date of		matching the claim number, or	Guide to cross
	electronic receipt? Commenter		receiving an attachment, the	reference the
	requests that the Division provide		timeframe resumes. The 15 days	Medical Billing
	clarification. If a carrier pends a bill		do not begin anew. This will be	and Payment
	for up to 5 days and then pays/denies		clarified in the Medical Billing and	Guide Chapter 7.
	the bill within 15 days afterward, it		Payment Guide, section 7.1	
	could appear to the DWC that the bill		Timeframes, and also in the	
	was paid late. Commenter questions		Electronic Medical Billing &	
	what are the carriers' options for defending this type of scenario if it		Payment Companion Guide, Chapter 9.	
	were to come up in a DWC audit?		Chapter 9.	
	How will the DWC monitor this			
	scenario that would potentially fall			
	outside of the 15 day turnaround time?			
Electronic Medical	Commenter states that this guide does	Leslie White	Agree that the guide does not	None.
Billing & Payment	not clearly indicate the process for	Manager Product	govern the process by which a	1,0110.
Companion Guide	selection of clearinghouse vendors	Team	provider or claims administrator	
<ul><li>Clearing houses</li></ul>	either from a carrier or health care	StrataCare, LLC	may select a clearinghouse. A	
	provider perspective. Commenter	April 26, 2010	health provider or claims	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	asks if the reason for this is that the selection of a clearinghouse vendor is to be considered a coordinated effort between these two parties and falls outside of the DWC realm?	Written Comment	administrator is free to handle its billing or payment obligations in house or through a clearinghouse or other agent and may enter contracts for services. There is no necessity to regulate the selection of a clearinghouse.	
Electronic Medical Billing & Payment Companion Guide Chapter 1, 1.2; 9792.5.3	Commenter notes that these proposed rules mandate that all payers must accept electronic bills within a specified timeframe while making the use of electronic billing voluntary for providers. Commenter opines that this will create inefficiencies and compliance burdens for payers, who will be required to maintain dual processes for receiving and processing both paper and electronic bills. While mandatory electronic billing may arguably create some difficulties for providers who do not see a significant volume of workers' compensation patients, commenter suggests that most providers already utilize electronic billing for other types of payment systems, so the burden should not be as great as some would suggest. It would not seem unreasonable to require electronic billing, at least for the majority of providers, within a reasonable time frame.	Harry J. Monroe, Jr. Director, Government Relations – Workers' Compensation Services Coventry Health Care April 26, 2010 Written Comment	See response above to comment by Susan Leonardi, Senior Application Business Analyst Mitchell International April 23, 2010	None.
Medical Billing &	Commenter states that this section	Harry J. Monroe, Jr.	Agree in part. Agree that the	Modify the

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
BILLING	45 DAT COMMENT PERIOD	AFFILIATION		
REGULATIONS				
Payment Guide –	provides reimbursement for	Director, Government	ne cycletions should address the	Madical Dillina
	1 *	Relations – Workers'	regulations should address the situation where there is a need to	Medical Billing
Section 7.1(b)	electronically submitted bills must be			& Payment
	made within 15 working days of	Compensation Services	conduct a retrospective utilization	Guide, to add a
	receipt of the bill. Commenter opines		review which is allowed under	new DWC Bill
	that this time frame will create	Coventry Health Care	Labor Code §4610. For	Adjustment
	significant burdens for bills that	April 26, 2010	retrospective review, the claims	Reason Code G72
	require special review – for example,	Written Comment	administrator is allowed 30 days	(Charge being
	bills that need to be further reviewed		from receipt of information that is	submitted for
	to determine whether services		reasonably necessary to make the	Retrospective
	provided were medically necessary in		determination of medical	Review) and
	accordance with state requirements.		necessity. There is a DWC Bill	combination of
	Commenter requests that the Division		Adjustment Reason Code G71 that	CARC 15 (The
	either clarify that payers can comply		communicates a denial during a	authorization
	by issuing an interim explanation of		retrospective utilization review,	number is
	review that would allow for an		and CARC 216 that states an	missing, invalid,
	extended reimbursement time frame		adjustment is "Based on findings	or does not apply
	or, alternatively, extend the time frame		of a review organization."	to the billed
	for all electronically submitted bills.		However, it will improve	service) and
			communication to adopt an	RARC N175
			addtional DWC Bill Adjustment	(Missing review
			Reason Code (new G72) that	organization
			explains that the billing is in the	approval.) which
			process of utilization review. The	correlates to G72.
			corollary CARC 15 and RARC	Medical Billing
			N175 combination is included in	and Payment
			the chart for use in electronic	Guide, Appendix
			transactions. Since the payment or	B, Table 1.0.
			objection to an electronic bill must	
			be made within 15 days of receipt	
			of the complete billing, the new	
			G72 code and corollary CARC 15	
			and RARC N175 will be	
			particularly useful since the statute	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS				
			allows 30 days to complete the	
			retrospective review.	
			<b>Disagree</b> that the timeframe	
			should be extended for all	
			electronically submitted bills since	
			this would violate the electronic	
			billing statute, Labor Code	
9792.5.0(c) -	Commenter points out that this section	Alissen Korsgard,	§4603.4.  Agree in part. Labor Code	Modify
Definitions	includes usage of the term "good or	CPC – National	§4603.4 refers to "medical	\$9792.5.0(c) to
Definitions	services" in the definition of "health	Compliance	services" and "medical bills."	include reference
	care provider". This term is overly	Specialist – Bill	There is no definition of this in	to Labor Code
	broad and needs clarification. For	Review Department	that section, but it would be	§4600.
	example are the goods and services	Zenith Insurance	helpful to refer to Labor Code	· ·
	limited to medical treatment and	April 26, 2010	§4600 which sets out the	
	durable medical equipment, or is the	Written Comment	employer's obligation to pay for	
	intent to include translation services		various types of medical treatment	
	and other non-medical services in this		and services. The 5010 TR3s can	
	definition. Clarify the definition to		accommodate billing from	
	limit it to medical treatment and other		"atypical providers."	
	medical services if that is the intent, or		"1.10.1 Providers who are Not	
	in the alternative, provide a definition		Eligible for Enumeration	
	of "goods and services".		Atypical providers are service	
			providers that do not meet the	
			definition of health care provider.  Examples include taxi drivers,	
			carpenters, personal care	
			providers, etc. Although they are	
			not eligible to receive an NPI,	
			these providers perform services	
			that are reimbursed by some health	
			plans. As a result, this	
			implementation guide has been	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Bill & Payment Guide – Section 3.0(b)(3)	Commenter recommends that this subdivision be modified to permit claims administrators to input data for certain blank fields on a submitted bill to expedite the billing process. For example, a bill may be submitted with all appropriate information but be missing one required field that the claims administrator already has in its system because a prior bill was submitted that included the missing data element. Commenter supports making this a permissible practice, but not mandatory. Proposed language is set forth below in bold print.  (b) To be complete a submission must consist of the following:	Alissen Korsgard, CPC – National Compliance Specialist – Bill Review Department Zenith Insurance April 26, 2010 Written Comment	enhanced to accommodate both the NPI (to identify health care providers) and proprietary identifiers (to identify atypical/non-health care providers)." 837P, page 42.  Although the mandatory medical billing rules apply to health providers and facilities, billing by atypical providers in electronic format could be addressed by the parties to a trading partner agreement.  Agree. The suggestion to allow, but not require, the claims administrator to supply missing data elements could help expedite payment.	Modify the Medical Billing & Payment Guide 3.0(b)(3) to add the language suggested by the commenter.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Bill & Payment Guide – Section 3.0(c)(2) and (3)	(3) The uniform billing form/format must be filled out according to the requirements specified for each format in Appendix A and/or the Companion Guide. Nothing in this paragraph precludes the claims administrator from populating missing information fields if the claims administrator has previously received the missing information.  Commenter proposes that language be added to make it clear that any narrative report be appropriately titled as required by Title 8 CCR 9785. See proposed language in bold below:  (c) All required reports and supporting documentation must be submitted as follows:  (2) A PR-2 report or its appropriately titled narrative equivalent must be submitted when the bill is for Evaluation and Management services and a PR-2 report is required under Title 8, California Code of Regulations section 9785.	Alissen Korsgard, CPC – National Compliance Specialist – Bill Review Department Zenith Insurance April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. A "narrative" equivalent to the PR-2 form is already defined in 8 CCR §9785(f)(8), and includes various requirements in addition to the title. It could be confusing to insert the phrase "appropriately titled narrative equivalent" since that does not encompass all the requirements in the reporting regulation for a narrative PR-2. In regard to the PR-3 and PR-4, the reporting regulation provides that when the employee's condition becomes permanent and stationary, the physician shall report within 20 days and states that "the information may be submitted on the [Form PR-3 or PR-4] or in	None.
	(3) A PR-3, PR-4 or their		such other manner which provides	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Billing &	appropriately titled narrative equivalent must be submitted when the bill is for Evaluation and Management services and the injured worker's condition has be declared permanent and stationary with permanent disability or a need for future medical care. (Use of Modifier – 17)  Commenter proposes that the	Alissen Korsgard,	all the information required by Title 8, California Code of Regulations, section 10606." There is no requirement in relation to the title of the report and it would be confusing to insert the phrase "appropriately titled" into the billing regulations.  Disagree. The language proposed	Delete modifiers
Payment Guide – Section 3.0(c)(5)	language in this subsection be made less restrictive so that a report is received any time a modifier is used that alters payment. This way, claims administrators will receive the explanation and supporting documentation for use of the modifier at the time the bill is submitted. The proposed language is noted by bold font and is underscored.  (5) A report must be submitted any time when the provider uses a the following Modifiers that increases or decreases reimbursement. —19,—21,—22,—23 and—25.	CPC – National Compliance Specialist – Bill Review Department Zenith Insurance April 26, 2010 Written Comment	by commenter is ambiguous and it is not clear what necessity there is for adding the proposed language. What is meant by "increases or decreases reimbursement"? Modifiers often play a role in determining the calculation of the reimbursement, but it could engender disputes to have providers and payers determining whether the modifier "increases or decreases reimbursement" or merely describes a circumstance that determines the payment amount. For example, modifier 80 assistant surgeon means the physician will receive 20% of the listed reimbursement. Does this fall within the rubric of "increase or decrease" or is it just the methodology for determining the assistant physician fee? In addition, it is not clear that there is	19 and 21 from the listing in Section 3.0(c)(5).

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
			necessity for a requirement of a report whenever a modifier "increases or decreases reimbursement." Operative reports are already required for surgery; Doctor's First Report of Injury 5021, PR-2, Pr-3 or PR-4 are already required where they are needed to support an Evaluation and Management Code, and reports are required for all "By Report" billing. DWC believes it is clearer and more appropriate to list specific modifiers requiring a report and disagrees with the suggestion to delete the listing. However, two of the modifiers suggested for deletion (19 and 21) should be deleted as they no longer exist.	
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – Section 3.0(c)(9), (10), (11)	Commenter recommends that a new item be added to require that the anesthesia record be provided when billing for anesthesia. Proposed modification set forth below in bold type.  (9) The anesthesia record is required when the bill is for anesthesia services.  (9)(10) An invoice or other proof of documented paid costs must be provided when required for	Alissen Korsgard, CPC – National Compliance Specialist – Bill Review Department Zenith Insurance April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. The CMS Form 1500, Field 24 allows for indication of anesthesia time. (See the NUCC 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form Reference Instruction Manual for Form Version 08/05, July 2010, page 44.) If the claims administrator needs further documentation it may request additional appropriate information.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	reimbursement.  (10)(11) Appropriate additional information reasonably requested by the claims administrator or its agent to support a billed code when the request was made prior to submission of the billing. Supporting documentation should be sufficient to support the level of service or code that has been billed.  (11)(12) Written authorization for services shall be provided where one was given.			
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – Section 3.0(d)	Commenter points out that the word "supporting" is misspelled.	Alissen Korsgard, CPC – National Compliance Specialist – Bill Review Department Zenith Insurance April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree.	Typographical error will be corrected.
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – Section 5.0(a)	Commenter points out that under this subsection the language states that duplicate bills shall include "all the same information." Box 31 requires a billing date, which could be different depending on the date the bill is submitted. This becomes problematic for claims administrators, because technically if the billing date is different, then the information is not "all the same" and bill cannot be considered a duplicate. Commenter	Alissen Korsgard, CPC – National Compliance Specialist – Bill Review Department Zenith Insurance April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree. The DWC agrees that a "duplicate bill" may have a different billing date than the original bill, and is still a "duplicate" if all other information is the same. The point of designating something as a "duplicate" is to make sure it is clear the same substantive bill for services has previously been submitted. In addition, DWC agrees that it would be useful to	Modify the language of 5.0(a) to clarify that a duplicate bill may have a new billing date and also add a definition of "duplicate bill" to Section One – Business Rules, 1.0 Standardized

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	would like this to be clarified so that "all the same information" means all information except the billing date for the services. Commenter has experienced this issue in other states and therefore believes it is important to include this clarification.		add the definition of duplicate bill to the Section One definitions.	Billing/Electronic Billing Definitions.
	Commenter recommends that a definition be provided for the term "duplicate bill" and that the definition be added to the definitions section.			
Medical Bill & Payment Guide – Section 5.0(c)	Commenter recommends adding a definition of "balance forward bills" to the definitions section.	Alissen Korsgard, CPC – National Compliance Specialist – Bill Review Department Zenith Insurance April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree. See response to same comment made by Leslie White, Manager Product Team, StrataCare, LLC, April 26, 2010.	See action described above in relation to comment by Ms. White of StrataCare.
Medical Bill & Payment Guide – Section 7.0(b)	Commenter has previously stated that the 15 day period to make payment on a billing is aggressive. Commenter understands that this is statutory but believes this still needs to be addressed due to the cost and burden of complying with such an aggressive turn around period. Commenter continues to support a 30 day period for electronic transactions and therefore has retained this comment although she understands the requested change cannot be made at	Alissen Korsgard, CPC – National Compliance Specialist – Bill Review Department Zenith Insurance April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree that the requirement to pay within 15 working days is a statutory requirement that cannot be changed by regulation.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	this time.			
9792.5	Commenter recommends addressing all changes contemplated to this section in a single rulemaking.  Discussion  The DWC posted on the DWC Forum section of its web site other changes it drafted for §9792.5 and solicited informal comment from the public on those changes. Those draft changes are not included in these proposed modifications. Addressing any and all changes to this section in one rulemaking will avoid the confusion, disruption and unnecessary expense that otherwise will be generated by adopting two separate changes to this section within a short period of time.	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree in part. Agree that it would be best to make all changes to section 9792.5 in one rulemaking action unless there is a particular reason to separate some items in a separate rulemaking. DWC has incorporated the changes into the section that are believed to be appropriate at this time. Commenter has not set forth a description of "changes [that] are not included in these proposed modifications" and the DWC is not aware of what commenter is referring to.	None.
9792.5 – Recommend Effective Date	Commenter recommends the following change:  This section is applicable to medical treatment rendered between April 18, 2004 and before XXXX, 2010 [approximately 90 days after the effective date of this regulation].  Discussion The proposed revisions to this section are made to conform to amendments enacted by SB 899 to Labor Code	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree in part. DWC agrees with commenter that it would be appropriate to acknowledge the different statutory interest rate and time period for payment which existed prior to the current 15% rate and 45 working day deadline for bill payment (60 working day for government entities). However, the change to the statute bringing in the 45 working day/60working day period, and which changed the interest from 10% was not SB 899, but rather	Modify §9792.5 to add a subdivision specifying the 60 day period for payment and specifying 10% interest for bills not timely contested or paid.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
9792.5(b) and (d)	section 4603.2. Per section 47 of SB 899, those amendments apply prospectively from the date of enactment, April 19, 2004. Claims administrators continue to receive bills and amended bills for services provided more than six years ago. The regulatory language must be revised to clarify that the current language remains effective for services provided before that enactment date, and that the proposed revisions apply only to services provided between April 18, 2004 and the date 90 days after the effective date of this proposed regulatory change.  Commenter requests that the language in (b) and (d) be modified to clarify that payment for a properly documented bill is due within 60 working days if the employer is a	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation	SB 228 (Stats. 2003, Chapter 639) adopted in 2003, effective January 1, 2004. In addition, it would not be appropriate to limit the entire section to a period between 2004 and 90 days after the effective date of the regulations. There may be bills for services prior to January 1, 2004 which are still being adjudicated and which would be subject to the statutory 60 day payment period, 10% interest, and other provisions incorporated into the regulation.  Agree.	Modify §9792.5 subdivisions (b) and (d) to recognize that Labor Code
	governmental entity as specified in Labor Code section 4603.2(b)(2).	Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment		§4603.2 gives governmental entities 60 working days to pay a medical bill.
9792.5(f)	Commenter opines that this subsection should be removed.  Discussion	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers'	Agree.	Modify §9792.5 to delete subdivision (f).
	While section 4603.2(b)(1) provides	Cantornia Workers Compensation		

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	for 15% penalty and interest if a bill is neither paid within 45 working days nor properly contested, the subsection that previously imposed interest if the appeals board subsequently determined a contested charge to be payable was deleted from section 4603.2(b)(1)(B) by the legislature in the Assembly Bill 1806 budget trailer bill, effective July 1, 2006.	Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment		
9792.5.1(c) through (h)	Commenter recommends these subsections be removed and the information instead be incorporated into the DWC Guides.  Discussion  To avoid possible contradictions and confusion it is necessary to include all information needed by the user in the DWC's Guides, otherwise modifications to these other guides manuals may create unexpected contradictions and confusion since the referenced manuals are not under the Division's control. As proposed, in order to comply with these regulations, or even to see what is required to comply with these regulations, the regulated public must purchase guides and manuals at considerable expense. This will not be necessary if the Division includes the necessary information in its guides. In	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. It is not possible to include all necessary information in the DWC's Guides. The electronic billing standards are complex, technical standards for electronic billing that are copyrighted by the creating entities (the ANSI X12 committee, the National Council on Prescription Drugs Program). These must be procured and licensed by the users from the copyright holders. It would not be feasible, nor efficient, for the State to become a "middleman" in the licensing of the products. The standards mandated are, in accordance with the statute, HIPAA adopted standards to the extent feasible. It can be inferred that the Legislature intended for end users to license the standards needed to engage in electronic	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
9792.5.2 (a) and	instances where this is not possible, the Division can centrally arrange availability to the regulated public by paying multi-use fees if necessary and posting those guides/manuals on its web site. This will provide availability in the most cost-effective way to the regulated community.  Commenter suggests the following	Brenda Ramirez	billing, or to contract with clearinghouses that would obtain the licenses and carry out the transactions.  Commenter is incorrect in stating that the public must purchase the guides and manuals to see what is in them. The Division has all of the implementation guides in the rulemaking file, which are available for public inspection.  Agree. The term "physician" is	Modify §9792.5.2
(c)	revision:  (a) On and after XXXX, 2010, [approximately 90 days after the effective date of this regulation] all paper bills for medical treatment provided by physicians, health care providers, and health care facilities shall be submitted on claim billing forms set forth in the California Division of Workers' Compensation Medical Billing and Payment Guide.  (c) On and after XXXX, 2011 [approximately 18 months after the effective date of regulation], all bills for medical treatment provided by physicians, health care providers, and health care facilities may be electronically submitted to	Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	included in the definition of "health care provider" and therefore listing it separately is redundant. Agree that it would be clearer to use the term "billing form" rather than "claim form."	subdivision (a) to delete the term "physician" and to substitute the term "billing" for "claim." Modify subdivision (c) to delete the term "physician."

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 1.0 Standardized Billing	the claims administrator for payment  Discussion Since the definition of health care provider encompasses physicians, it is not necessary to separately reference them. To avoid confusion, it is better to use the replace the term "claim" with "billing" here and wherever else it appears in these regulations when the intended meaning concerns a charge for medical goods or services. The term "claim" has another meaning in the California workers' compensation venue.  Commenter suggests the following changes:  (b) "Bill" means the medical services and corresponding billed amounts as itemized in Appendix A, and set forth in the uniform billing form/format setting forth the itemization of services provided found in Appendix A along with the required reports and/or supporting documentation as described in Section One – 3.0.  Discussion Commenter suggests that a "bill" is	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. The definition already includes the concept of the "information supplied" in that it says a bill is "the uniform billing form setting forth the itemization of services provided" Agree that the concept of billing "format" should be included to account for electronic bills which are not "forms," but can be looked at as "formats." However, DWC will be modifying the proposal to clarify what constitutes an electronic bill as follows:	Modify the definition of "bill" to encompass the electronic bills.
	more accurately described as			

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 1.0 Standardized Billing	information supplied on the form/format than the form/format where the information is set out.  Commenter suggests that the division clarify in (j) whether an EOR can serve as an objection. Commenter requests that the division clarify that EORs are not required for bills that are rejected during the initial clean bill screens. Suggests the following revision:  (j) "Explanation of Review" (EOR) means the explanation of payment or the denial of the payment non-payment using the standard code set found in Appendix B – 1.0. EOR suse the following standard codes:  (1) DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes provide California specific workers' compensation explanations	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	(b) "Bill" means:  (1) the uniform billing form found in Appendix A setting forth the itemization of services provided found in Appendix A along with the required reports and/or supporting documentation as described in Section One – 3.0+Complete Bills or  (2) the electronic billing transmission utilizing the standard formats found in Section Two – Transmission Standards 2.0 Electronic Standard Formats, 2.1 Billing, along with the required reports and/or supporting documentation as described in Section One – 3.0 Complete Bills.  Disagree. It would not be helpful to modify the definition of EOR in (j) to define the usage of the EOR. For electronic bills, the method of objecting to the billing transmission at the initial stage is addressed in Chapter 7, section 7.1 subdivision (a) which directs the use of the TA1, 999, and 277 transactions to notify the provider of an incomplete or defective bill. These are all issued within two days of receipt of the billing to notify the provider of initial "clean bill" concerns. After that time, Section 7.1 subdivision (b) provides for the use of the 835	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
BILLING				
REGULATIONS				
	of a payment, reduction or denial.		Health Care Payment/Advice as	
	They are found in Appendix B — 1.0		the Explanation of Review.	
	DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk.		_	
	(2) ANSI Claims Adjustment Group		Agree that some clarification	Modify Chapter
	Codes represent the general category		would be useful in regard to	6, Subdivision
	of payment, reduction, or denial. The		objections to paper bills. For paper	(b)(1). Modify
	most current, valid codes should be		bills, Chapter 6, section 6.0	Appendix B,
	used as appropriate for workers'		subdivision (b)(1) provides that	Field Table 3.0,
	<del>compensation. These codes are</del>		objections must be issued within	Fields 3, 4, 5
	obtained from the Washington		30 working days of receipt of the	regarding
	Publishing Company		bill using DWC Bill Adjustment	payment from R
	http://www.wpc-edi.com.		Reason codes contained in	to S to
	(3) ANSI Claims Adjustment		Appendix B. Chapter 6, section	accommodate the
	Reason Codes (CARC) represent the		6.0 subdivision (b)(1) will be	situation where
	<mark>national standard explanation of</mark>		modified to clarify that the EOR	no payment is
	<del>payment, reduction or denial</del>		Field Table is applicable, not just	being made. Also
	<del>information. These codes are</del>		the Bill Adjustment Reason Codes.	modify Fields 9
	<del>obtained from the Washington</del>		The EOR using the data elements	and 10 comments
	<mark>Publishing Company</mark>		is satisfactory for conveying early	to clarify that
	http://www.wpcedi.com.		"clean bill" type objections as well	these are only
	(4) ANSI Remittance Advice		as objections based on later stage	required when
	<del>Remark Codes (RARC) represent</del>		substantive review of medical	there is no
	supplemental explanation for a		necessity, etc. There is no need to	payment or
	<del>payment, reduction or denial. These</del>		have a separate "clean bill"	payment at less
	<del>are always used in conjunction with</del>		objection data element table for	than billed
	a ANSI Claims Adjustment Reason		paper EORs since the table	charges.
	Code. These codes are obtained from		provides for "S" situational data	
	the Washington Publishing		elements so that the fields that	
	Company http://www.wpc-edi.com.		would not be applicable to an early	
			clean bill objection can be	
	Discussion		indicated.	
	For claims that have been denied as		<b>TO</b>	3.7
	non-compensable, most claims		<b>Disagree</b> that a medical provider	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	administrators navy and consucts		is muchilited from conding one	
	administrators now send separate written notice of the denial to the		is prohibited from sending any	
			more medical billings after a claims administrator has denied a	
	medical provider after which the			
	provider is prohibited from sending		claim as non-compensable.	
	any more medical billings to the claims administrator. It would be		A greathet the Claim A divergent	Modify Chapter 6
			Agree that the Claim Adjustment	Modify Chapter 6
	helpful to clarify whether an EOR		Group Code is not needed for the	section 6.0 (b)(1) to delete the
	message may serve as an objection for		paper EOR.	Claims
	this and other purposes.			
	Come hills are rejected when they feil			Adjustment
	Some bills are rejected when they fail the clean bill screens. These bills fail			Group Code
			Diagram with the suggestion to	None.
	to advance to the bill review level		<b>Disagree</b> with the suggestion to eliminate the ANSI Claims	None.
	where EORs are triggered. Language			
	clarifying that EORs are not generated for such bills would be helpful.		Adjustment Group Codes, the ANSI Claims Adjustment Reason	
	Tor such offis would be helpful.		Codes and the ANSI Remittance	
	The purpose of claims adjustment		Advice Remark Codes. The statute	
	reason codes (CARCs), remittance		directs the DWC to adopt	
	advice remark codes (RARCs), and		electronic standards which are	
	ANSI Claims Adjustment Group		compatible with HIPAA "to the	
	Codes are to provide clear explanation		extent feasible." The CAGCs,	
	for the payment of medical bills. The		CARCs and RARCs are national	
	reason that stakeholders expended		standards which are HIPAA	
	considerable time and effort in 2005		mandated codes. The DWC has	
	and 2006 to jointly develop		selected a subset of those national	
	California-specific language for		HIPAA approved codes for use in	
	explanations of review (EORs) was to		workers' compensation and has	
	improve language currently being		crosswalked them to DWC Bill	
	used (including CARC and RARC		Adjustment Reason Codes. The	
	language) to explain medical		national standard Payment/Advice	
	payments. The California-specific		835 does not support use of DWC	
	language was designed to give billing		Bill Adjustment Reason Codes.	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS				
			THE DAY COUNTY OF	
	medical providers' information that is		The DWC Bill Adjustment Reason	
	clearer and more specific so that providers would better understand the		Codes were developed with public input to provide information	
	reasons for the way they were paid.		especially tailored to workers'	
	They were intended to replace inferior		compensation which could be	
	existing language; and not intended to		provided on the paper EOR. For	
	add another layer with complex		electronic billing, the California	
	crosswalks that will result in		DWC Bill Adjustment Reason	
	confusion rather than clarity for		Code / CARC / RARC Matrix	
	providers. It will be better, if possible,		Crosswalk serves as a "translator"	
	for the DWC to either require old		between the DWC Bill Adjustment	
	explanations (CARCs and RARCs and		Reason Codes and the CARCs and	
	Claims Adjustment Group Codes) or		RARCs that will appear in the 835	
	the ones developed to replace them,		electronic payment advice.	
	but not both, in medical billing			
N 1' 1 D'11' 0	standards and WCIS requirements.	D 1 D '	D: All C.1 " 1' 1	<b>&gt;</b> 7
Medical Billing &	Commenter recommends the	Brenda Ramirez	<b>Disagree.</b> All of the "unlisted	None.
Payment Guide – 1.0 Standardized	following revised language:	Claims & Medical Director	service" codes are already "By Report" so it is not necessary to	
Billing	(s) "Required report" means a report	California Workers'	list them separately here.	
Dining	which must be submitted pursuant to	Compensation	ist them separately here.	
	Section 9785 or pursuant to the	Institute (CWCI)		
	OMFS. These reports include the	April 26, 2010		
	Doctor's First Report of Injury, PR-	Written Comment		
	2, PR-3, PR-4 and their narrative			
	equivalents, as well as any report			
	accompanying a "By Report" or			
	"unlisted service" code billing.			
	Discussion			
	An "unlisted service" code billing also			
	requires a report to determine			
	reasonable reimbursement.			

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 1.0 Standardized Billing	Commenter recommends the following revised language:  (t) "Supporting Documentation" means those documents, other than a required report, necessary to support a bill. These include, but are not limited to: any written authorization received from the claims administrator or an invoice required for payment of the DME item being billed, and any other reports or other documents necessary to support a billed code.  Discussion  Since (c) describes "required reports and supporting documentation" any documents that are not required reports but that are necessary to support a billed code must fall under the definition of "supporting documentation" and including language to clarify this in the	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. The commenter's suggested language does not add specificity, and doesn't help to define the universe of "supporting documentation." The language of (t) already allows for documents other than the ones specified by stating that supporting documentation "includes but is not limited to"	None.
	definition will avoid confusion and disputes.			
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 1.0 Standardized Billing	Commenter recommends the following revised language:  (u) "Third Party Biller/Assignee" means a person or entity authorized by law and acting under contract as the agent or assignee of a rendering	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010	Disagree. See Response above to substantially identical comment by Kathleen Burrows, Claims Operations Manager, State Compensation Insurance Fund, April 26, 2010	See modifications described above.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS				
	physician, health care provider or healthcare facility to bill and/or collect payment from the responsible payor.	Written Comment		
	(u) "Third party biller" means a person or entity authorized by law and paid by a health care provider to bill for medical goods or services on behalf of the health care provider, and who is not an employee, affiliate or subsidiary of the health care provider, and no transfer of rights or benefits has occurred between the health care provider and the third party biller.			
	(v)"Assignee" means a person or entity that has purchased the right to payments for medical goods or services from the health care provider, and is authorized by law to collect payment from the responsible payor.			
	Discussion The recommended definitions are more accurate and complete, and separate definitions are necessary because a third party biller and an assignee have different meanings.			
Medical Billing & Payment Guide –	Commenter recommends the following revised language:	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical	<b>Disagree.</b> Both Labor Code §§4603.2 (b)(1) and 4603.4(d)	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS				
1.0 Standardized Billing	(wwwwwww.image.in) "Treating Physician" means the primary treating physician or secondary physician as defined by section 9785(a)(1), (2).  Discussion  The recommended definition is in accord with the language in Labor Code sections 4603.2(b)(1) and 4603.4(d) and consistent with CCR section 9785(a)(1). The primary treating physician has the responsibility to "provide or authorize medical treatment" and to submit required reports. Including secondary physicians in this definition would conflict with statutory language and create confusion.	Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	refer to "the treating physician," not the "primary treating physician." It would not comport with the statute to make the billing rules apply to only the "primary treating physician" as the statutes do not restrict applicability to the primary physician. The secondary treating physician provides much of the care in workers' compensation and is also subject to the billing statutes and regulations.	
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 1.0 Standardized Billing	Commenter suggests adding "as of" dates to the definitions of uniform billing codes in (y).  Discussion Billing codes are updated periodically, even within a single version or edition of a coding system.	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. Inserting dates into the definitions of the billing codes would not be helpful. The coding is embedded in each fee schedule, and the appropriate code set will depend on the date the service is rendered, or for inpatient services, the date of discharge. Commenter is correct that codes are updated periodically, but the specification of the code set will be in the fee schedule itself. The Medical Billing and Payment Guide's	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	Commenter recommends that in the Uniform Billing Codes definition, (y)(4), replace "Diagnosis Related Group (DRG)" with "Medicare severity-diagnosis related codes (MS-DRG)" and "DRG" with "MS-DRG."  Discussion The currently adopted DRG codes were recently re-sequenced and are now known as MS-DRG (Medicare severity-diagnosis related codes).		section 3.0 Complete Bills (b)(2) states that the complete bill must include "The correct uniform billing codes for the applicable portion of the OMFS under which the services are being billed."  Agree in part. CMS adopted the Medicare Severity Diagnosis Related Group (MS-DRG) codes effective October 1, 2007. DWC adopted these new MS-DRGs effective January 1, 2008. The inpatient hospital fee schedule incorporates these codes. DWC agrees that the definitions should include the MS-DRGs. However, it is not necessary to delete the DRG definition. Indeed, it is conceivable that bills may still be submitted related to discharges that use the DRGs rather than the MS-DRGs.	Modify the definition of "Diagnosis Related Group" to include MS-DRG in Section One – Business Rules, 1.0 (x)(4) Standardized Billing / Electronic Billing Definitions.
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 3.0 – Complete Bills	Commenter recommends adding additional subsection:  (b) To be complete a submission must consist of the following:  (1) The correct uniform billing form/format for the type of health care provider.	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree in part. Agree that the "complete bill submission" which triggers the time frames for payment or objection must have the required reports and documentation. However, disagree with adding "sufficient to substantiate the codes billed" because this goes beyond the	Add a new subdivision (b)(4) to specify that a complete bill submission includes required reports and supporting documentation as
	(2) The correct uniform billing		threshold determination that the	specified in

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	codes for the applicable portion of the OMFS under which the services are being billed.  (3) The uniform billing form/format must be filled out according to the requirements specified for each format in Appendix A and/or the Companion Guide.  (4) Required reports and supporting documentation sufficient to substantiate the codes billed.  Discussion  As discussed at length with the advisory committee, a billing is not complete if it is submitted without the required reports and supporting documentation that substantiate it.		bill submission is "complete." The sufficiency of the reports and documentation is an issue that is separate from the "completeness" determination.	subdivision (c).
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 3.0 – Complete Bills	Commenter recommends the following revisions:  (c) All required reports and supporting documentation must be submitted together with the billing as follows:	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. As discussed with stakeholders at the advisory committee meetings, attachments may be submitted by fax or email. After a HIPAA-approved electronic attachment standard is adopted the Division will consider mandating the electronic attachment and eliminating the fax and email submission of attachments. In the meantime, electronic bills may utilize the 275 transaction or may use fax or	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	(8) An operative report is required when the bill is for Surgery Services or for use of the Health Care Facility where surgery services were provided.  [An operative report is also necessary when the bill is from the Health Care Facility where Surgery Services were provided.]		email to submit attachments. For paper bills, subdivision (d) specifies that attachments that are not submitted in the same envelope with the bill must utilize specified header or attachment cover sheet to facilitate matching of bills and attachments.  Agree that (c)(8) should also reference bills for facility fees.	Modify language to clarify that the operative report is required for health care provider fees and facility fees for surgery services.
	(9) An invoice or other pProof of documented paid costs must be provided when required for surgical implant reimbursement and an invoice when required for DME reimbursement.  [Documented paid costs are required for certain surgical implants and invoices DME for certain DME.]		Disagree with the suggestion to add language specifically referring to surgical implants and DME in the billing guide. The circumstances giving rise to the need for an invoice are set forth in the Official Medical Fee Schedule provisions. It would be confusing to insert the suggested language as it is not complete. However, it would be appropriate to modify the language to reference the requirements of the OMFS, as that will determine which	Modify (c)(9) to reference the OMFS.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
			procedures/services/goods require	
			an invoice or proof of documented	
			paid costs.	
	(10) Appropriate additional		<b>Disagree.</b> The provision $(c)(10)$ is	None.
	information reasonably requested		part of the "complete bill"	
	by the claims administrator or its		determination. For circumstances	
	agent to support a billed code when		where a claims administrator has	
	the request was made prior to		appropriately requested additional	
	<del>submission of the billing</del> .		information beyond the required	
	Supporting documentation should		reports and documentation before	
	be sufficient to support the level of		the bill submission, the bill is not	
	service or code that has been billed.		"complete" unless it contains the	
			additional information. For	
	[While the listed reports and		example, a claims administrator	
	supporting documentation will		may give preauthorization for a	
	usually be sufficient for accurate		course of physical therapy, but due	
	bill review, the list does not cover		to particular circumstances	
	all conceivable circumstances and		reasonably request that chart notes	
	additional supporting		be submitted with the bills. In	
	documentation will sometimes be		such a case the bill submission	
	necessary. The billing medical		would not be "complete" unless	
	provider generally selects and		the chart notes were also	
	submits other documentation from		submitted.	
	the medical file to support billed		There is nothing in the language of	
	codes in unusual circumstances.		(c)(10) that would prevent a claims	
	Only if the submitted		administrator from requesting	
	documentation is inadequate is		additional information after	
	additional information needed, and		reviewing the documentation	
	therefore it is necessary for (c)(10)		received as part of the complete	
	to allow claims administrators to		bill submission. See 6.0 Medical	
	request appropriate additional		Treatment Billing and Payment	
	documentation after receiving the		Requirements for Non-	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	billing and to receive it before payment is due.  If no request for authorization was submitted, the claims administrator or its agent does not even know that the services or goods were provided until the bill is received. A failure to request authorization and to submit appropriate supporting documentation should not reward the billing provider, third party biller or assignee. For this reason, too, a claims administrator must be permitted to reasonably request appropriate additional information after receiving a billing. The potential for fraud or abuse will increase if the rules permit a medical providers, third party billers and assignees to submit medical bills, secure in the knowledge that they are not required to submit other necessary supporting documentation before the claims administrator is required to make payment.]  The following circumstances that were discussed during the advisory committee meetings, or required by law and are missing from the list and must be added to avoid		Electronically Submitted Medical Treatment Bills subdivision (b)(2): "If additional information is necessary as a prerequisite to payment of the contested bill or portions thereof, a clear description of the specific information required shall be included." Section 7.1 subdivision (b) has the equivalent provision for electronically submitted bills.	

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	potential fraud, abuse and dispute.  (12) A report shall be submitted to support a level of service or a time-based code.  [(c)(12) As discussed and agreed during the advisory committee meetings, documentation to substantiate a level of service or time spent for time-based codes is necessary.]		<b>Disagree.</b> The language suggested by commenter is too broad, and would require reports that are not necessary or which are already required by other provisions. The reason for suggesting a report to support a "level of service" is not clear. Section (c)(2), (c)(3), and (c)(4) already require reports for most Evaluation and Management services. The request for a report for every "time based code" is unwarranted. Many codes include a time element in the descriptor of the procedure, but that should not by itself necessitate a report.	None.
	(13) A third party biller shall submit documentation that it is authorized by law and paid by the rendering health care provider to bill for medical goods or services on behalf of the health care provider, and who is not an employee, affiliate or subsidiary of the health care provider, and no transfer of rights or benefits has occurred between the health care provider and the third party biller. (14) An assignee shall submit proof that the person or entity is an agent		Disagree. See response above to substantially similar comment by Kathleen Burrows, Claims Operations Manager, State Compensation Insurance Fund, April 26, 2010.	None.

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	has purchased the right to payments for medical goods or services from the health care provider, and is authorized by law to collect payment from the responsible payor.  (15) An itemization and explanation for the excess charge must accompany a bill for medical treatment that exceeds the maximum reasonable fee in the Official Medical Fee Schedule.  [(c)(15) To be properly documented, section 9792.5(c) requires that an itemization and explanation for any charge that exceeds the maximum reasonable OMFS allowance accompany a bill for medical treatment.]		Disagree. The current rulemaking action proposes to delete subdivision (c) of section 9792.5. Many providers bill their usual and customary charges which may be higher than the rates in the workers' compensation OMFS. The claims administrator will apply the fee schedule and remit no more than the maximum fee schedule amount. There is no statutory requirement for the provider to explain the charge which is in excess of the OMFS, nor is there a statutory requirement that the claims administrator pay in excess of the OMFS. The suggestion appears to be based on	None.
			language that was previously in the Labor Code section 5307.1 subdivision (b): "Nothing in this section shall prohibit a medical provider or a licensed health care facility from being paid by an employer or carrier fees in excess of those set forth on the official	

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	(16) A written notice from the prescribing physician specifying that a nongeneric drug must be dispensed.  [Labor Code section 4600.1 requires the prescribing physician to specify in writing that a nongeneric drug must be dispensed.]		medical fee schedule, provided that the fee is: (1) Reasonable. (2) Accompanied by itemization and justified by an explanation of extraordinary circumstances related to the unusual nature of the medical services rendered. In no event shall a physician charge in excess of his or her usual fee." This provision was deleted effective 2004 by Senate Bill 228, Statutes of 2003, Chapter 639.  Disagree. It would be overly burdensome and inefficient to require each pharmaceutical bill for a nongeneric drug to provide a written notice from the doctor specifying that the nongeneric must be dispensed. The 2008 Workers' Compensation /Property and Casualty NCPDP form Field 72 includes a "DAW" "dispense as written" code to support a nongeneric. The NCPDP D.2 Telecommunication Standard Data Element 408-D8 includes a code to indicate whether the prescriber's instructions regarding generic substitution were followed. If the claims administrator has reason to question whether a physician has	None.

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Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 4.0 Third Party Billers/Assignees	Commenter recommends the following revisions:  (a) Third party billers and assignees shall submit bills in the same manner as the original rendering provider would be required to do had the bills been submitted by the provider directly and shall have no greater right to reimbursement than that provider.  Discussion  (a) Clarification is needed that third party billers and assignees have no greater right to reimbursement than the original provider to prevent to prevent inappropriate practices such as attempts to obtain higher reimbursement than allowed under the Official Medical Fee Schedule or a contract with the original provider.	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	specified that there should be no generic substitution, it can ask the biller for additional documentation. But this documentation should not be required at the time of the "complete bill" determination.  Agree in part. Agree that it would be helpful to clarify that the billing agent or assignee has no greater right to reimbursement that the provider or facility would have. However, language suggested by the American Insurance Association will be inserted into the modified proposal. Also, language will be inserted to clarify that the billing rules themselves do not give rise to the right to bill, but provide billing instruction where entities are entitled to bill under other provisions of law.	Modify language in 4.0 to clarify that the billing agent or assignee has no greater right to reimbursement than the principal or assignor, and to clarify that the billing rules themselves do not give rise to the right to submit bills.
	(c) A third party biller or assignee		<b>Disagree.</b> The Division is not	None.

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	shall submit proof that the person or entity is an agent or assignee of the original provider.  Discussion  (c) Proof of a third party biller's or assignee's right to bill on behalf of, or in lieu of the original provider is needed so that the payer has assurance of its responsibility for payment. Since any payment made to an assignee is paid to its tax id number it is necessary to verify that an assignee has the right to bill for services provided by a different entity. Proof of assignment is needed before paying an assignee in order to avoid conflicts or incorrect payments when the service provider later says that an assignee did not have the right to receive payment.		aware of any evidence that third party billers or assignees are misrepresenting their status as billing agents or assignees which would give rise to an across the board need to require proof of the billing contract or assignment. If the claims administrator is concerned with the bona fides of a third party biller or assignee, it can request additional information. In addition, the issue could be addressed at the time the claims administrator and bill submitter enter into a trading partner agreement.	
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 5.0 Duplicate Bills, Bill Revisions and Balance Forward Billing	Commenter requests that the division add language specifying how duplicate bill submissions must be identified for all required paper forms as well as electronic submissions  (a) The resubmission of a duplicate bill shall clearly be marked as a duplicate using the appropriate NUBC Bill Frequency Code in the field designated for that	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree. It would be useful to clarify the manner of indicating duplicate bills, especially since some of the forms/formats do not provide a standard way to code duplicates. DWC will modify 5.0 to set out the standard method for indicating a duplicate. For the non-standard situations the Division proposes: the ADA Dental Claim Form be marked "duplicate" in	Modify Section One, 5.0 (a) to add subdivisions (a)(1) through (a)(8) to address handling of duplicate bills for each paper form / electronic format.

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	information. Duplicate bills shall contain all the same information as the original bill. No new dates of service or itemized services may be included. Duplicate bills shall not be submitted prior to expiration of the time allowed for payment unless requested by the claims administrator or its agent. For the time frame for payment of paper submissions see 6.0 (b) and for time frame for payment of electronic submission see 7.1(b).		Field 1; NCPDP WC/PC Claim Form and NCPDP Telecommunications Standard version D.0: trading partners to work out a mutually acceptable way of indicating a duplicate.	
	(b) When there is an error or a need to make a coding correction, a revised bill may be submitted to replace a previously submitted bill. Revised bills shall be marked as revised using the appropriate NUBC Condition Code and the revised lines identified in the fields designated for that information. Revised bills shall include the original dates of service and the same itemized services rendered as the original bill. No new dates of service may be included.		<b>Disagree.</b> There is not sufficient space on the paper bill to identify each revised data element. In addition, the replacement bill will override the previous bill and the claims administrator will need to review the entire bill submission.	None.
	Discussion			
	(b) Many bills include a large number of billing lines. In order to increase			

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Medical Billing &	efficiency and pay bills more quickly, CWCI recommends identifying a field in which to identify the line(s) that have been revised. Without a way to identify the revised lines, a bill reviewer cannot know the number of revisions or on which billing lines they occur, and must waste time comparing multiple lines to identify every revision.  Commenter recommends the	Brenda Ramirez	<b>Disagree.</b> In instances where	None.
Payment Guide – 6.0 Medical Billing and Payment Requirements for Non-Electronically Submitted Medical Treatment Bills	following revisions:  (a) Any complete bill submitted in other than electronic form or format not paid within 45 working days of receipt, or within 60 working days if the employer is a governmental entity, shall be increased 15%, and shall carry interest at the same rate as judgments in civil actions retroactive to the date of receipt of the bill unless the health care provider, health care facility or third party biller/assignee is notified within 30 working days of receipt that the bill is contested, denied or considered incomplete. The increase and interest are self-executing and shall apply to the portion of the bill that is neither timely paid nor objected to.  Commenter makes similar suggestion	Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	legally authorized billing agnts and assignees submit medical bills to payers, the payment timeframes and objection timeframes should be the same as they would be if the rendering provider were submitting the bill directly. For a billing agent, the entity acts as the agent for the provider. For an assignee the entity has been assigned the rights of the provider. There is nothing in Labor Code \$4603.2 that would indicate that the right to prompt notification of objections and payment of claims is eliminated by virtue of being a legally authorized agent or assignee. Commenter is incorrect is stating that Labor Code \$4903.5 covers physicians and other providers but not billing agents/assignees. Section 4903.5	None.

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	to delete "third party/biller assignee" from (b), (b)(1), (b)(4), (5), (e).  Discussion  (a) Because statutory language, including Labor Code sections 4603.2(b) and 4903.5 covers physicians and other providers but not third party billers/assignees the term should be deleted.		subdivision (a) states "No lien claim for expenses as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 4903 may be filed after six months from the date on which the appeals board issues a final decisionafter five years from the date of the injury for which the services were provided, or after one year from the date the services were provided, whichever is later***" Section 4903(b) in turn allows a lien for "The reasonable expense incurred by or on behalf of the injured employee, as provided by Article 2 (commending with Section 4600)" Subdivision (b) of section 4903 is worded broadly to refer to the reasonable expense incurred by or on behalf of the employee for medical treatment, it does not restrict liens to "physicians and other providers" as suggested by the commenter. There is nothing in the other subdivisions which would warrant removing "billing agent/assignee" language.	
	(b) A claims administrator who objects to all or any part of a bill for medical treatment shall notify the		<b>Agree</b> that the Claim Adjustment Group Code is not needed for the paper EOR.	Modify Chapter 6 section 6.0 (b)(1) to delete the

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	health care provider, <u>or</u> health care			Claims
	facility or third party biller/assignee			Adjustment
	of the objection within 30 working			Group Code
	days after receipt of the bill and any		<b>D.</b>	3.7
	required report or supporting		<b>Disagree</b> with the suggestion to	None.
	documentation necessary to support		choose between the DWC Bill	
	the bill and shall pay any		Adjustment Reason Codes and the	
	uncontested amount within 45		CARCs/RARCS and Claim	
	working days after receipt of the		Adjustment Group Codes. The	
	bill, or within 60 working days if		Division acknowledges and	
	the employer is a governmental		appreciates the time spent by the	
	entity. *** Any notice of objection		committee in drafting DWC Bill	
	shall include or be accompanied by		Adjustment Reason Code language	
	all of the following:		and is proposing to use them for	
	(1) A clear and concise		paper bills. However, for	
	explanation of the basis for the		electronic claims remittance, the	
	objection to each contested		national HIPAA compliant	
	procedure and charge using the		standard is the 835 which does not	
	DWC Bill Adjustment Reason		allow use of DWC Bill	
	codes contained in Appendix B		Adjustment Reason Codes.	
	Standard Explanation of Review		Therefore electronic billing uses	
	along with the appropriate		specified national standard Claims	
	<mark>ANSI Claims Adjustment</mark>		Adjustment Reason Codes	
	<del>Group Codes</del> .		(CARCs) and Remittance Advice	
			Remark Codes (RARCs.) Ideally,	
	Discussion		the Division would use only	
			national standard CARCs and	
	(b)(1) The purpose of claims		RARCs. However, for workers'	
	adjustment reason codes (CARCs),		compensation cases the CARCs	
	remittance advice remark codes		and RARCs do not contain all of	
	(RARCs), and ANSI Claims		the messages needed to	
	Adjustment Group Codes are to		communicate important	
	provide clear explanation for the		information from the payer to the	

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	payment of medical bills. The reason		provider. The International	
	that stakeholders expended		Association of Industrial Accident	
	considerable time and effort in 2005		Boards and Commissions	
	and 2006 to jointly develop		(IAIABC) has been working with	
	California-specific language for		the X12N committee to adopt	
	explanations of review (EORs) was to		additional codes to address issues	
	improve language currently being		particular to workers'	
	used (including CARC and RARC		compensation. The IAIABC has	
	language) to explain medical		made progress in obtaining some	
	payments. The California-specific		new codes, but not all workers'	
	language was designed to give billing		compensation issues are addressed	
	medical providers' information that is		as yet. Therefore, the Division	
	clearer and more specific so that		believes it is still useful to	
	providers would better understand the		maintain the DWC Bill	
	reasons for the way they were paid.		Adjustment Reason Codes and the	
	They were intended to replace inferior		ANSI CARCs/RARCs/CAGCs.	
	existing language; and not intended to		For EORs on paper bills, the DWC	
	add another layer with complex		Bill Adjustment Reason Codes are	
	crosswalks that will result in		used. For electronic	
	confusion rather than clarity for		remittance/EOR the CARCs and	
	providers. It will be better if the DWC		RARCs and Claim Adjustment	
	can either require old explanations		Group Codes are used in the	
	(CARCs and RARCs and Claims		transmission, not the DWC Bill	
	Adjustment Group Codes) or the ones		Adjustment Reason Codes. The	
	developed to replace them, but not		1.0 California DWC Bill	
	both, in medical billing standards and		Adjustment Reason Code / CARC	
	WCIS requirements.		/ RARC Matrix Crosswalk	
			provides linkage between the	
	(2) If additional information is		paper and electronic EORs.	None.
	necessary as a prerequisite to			
	payment of <del>the contested</del> <u>a</u> bill		<b>Disagree.</b> The language proposed	
	that is considered incomplete or		is too narrow as it only refers to	
	<del>portions thereof</del> , a clear		bills that are "incomplete." A bill	

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	description of the information required.  Discussion		may be "complete" and yet the claims administrator still needs additional information in order to determine payment.	
	(b)(2)  The modifications in (b)(2) are recommended to conform to the statutory language and requirements in Labor Code section 4603.2(b), which refers to bills that are "contested, denied, or considered incomplete." The statute specifies different requirements for bills that are considered incomplete from those with contested items.			
	(g) Explanations of Review shall use the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason codes and descriptions listed in Appendix B Standard Explanation of Review – 1.0 California DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes ANSI Matrix Crosswalk along with the appropriate ANSI Claims Adjustment Group Codes. The Explanations of Review shall contain all the required elements listed in Appendix B Standard		<b>Agree</b> that the Claims Adjustment Group Codes are not needed for paper EORs. See further explanation above in regard to 6.0(b)(1).	Modify 6.0 (b)(1) to delete the Claims Adjustment Group Codes.

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Medical Billing &	Explanation of Review – 2.0 Field Table Standard Explanation of Review.  Commenter suggests that the division	Brenda Ramirez	<b>Disagree.</b> It is not necessary to	None.
7.1 Timeframes	that this first step uses high-level clean-bill screens that identify some but not all "incomplete bills."  (a)(3) Health Care Claim Acknowledgement (ASC X12 N 277) — within two working days of receipt of an electronically submitted bill, the claims administrator shall send a Health Care Claim Acknowledgement ASC X12N 277 electronic notice of whether or not the bill submission is	Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	are "high-level clean bill screens" as that is adequately addressed in the 005010X214 (277) transaction set. The 005010X214 (277) Technical Report Type 3 states in relevant part: "The ASC X12 Health Care Claim Acknowledgement (277) implementation guide is a business application level acknowledgement for the ASC X12 Health Care Claim (837) transaction(s). This acknowledges the validity and acceptability of the claims	
	complete. The ASC X12 N 277 details what errors are present, and if necessary, what action the submitter should take. A bill may be rejected if it is not submitted in the required electronic standard format or if it is not complete as set forth in Section One – 3.0. Such notice must use the ASC X12N 277 transaction set as defined in Companion Guide Chapter 9 and must include specific information setting out the reason for rejection.		at the pre-processing stage.  Payers may pre-process claims to determine whether or not to introduce them to their adjudication system. This pre-adjudication process is performed so claims that are incorrectly formatted or missing information can be corrected and resubmitted by the provider.  The level of editing in pre-adjudication programs will vary from system to system. Although the level of editing may vary, this transaction provides a standard method of reporting acknowledgement of claims. The business function identifies claims	None.

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			that are accepted for adjudication as well as those that are not accepted. This 277 transaction is the only notification of pre-adjudication claim status.	
			Claims failing the pre-adjudication editing process are not forwarded to the claims adjudication system and therefore are never reported in the ASC X12 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice (835).	
			Claims passing the pre-adjudication editing process are forwarded to the claims adjudication system and handled according to claims processing guidelines.	None.
			Final adjudication of claims is reported in the 835."	
			(005010X214 (277), page 8, 1.4 Business Usage.)	
	(B) Bill rejection error messages shall include the following:		Agree. The word "shall" may erroneously imply that bill rejection error messages always	Delete the word "shall" from 7.1(a)(3)(B).
	(i) Invalid form or format – indicate which form should be used.		include the listed items. It would be more accurate to remove "shall" so that the section states that "bill rejection error messages	
	(ii) Missing. Information- indicate specifically which		include the following"	None.
	information is missing by using the appropriate 277		<b>Disagree.</b> Commenter has not indicated why it would not be feasible to "indicate specifically	TYONG.

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	Claim Status Category Code		which information is missing" or	
	with the appropriate Claim		to "indicate specifically which	
	<del>Status Code.</del>		information is invalid" "by using the appropriate 277 Claim Status	
	(iii) Invalid data Indicate		Category code with the	
	specifically which information		appropriate Claim Status Code."	
	is invalid by using the		The 277 is a national standard	
	appropriate Claim Status		which is designed to address these	
	Category Code with the		issues, as evidenced by language	
	appropriate Claim Status		the 277 Technical Report Type 3:	
	Code		"Payers may pre-process claims to	
			determine whether or not to introduce	
	(iv) Missing attachments –		them to their adjudication system.	
	indicate specifically which		This pre-adjudication process is performed so claims that are	
	attachment(s) are missing.		incorrectly formatted or missing	
			information can be corrected and	
	(v) Missing required		resubmitted by the provider."	
	documentation indicate		(005010X214 (277), page 8, 1.4	
	specifically what		Business Usage.)	
	documentation is missing.		Discourse If the electron	
			<b>Disagree.</b> If the claims administrator identifies that	None.
	(vi) Injured worker's claim of		documentation is missing, it	
	injury is denied.		should use the error message as	
	(vii) There is no coverage by		specified in the 005010X214 (277)	
	the claims administrator.		The Health Care Claim	
	the claims administrator.		Acknowledgment 005010X214	
	(C) The submitted bill <del>is</del>		(277) supports the transmission of	
	complete and has moved into		codes to notify the provider of	
	bill review.		missing information, invalid data,	
			and missing required attachments	
	Discussion		There is nothing in the language	
(	(B) Unfortunately it is not clear that		that precludes the claims	

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REGUENTIONS	<u> </u>			
	all of these complete bill validations		administrator from objecting to the	
	can be automated and/or determined		bill during the bill adjudication	
	within the required 2 or 5 days at this		stage if it determines that the	
	level. I am told that several cannot.		documentation is not sufficient.	
			The 835 Health Care Claim	
	(i) The validation for Invalid		Payment/Advice transaction set	
	form or format - is probably		supports messages to notify the	
	not a problem		provider of missing documentation	
			at that later stage.	
	(ii) Missing Information -			
	Identifying required fields		<b>Disagree.</b> An injured worker's	None.
	where data has not been		claim of a workers' compensation	
	submitted is not a problem,		injury may have been denied at the	
	however, identifying which		time a bill is submitted, in which	
	specific data is missing may		case the bill should be rejected	
	be.		with the appropriate error	
			message. If denial occurs later it	
	(iii) Invalid data - while		can be communicated to the	
	incorrect data formats may be		provider at a later stage of bill	
	identifiable, it may be a		processing by use of the 835.	
	problem to identify invalid			
	information that is provided in		<b>Disagree.</b> If the claims	None.
	the correct format.		administrator has already	
			determined that there is no	
	(iv) If Missing attachments –		coverage by the time a bill is	
	means simply matching the		submitted, this should be	
	number and type of		communicated to the provider.	
	attachments received to the		There is nothing that prohibits a	
	number stated in the bill data		determination of no coverage after	
	transmission, this might not be		the initial acknowledgment stage.	
	a problem.		Indeed the 835 provides for	
	(v) Missing required		notification of no coverage.	
	documentation - if no			

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	documentation is submitted it will be possible to determine when at least one required document is missing. If at least one required document is submitted, it will be difficult or impossible to timely identify specifically what documentation is missing without the manual review that is done at a later level, particularly as one document may support several, but not all codes on a bill.  (vi) Injured worker's claim of injury is denied – it can usually be determined at this level, but under some circumstances, not until a later level.  (vii) There is no coverage by the claims administrator – coverage determination may be determined at this or a later level.			None.
	Dictating that "missing information", "invalid data", and "missing required attachments" must be specified at this level may inadvertently allow a provider to state that all information on their bill was accepted as complete			

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REGULITIONS				
	if the specificity is lacking in the 277.			
	While the code sets used in the 277			
	are detailed, the lack of specificity that			
	will actually be provided at this stage may be used by billing providers as an			
	argument that they did not receive			
	timely notice of a deficiency.			
	(C) Most bills without gross errors		<b>Disagree.</b> The "pending" codes	None.
	will probably be accepted with one of		are likely to be used in response to	T (one.
	the following "pending" codes:		an inquiry by the provider	
			regarding status of a claim. The	
	PO Pending:		Acknowledgment transaction	
	Adjudication/Details - This is a		transmitted by the claims	
	generic message about a pended		administrator is likely to use the	
	claim. A pended claim is one for		Acknowledgment codes, not the	
	which no remittance advice has		pending codes, for example:	
	been issued, or only part of the		"A2	
	claim has been paid.		Acknowledgement/Acceptance	
	D1 Danding/In Drogges The		into adjudication system-The claim/encounter has been accepted	
	P1 Pending/In Process - The claim or encounter is in the		into the adjudication system."	
	adjudication system.		into the adjudication system.	
	adjudication system.			
	P2 Pending/Payer Review - The			
	claim/encounter is suspended and			
	is pending review (e.g. medical			
	review, re-pricing, Third Party			
	Administrator processing).			
	The " is complete and" needs to be		<b>Disagree.</b> The complete bill	None.
	stricken from (C) as so that it does not		determination does not preclude	
	appear to billing providers that the		later denial or adjustment of the	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	bills are accepted as "complete." When bills move into bill review, it would be more accurate and less confusing to describe them as "pending", the term used in the Claim Status Category Code description.		bill, or request for further information if warranted during the period of bill review.	
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 7.1 Timeframes	Commenter recommends the following change to (b) Payment and Remittance Advice:  If the electronically submitted bill has been determined to be complete is not contested, denied, or incomplete, payment for medical treatment provided or authorized by the treating physician selected by the employer or designated by the employer within 15 working days after electronic receipt of an itemized electronic billing for services at or below the maximum fees provided in the official medical fee schedule adopted pursuant to Section §5307.1. Nothing prevents the parties from agreeing to submit bills electronically that are being paid per contract rates under Labor Code § 5307.11. Remittance advice will be sent using the (835) Healthcare Claim Payment transaction set as defined in Companion Guide Chapter 9. Explanations of Review shall use the codes listed in Appendix B – 1.0.	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. Commenter has misquoted the provisions of the billing guide, as she leaves out the word "uncontested." The guide states "If the electronically submitted bill has been determined to be complete, payment for uncontested medical treatment shall be made by the employer within 15 working days" [Emphases added.] Commenter's suggestion to add the phrase "is not contested, denied, or incomplete" would be confusing and unnecessary as the paragraph addresses complete bills for uncontested medical treatment.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	If an electronic billing is contested, denied, or incomplete, payment shall be made pursuant to Labor Code section 4603.2.  A claims administrator who objects to all or any part of an electronically submitted complete bill for medical treatment shall notify the health care provider, or health care facility or third party biller/assignee of the		Agree in part. The Division agrees that reference to Labor Code 4603.2 is warranted, but has drafted alternate language that is clearer so that it is clear that uncontested portions of the bill must be paid within 15 days.	Modify 7.1(b)(2) Objection to Bill/Denial of Payment to add language "Any contested portion of the billing shall be paid in accordance with Labor Code section 4603.2
	objection within-15 working days after receipt of the bill and any required report and/or supporting documentation and shall pay any uncontested amount within 15 working days after receipt of the bill		<b>Disagree</b> with language suggesting insertion of the word "complete" as the reason for objection may be that the billing is incomplete.	None.
	and any required report and/or supporting documentation. If the claims administrator receives a bill and believes that it has not received a required report and/or supporting documentation to support the bill, the claims administrator shall so inform the health care provider within 15 working days of receipt of the bill. An objection will be deemed timely if sent electronically on or before the 15th working day after receipt. Any notice of objection shall include or be accompanied by all of the following:		The language suggested regarding required report and/or supporting documentation is not necessary as language is being inserted relating to the timeframe for payment where an Acknowledgment was sent on a case that had been put in "pending" status.	Modify 7.1(b)(2) to add language regarding the pending status as it relates to the payment timeframe.

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	(1) A specific explanation of the basis for the objection to each contested procedure and charge. The notice shall use the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason codes contained in Appendix B Standard Explanation of Review along with the ANSI Claims Adjustment Group Codes		<b>Disagree</b> with the specific suggestions; in addition, (b)(1) through (5) are eliminated to improve clarity and eliminate duplication.	None.
	(2) If additional information is necessary as a prerequisite to payment of the contested bill or portions thereof, a clear description of the specific information required shall be included.			
	(3) The name, address, and telephone number of the person or office to contact for additional information concerning the objection.			
	(4) A statement that the health care provider, or health care facility or third party biller/assignee may adjudicate the issue of the contested charges before the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board.			
	(5) To adjudicate contested			

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	charges before the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board, the health care provider, or health care facility or third party biller/assignee must file a lien. Liens are subject to the statute of limitations spelled out in Labor Code § 4903.5.  4903.5. (a) No lien claim for expenses as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 4903 may be filed after six months from the date on which the appeals board or a workers' compensation administrative law judge issues a final decision, findings, order, including an order approving compromise and release, or award, on the merits of the claim, after five years from the date of the injury for which the services were provided, or after one year from the date the services were provided, whichever is later.			
	4903.5. (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), any health care provider, health care service plan, group disability			

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	insurer, employee benefit plan, or other entity providing medical benefits on a nonindustrial basis, may file a lien claim for expenses as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 4903 within six months after the person or entity first has knowledge that an industrial injury is being claimed.			
	Discussion Per Labor Code section 4603.4(d), an electronic bill must be paid within 15 working days only if it is complete, uncontested, not denied, and billed at or below the maximum fees provided in the Official Medical Fee Schedule. If those conditions are not met, the bill must be paid in accordance with Labor Code Section 4603.2. The language added to is necessary to conform to the Labor Code section 4603.4(d) requirements.			
	Commenter recommends deleting "specific" from (B) because the claims administrator cannot know what the provider has in the medical record that s/he can submit to support the billing. The billing provider should be free to select and submit the specific			

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
STANDARDIZED BILLING	documentation from the medical file that will support the billed codes.  Commenter suggests the following revised language:  (a) Any electronically submitted complete billing at or below the maximum fees in the Official Medical Fee Schedule for medical treatment reasonably required to cure or relieve an injured employee from the effects of a workers' compensation injury that is determined to be complete not paid or objected to within the 15 working day period shall be subject to audit penalties per Title 8, California Code of Regulations section 10111.2 (b) (10), (11).  Discussion  The language added to is necessary to conform to Labor Code §§ 4603.4(d) and 4600(b). Per Labor Code §4603.4(d), an electronic bill must be paid within 15 working days only if it is complete, uncontested, and billed at		Disagree. This section provides that an audit penalty may be applied if a <i>complete</i> bill is not paid or objected to within the 15 working day period. This is consistent with Labor Code §4603.4 which states that "If the billing is contested, denied, or incomplete, payment shall be made in accordance with Section 4603.2." Commenter's suggested language is confusing and unnecessary. The current language already includes the concept of completeness and "contesting" or "denying" the bill are components of objecting to the bill. If the bill is complete, it must be paid within 15 days if an objection has not been issued. The claims administrator may deny liability for the treatment or may contest the bill by raising any relevant objection, which may include that	None.
	or below the maximum fees provided in the Official Medical Fee Schedule. If those conditions are not met, the bill must be paid in accordance with Labor Code Section 4603.2. The billed treatment must also be reasonably required to cure or relieve the injured		the treatment is not required to cure or relieve the effects of the injury. It would not be helpful to add the suggested language.	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
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	employee from the effects of a workers' compensation injury as defined in Labor Code § 4600 (b).			
Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 7.3 Electronic Bill Attachments	Commenter suggests the following revised language:  (a)(6) Bill Transaction Identification Number – The Provider, or their its agent, assigns a unique identification number to the electronic bill transaction. This standard HIPAA implementation allows for a patient account number but strongly recommends that submitters use completely unique numbers for this field for each individual bill claim."	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	(a)(6) The language commenter sets forth is not the language in 7.3 (a)(6). The Division is unaware of where commenter obtained this language as it is not the language contained in the proposal.	None.
	(e) Attachment types  (1) Required Reports (2) Supporting Documentation (3) Requests for Written Authorization (4) Misc. (other type of attachment)  Discussion (a)(6) Unless "bill" replaces "claim," some users will submit a claim number instead of the intended bill tracking number. Other changes are to correct minor typographical errors.  (e)(1) The proposed edit distinguishes required reports from other reports.		(e)(1) It would not be appropriate to narrow the attachment type in (e)(1) to "required reports" as report may be attached that does not fall within the definition of "required report" set forth in Section One – Business Rules 1.0 Standardized Billing / Electronic Billing Definitions, (s). (e)(2) The language commenter sets forth is not the language in 1.0 (e)(3). The Division is unaware of where commenter obtained this language as it is not the language contained in the proposal. The section (e)(3) already states	

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Medical Billing & Payment Guide – Version of Forms – 2.0 Standardized Medical Billing Treatment Format	Reports other than required reports are considered supporting documentation.  (e)(3) "Requests for Authorization" appears to be a typographical error. Providers need to attach "Written Authorization."  Commenter would like the division to specify the revision date for each standard form/format.  Discussion  Specifying the "as of" date in addition to any version number for each standard billing form/format will avoid confusion. Sometimes a particular version is modified after its adoption.	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	"Written Authorization".  Agree in part. Agree that all forms should be identified clearly. All of the forms except the UB-04 are already identified by a revision date in the Appendix A.  1.0 CMS 1500 Version 08/05, page 16.  3.0 NCPDP Workers' Compensation/Property & Casualty Universal Claim Form Version 1.0, 05/2008, page 29.  4.0 ADA 2006 Dental Claim Form, page 42. However, it appears that the 2.0 description of the UB-04 does not identify the date of revision. This language will be added, although its usefulness will be somewhat limited as the form itself does not include a revision date.	Modify language in 2.0 UB-04 to identify that the UB-04 is revised in 2007.
Workers'	Commenter suggests the following:	Brenda Ramirez	Agree in part.	
Compensation Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 – Appendix A. Standard Paper	Paper Field 11 Required for all billings except a first billing.  Required for a first billing if known  Enter claim number, if known or if	Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI)	Agree that it should be clarified that the value "unknown" may only be entered on a first billing, but disagree with language	Modify proposal to provide that the value "unknown" claim

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Forms – CMS 1500	claim number is not known then enter the value of 'Unknown' to indicate unknown claim number. This box requires one of the above values and cannot be left blank or may result in the bill being rejected.	April 26, 2010 Written Comment	proposed by commenter. It would be confusing to adopt the language suggested "Required for all billings except a first billing" since these are specialized instructions for workers' compensation use of field 11. The first sentence in this instruction is "Enter claim number" This is important since the field title is "Insured's Policy Group or FECA Number," but workers' compensation will use this field for the claim number.	number may only be entered in field 11 if the bill is a first billing.
	Paper Field 14 Commenter recommends adding instruction on determining what date to enter for a cumulative trauma injury.		Agree. The California Workers' Compensation Instructions column should provide instruction regarding entering the date. For specific injuries the appropriate date is fairly straightforward. However, for cumulative trauma or occupational disease the appropriate date is more uncertain. Labor Code §5412 states: "The date of injury in cases of occupational diseases or cumulative injuries is that date upon which the employee first suffered disability therefrom and either knew, or in the exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, that such disability was	Modify Paper Field 14 to add "For Specific Injury: Enter the date of incident or exposure.  For Cumulative Injury or Occupational Disease: Enter either: 1) the last date of occupational exposure to the hazards of the occupational disease or

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			caused by his present or prior	cumulative injury
			employment." However, under	or 2) the date that
			Labor Code section 5500.5	the employee first
			liability is imposed upon the	suffered disability
			employer employing the employee	from cumulative
			during the last year immediately	injury or
			preceding 1) the date of injury as	occupational
			determined by Labor Code §5412	disease and knew (or should have
			or 2) the last date on which the	known) that the
			employee was employed in an	disability was
			occupation exposing him to the	caused by the
			hazards of the occupational	employment."
			disease or cumulative injury.	<u>employment.</u>
			There are many legal and factual	
			issues surrounding "date of injury"	
			for purposes of cumulative trauma	
			and occupational disease. For	
			electronic billing purposes, the	
			date of injury is used for matching	
			a bill to a claim of injury, and for	
			determining liability for injury.	
			Therefore, the Division proposes	
			inserting a date of injury	
			instruction for cumulative	
			trauma/occupational disease which	
			allows the doctor to enter either	
			the Labor Code §5412 date of	
			injury or the last date of exposure	
			as described in Labor Code	
	B 511145 5 1 1 1 2 2 2		§5500.5.	
	Paper Field 17 Required if referred		<b>D</b>	None.
	when other providers are associated		<b>Disagree.</b> The proposed language	Tione.
	with the bill		would narrow the requirement to	

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	Paper Field 17b Enter NPI number of referring provider If known  Paper Field 22 Required when the bill is a resubmission. Enter the Original Reference Number assigned to the bill by the claims administrator Workers' Compensation Carrier.		use the field only if there is a referring provider, but the field is also used if there is an ordering or supervising provider. See NUCC 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form Reference Instruction Manual For Form Version 08/05.  Disagree. The proposed language would narrow the requirement to use the field only if there is a referring provider, but the field is also used if there is an ordering or supervising provider.  Agree. The phrase "Workers' Compensation Carrier" is too narrow as it may be an entity other than an insurance carrier who receives the bill and assigns the number, such as a self-insured employer or a third party administrator.	None.  Modify Field 22 instructions to substitute "claims administrator" for "Workers' Compensation Carrier."
	Paper Field 23 Required when if a prior authorization, referral, concurrent review, or voluntary certification number was received. Enter the number/name as assigned by the payer for the current service. Do not enter hyphens or spaces within the number.		Agree. Commenter's suggestion to insert the word "number" will improve the clarity of the field 23 instructions since it is the receipt of an authorization <i>number</i> which triggers the need to complete the field; an authorization by the payer without a number will not be indicated in the field. Also,	Modify the Paper Field 23 Instructions, page 21 to replace "when" with "if" and to insert the word "number."

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	Paper Field 31 Commenter		substituting "if" in place of "when" improves the grammatical accuracy of the sentence.	
	recommends clarifying which physician or supplier must sign the form.		<b>Disagree.</b> The Form 1500 is used by a wide variety of physicians, health care providers and suppliers and the Division is unaware of what kind of clarification would be useful.	None.
	Either an additional field on the CMS 1500 at the line level is needed to capture the name of the rendering provider or the rendering provider name needs to be removed from the EOR field 21.		Disagree. The Field 24J is used for the rendering provider NPI. The name of the person or entity assigned a particular NPI can be ascertained by using the National Plan & Provider Enumeration System (NPPES). The NPI registry enables a user to query the data base; it can be accessed at: <a href="https://nppes.cms.hhs.gov/NPPES/NPIRegistryHome.do">https://nppes.cms.hhs.gov/NPPES/NPIRegistryHome.do</a> . NPIs may also be accessed through downloadable files: <a href="http://nppes.viva-it.com/NPI_Files.html">http://nppes.viva-it.com/NPI_Files.html</a> .	None.
Workers' Compensation	Commenter opines that a field is needed for the Medicare ID number.	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical	<b>Agree.</b> The inpatient hospital fee schedule and the outpatient	Modify the 2.1 Field Table UB-
Medical Billing &	This number is important because it	Director	hospital department and	04, Field 57
Payment Guide	programmed into software to trigger	California Workers'	ambulatory surgery center fee	instruction to
2010 – Appendix	the hospital payment factors, including	Compensation	schedule both use the Medicare	require the
A. Standard Paper	the composite factor, cost to charge	Institute (CWCI)	provider number because that is	Medicare
Forms – UB 04	ratio, cost outlier threshold and length	April 26, 2010	the number CMS uses in its fee	Provider number

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	of stay.	Written Comment	schedules. Therefore, the health facility submitting the bill should provide its Medicare ID number.	if the facility has one. Also modify to require State License Number if the provider does not have a Medicare Provider Number and is not eligible for an NPI.
	Field 52a needs to be changed from R (required) to N (not applicable). This is required under HIPAA rules, however not for workers' compensation because workers' compensation is exempt from HIPAA.		<b>Agree.</b> The HIPAA rules do not require a signed release for disclosure of personal health information where release is for workers' compensation purposes. 42 CFR §164.512 subdivision (b)(v), subdivision (l).	Modify field 52 instruction to delete R and insert N.
Workers' Compensation Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 – Appendix A. Standard Paper Forms - NCPDP	Commenter opines that it would be helpful to describe in the instructions the patient ID that must be entered in field 12.  Since the pharmacy's usual and customary charge is required to be entered for California, commenter suggests changing the paper field requirement indicator from O (optional) to R (required).	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. There is no single patient ID number that is required for workers' compensation. The Field 13 Patient ID Qualifier specifies the six codes that may identify the source of the patient ID number. The NCPDP's Manual Claim Forms Reference, Implementation Guide, page 40 sets forth these codes and descriptions. Commenter has not shown that there is a need to depart from the national standard implementation.	None.
Workers'	Commenter states that a field is needed	Brenda Ramirez	<b>Disagree.</b> The American Dental	None.

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Compensation Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 – Appendix A. Standard Paper Forms – ADA 2006	to identify a third party biller or assignee.	Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Association form does not contain a field to identify a billing agent or assignee. The Division has not identified any free fields, nor has commenter suggested a field to be used.	
Workers' Compensation Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 – Appendix B – 3.0 Field Table Standard EORs – Bill Level Adjustments	Commenter suggests the following revision:  Payor may use the bill level adjustment codes if an adjustment causes the amount paid to differ from the amount originally charged. The Bill Level Adjustment is used when an adjustment cannot be made to a single service line. The bill level adjustment is not a roll up of the line adjustments. The total adjustment is the sum of the bill and line level adjustment  The reason for reporting bill level adjustment information is expressed clearly in the second sentence.  Commenter recommends deleting the other language because it is somewhat confusing and not necessary.	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree in part. Agree that the first sentence should be deleted as it is not very clear. However, the last two sentences convey information regarding the relationship between the line level adjustment and the bill level adjustment and it is therefore useful to retain them.	Modify 3.0 Field Table for Standard Paper Explanation of Review to delete one sentence.
DWC Electronic Medical Billing &	Commenter suggests the following revision:	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical	<b>Agree in part.</b> The Division agrees that the rule should require	Modify Chapter 2, section 2.5.3 to

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Payment Companion Guide Version 1.0 2010 - Chapter 2 2.5.3 Health Care Provider Identification	Health Care Providers and Health Care Facilities are required to use the National Provider Identification number (NPI). If the provider or facility does not qualify for have an NPI, then the provider or facility must use his/her/its state license number.  Discussion Almost all medical providers qualify for and can request and receive an NPI. Commenter believes that only those providers who don't qualify should be relieved of the responsibility to report one on their billings. Reporting NPIs helps to prevent medical fraud and abuse because when NPIs are reported, changing the billing entity will no longer mask a duplicate billing or evade a contracted rate.	Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	all health care providers and health care facilities that are able to obtain an NPI to use the NPI in workers' compensation billing. However, the Division will use the phrase "eligible for an NPI" rather than "qualify for an NPI" since "eligible" is the term used in the federal NPI implementation. The HIPAA final rule on NPI published in the Federal Register makes it clear that all "health care providers" as defined (whether the provider is a "covered entity" under HIPAA or not) are eligible to obtain an NPI. "while all health care providers (as defined in § 160.103) are eligible to be assigned NPIs and may, therefore, obtain NPIs, health care providers that are covered entities must obtain NPIs. As mentioned earlier in this section, a health care provider that is not a covered entity and which has been assigned an NPI does not become a covered entity as a result of NPI assignment." Federal Register Vol. 69, No. 15, p. 3438, January 23, 2004.  45 CFR §162.410(b) is the federal regulation that allows a non-covered health care provider to	require the medical provider or facility to use the NPI if the provider or facility is "eligible" for an NPI.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
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			obtain an NPI.	
			45 CFR §160.103 states that:	
			"Health care provider means a	
			provider of services (as defined in	
			section 1861(u) of the Act, 42	
			USC 1395x(u)), a provider of	
			` ' ' ' <del>-</del>	
			medical or health services (as	
			defined in section 1861(s) of the	
			Act, 42 USC 1395x(s)), and any	
			other person or organization who	
			furnishes, bills, or is paid for	
			health care in the normal course of	
			business."	
			42 USC 1395x(u)	
			Provider of services:	
			"The term "provider of services" means a	
			hospital, critical access hospital, skilled	
			nursing facility, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility, home health	
			agency, hospice program"	
			42 USC 1395x(s)	
			"Medical and other health services	
			The term "medical and other health	
			services" means any of the following	
			items or services:	
			(1) physicians' services;	
			(2)(A) services and supplies (including	
			drugs and biologicals) furnished as	
			incident to a physiciay service	
			<ul><li>(B) hospital services</li><li>(C) diagnostic services</li></ul>	
			(D) outpatient physical therapy	
			services	
			(E) rural health clinic servces	
			(F) home dialysis supplies and	
			equipment	
			(G) antigens	

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			(I) blood clotting factors (K)servicesperformed by a physician assistant" [See regulation for complete list of services.]	
DWC Electronic	Commenter suggests the following	Brenda Ramirez	Agree that it will be clearer to	Modify to replace
Medical Billing &	revision:	Claims & Medical	replace the word "claims" with	the word "claims"
Payment		Director	"pharmacy bills."	with "pharmacy
Companion Guide	For electronically submitted <del>claims</del>	California Workers'		bills."
Version 1.0 2010 -	pharmacy bills, the date of service	Compensation		
Chapter 6	is considered the Billing Date,	Institute (CWCI)		
Companion Guide	unless other transactional	April 26, 2010		
Pharmacy	verification information is provided	Written Comment		
6.4 Billing Date	to the claims administrator to			
	confirm the date the bill was			
	transmitted. This date is			
	communicated in the Claim			
	Segment of the NCPDP Telecommunication Standard			
	Implementation Guide Version 5.1			
	Date of Service field (4Ø1-D1)			
	(Field #66 on WC/PC UCF), which			
	is included in the Transaction			
	Header Segment.			
DWC Electronic	Commenter suggests the following	Brenda Ramirez	Agree.	Delete the
Medical Billing &	revision:	Claims & Medical		indicated
Payment		Director		sentence from 6.9
Companion Guide	6.9 Prescribing Physician	California Workers'		of Chapter 6.
Version 1.0 2010 -	For California workers' compensation	Compensation		
Chapter 6	claims, the Prescribing Physician	Institute (CWCI)		
Companion Guide	Identification Number will be the NPI.	April 26, 2010		
Pharmacy	This data is supported in the NCPDP	Written Comment		
6.9 Prescribing	Telecommunication Standard			
Physician	Implementation Guide Version 5.1 in			

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
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	Fields 411-DB (Prescriber ID) (Field # 40 on WC/PC UCF) and 466-EZ (Field # 41 on WC/PC UCF) (Qualifier (12) DEA Number). If the prescribing physician does not have an NPI, the prescribing physician's state license number should be populated. The NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Version 5.1 contains qualifiers for all the identifiers detailed.  Discussion.  Since all physicians qualify to receive an NPI, there is no reason to make an exception here.  Commenter recommends replacing the term "claim" with "bill" throughout this section, including the title.  Discussion  This modification is necessary to avoid confusion over the workers' compensation meaning for "claim" as previously discussed.	Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree in part. Agree that in the workers' compensation community the term "claim" is often thought of as the injured workers' claim for workers' compensation benefits rather than the medical provider's claim for payment for medical services. However, the national standards refer to medical "claims." Indeed, the Health Care Claim Acknowledgment is the official Accredited Standards Committee title of the transmission standard being adopted – the ASX X12N 004040X167 277 Health Care Claim Acknowledgment. The	Modify 9.4.3 to add a sentence explaining that "claim" does not mean the injured workers' underlying claim for workers' compensation benefits, but rather means "bill" for medical services.
			instructions in 9.4.3 would be	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
			confusing if the term "bill" was inserted instead of "claim" because the official standard uses terms such as "claim status category" and "claim status codes." However, the Division can clarify the meaning of the word "claim" in this context by adding a sentence to explain its usage.	
General comment	Commenter opines that his version of Section 9792.5 will become final prior to the version of the Physician Reporting regulations that was recently on the Forum as a part of the Physician Reporting and Physician Fee Schedule package. Commenter states that it will be important that the two revisions are consistent, and their effective dates, along with the finalized WCIS effective date, are the same in order to minimize confusion and conflict.	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree in part. Agree that regulations should be consistent. However, disagree that the Physician Reporting regulations and Workers' Compensation Information System regulations should have the same effective dates.	None.
	Commenter is concerned about the large number of instructional manuals and Implementation Guides that these proposed regulations will require the regulated public to purchase and utilize, both in terms of expenses incurred and the potential for confusion and error that comes with needing to reference so many sources to complete a task.		Disagree that the number of instructional manuals and Implementation Guides will cause confusion or error. The paper forms, paper form instruction manuals, and electronic implementation guides are nationally used and have been created and refined to streamline billing and remittance/payment.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
			Adoption of standardized paper and electronic billing / remittance will create efficiencies through standardized formats and processes instead of the enormous variety of billing / remittance formats that currently exist.  Regarding costs, some of the forms and guides may be downloaded for free from the internet (the Form 1500 and instruction manual, the California Medical Billing and Payment Guide, the California Electronic Medical Billing and Payment Guide). Other paper forms/manuals and electronic implementation guides do have costs. However, claims administrators may choose to use a clearinghouse to process transactions which would obviate the need for the claims administrator to purchase the standards. Moreover, although there will be some startup expense, costs of processing electronic bills have been shown to be less than the costs of processing paper bills.	
9792.5	Commenter suggests the following language:  This section is applicable to medical	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance	<b>Disagree.</b> Commenter has not stated any reason for its suggestion and the Division is unaware of the basis for the suggestion. However,	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	treatment rendered between 1/1/2004 and before XXXX, 2010 [approximately 90 days after the effective date of this regulation].	Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	a similar comment has been made by Brenda Ramirez, Claims & Medical Director, California Workers' Compensation Institute in a comment dated April 26, 2010. See the response to her comment on page 45.	
9792.5(a)(4)	Commenter opines that the definition of a "required report" needs augmentation as Section 9785 does not include a definition for required report and this will become increasingly more contentious with the advent of E-billing. Commenter recommends a definition here that explicitly names the "required reports" as well as those found in the Official Medical Fee Schedule Ground Rules. Necessary documentation to support the billing could be included here or a separate definition added. But this too should be clearly defined to prevent conflict. Commenter notes that a definition for necessary documentation to support a bill is included in the California OWC Medical Billing and Payment Guide 2010 Section 1.0 (u). Commenter recommends that the Division restate it here.	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. The Division is proposing amendments to this section to conform to statutory changes that have been made to Labor Code §4603.2. The effective date of the changes includes retroactive application because the regulation did not conform to statutory changes that have been made. The commenter's proposal suggests adding a definition to specifically name "required reports" and "necessary documentation." However, it would not be helpful to add a retroactive definition of these terms. Definitions in the proposed DWC Medical Billing and Payment Guide are prospective only and it is not appropriate to insert the same definitions into this regulation.	None.
9792.5(b)	Commenter recommends the following revised language:	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President	<b>Disagree.</b> The sentence already says "any properly documented bill" It would be redundant to	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	Any properly documented bill for medical treatment within the planned course, scope and duration of treatment reported under Section 9785 which is provided or authorized by the treating physician shall be paid by the claims administrator within forty five working days from receipt of each separate itemized bill and any required reports or documentation necessary to support the bill and written authorizations, unless the bill is contested, as specified in subdivisions (d), and (e), within thirty working days of receipt of the bill.	American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	add the language "documentation to support the bill" suggested by the commenter. Adding "and written authorizations" could be seen to erroneously imply that preauthorization is required. Moreover, as detailed in the response above to section 9792.5(a)(4), the proposed changes to this section are confined to making changes to adhere to the statutory amendments.	
9792.5(d)	Commenter recommends the following revised language:  A claims administrator who objects to all or any part of a bill for medical treatment shall notify the physician or other authorized provider of the objection within thirty working days after receipt of the bill and any required report and shall pay any uncontested amount within forty five working days after receipt of the bill. If a required report or necessary documentation to support the billing is not received with the bill, the periods to object or pay shall commence on the date of receipt of the bill or report, whichever is received	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. The suggested language is redundant to the language in the section that states: "If the claims administrator receives a bill and believes that it has not received a required report or <i>adequate documentation</i> to support the bill" [Emphasis added.] Also, see responses above to comments on section 9792.5.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
9792.5(f)	later. If the claims administrator receives a bill and believes that it has not received a required report or adequate documentation to support the bill "  While Labor Code Section	Steven Suchil	Agree. See Response above to	Delete
	4603.2(b)(1) provides for a 15 percent penalty and interest if a bill is neither paid within 45 working days nor properly contested, the subsection that previously imposed interest if the appeals board subsequently determined a contested charge to be payable was deleted from Labor Code Section 4603.2(b)(1)(B) by the legislature in the Assembly Bill 1806 budget trailer bill, effective July 1, 2006. This deletion repealed the statutory authority for the appeals board to impose interest when it determines a contested charge is payable. Commenter recommends that this sub-section be removed from the proposed regulations.	Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	comment by Kathleen Burrows Claims Operations Manager State Compensation Insurance Fund, April 26, 2010 (page 18.)	subdivision (f) of §9792.5.
9792.5.2	In subdivision (a) this section states that providers "shall" submit their bills on standardized forms, subdivision (b) provides that all bills "shall" conform to the DWC Medical Billing and Payment Guide, subdivision (c) states that all E-bills "shall" conform to the Division of Workers' Compensation Medical Billing and Payment	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. This section sets forth the basic obligation to comply with the billing rules and guides and the effective dates for compliance by providers and health facilities. The section 9792.5.3 sets forth the basic obligation for claims administrators to conform to the	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	Companion Guide, and (d) provides that third party billers and assignees "shall" also comply as above.  Commenter is concerned that there is no stated consequence should these mandates not be followed. Commenter recommends adding language to the effect that bills that do not comply with these mandates "shall" be rejected.		billing rules and guides. It would not be efficient or clear to set forth the consequences for failure to conform to the billing obligations or the payment obligations in these general sections. The details of compliance requirements for billers and payers are set forth in the guides. Commenter's suggestion that this section provide that bills that do not conform "shall be rejected" is overbroad as not all bills that fail to conform to the billing rules are to be rejected. For example, a bill missing an attachment shall be put in "pending" status for up to five days for receipt of the bill.	
CA DWC Medical Billing & Payment Guide – Section 1 Business Rules – 1.10 Definitions	Commenter recommends the following changes, provided in underline, be made:  (b) "Bill" means the uniform billing form or format found in Appendix A setting forth the itemization of services provided found in Appendix A along with the required reports and/or supporting documentation as described in Section One 3.0.	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree in part. Agree that the concept of billing "format" should be included to account for electronic bills which are not "forms," but can be looked at as "formats." DWC will be modifying the proposal to clarify what constitutes an electronic bill as follows:  (b) "Bill" means:  (1) the uniform billing form found in Appendix A setting forth the itemization of services	Modify the definition of "bill" in subdivision (b) to encompass the electronic bill formats.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	e) "Clearinghouse" "means a public or private entity, including but not limited to a billing service, repricing company, community health management information system or community health information system, and "value-added" networks and switches, that provides either of the following functions:"  (1) Processes or facilitates the processing of health information received from another entity in a nonstandard format or containing nonstandard data content into standard data elements or a standard transaction and transmits to the receiving entity.		provided found in Appendix A along with the required reports and/or supporting documentation as described in Section One – 3.0-Complete Bills or  (2) the electronic billing transmission utilizing the standard formats found in Section Two – Transmission Standards 2.0  Electronic Standard Formats, 2.1  Billing, along with the required reports and/or supporting documentation as described in Section One – 3.0 Complete Bills.  Disagree. The definition of "clearinghouse" in the proposal uses the HIPAA definition, which is codified in 45 CFR §160.103. The language suggested by commenter is not necessary and commenter has not explained why the additional language would be useful.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS				
	(2) Receives a standard transaction from another entity and processes or facilitates the processing of health information into nonstandard format or nonstandard data content for and transmits to the receiving entity			
	(s) "Required report" means a report which must be submitted pursuant to Section 9785 or pursuant to all rules in the OMFS. These reports include the Doctor's First Report of Injury, PR-2, PR-3, PR-4 and their narrative equivalents, as well as any report accompanying a "By Report" code billing or any other instance where the Official Medical Fee Schedule dictates a report requirement.		Disagree. The suggested language is unnecessary and redundant. The section already states that a "required report" is one required by the Official Medical Fee Schedule. The proposed additions do not add any substance.	None.
CA DWC Medical Billing & Payment Guide – Section 1 Business Rules – 1.10 Definitions	Commenter states that there are many other services/situations in the Official Medical Fee Schedule that "require" a report.  (u) [sic] "Supporting Documentation" "means those documents, other than a required report, necessary to support a bill. These include, but are not limited to: report to support level of service codes, any written authorization received from the claims administrator or an invoice required for payment of the DME item being billed or proof of	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree that the language "report to support level of service codes" should be inserted into (t) [misidentified by commenter as (u)] as it is both redundant and ambiguous. The definition states that it means documents "other than a required report" but a "report to support a level of service codes" may sometimes be a "required" report and sometimes not. To the extent that the report is already required the language is redundant. It is ambiguous in that	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	payment for implantable hardware. See Section 1 § 3.0 Complete Bills."		there is no clarity as to when a report would be required to "support a level of service code."  Agree in part. Agree that it would be useful to add reference to the Complete Bills provision. In addition, subdivision (t) should be modified, but disagree that it should refer specifically to implantable hardware. The section will be modified so that it refers more broadly to invoices required by the OMFS. The provisions of the OMFS may change over time to require various supporting documentation. The billing rules here need to give precedence to the OMFS requirements because that is the place that substantive documentation requirements for fees are most often adopted. The subdivision (t) will be modified as follows:  "Supporting Documentation" means those documents, other than a required report, necessary to support a bill. These include, but are not limited to: any written authorization received from the claims administrator or an invoice required by the OMFS for payment of the DME item being billed. See Section 1 § 3.0	Modify subdivision (t) "supporting documentation" definition to refer to invoices required by the OMFS and to reference the Complete Bills section.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
			Complete Bills.	
	(w) "Treating Physician" "means the primary treating physician or secondary physician as defined by section 9785(a)(1),(2)."  Also, this definition includes the Primary Treating Physician and the secondary physician(s) yet there are occasions in the Guide where the term "treating physician" is used where Labor Code Section 4603.2 (b)(1) confines the activity to the Primary Treating Physician. Commenter suggests adding a definition for Primary Treating Physician and searching the document for occurrences of the use of treating physician when it should be only the Primary Treating Physician.		Disagree. Commenter has not given any examples of portions of the Guides that are inconsistent with the Labor Code §4603.2 and the Division is not aware of any inconsistency. The Division is not aware of the basis for commenter's assertion that "there are occasions in the Guide where the term "treating physician" is used where Labor Code Section 4603.2(b)(1) confines the activity to the Primary Treating Physician." Labor Code §4603.2 does not state that it only applies to the primary treating physician.	None.
	(y) "Uniform Billing Codes"  Commenter opines that this definition should include a version date for these codes which are updated annually in order to advise the regulated public as to which version is to be adhered to. If the Division is unable to keep up with the annual update schedule, a specific version date must be provided to prevent confusion and conflict.		Disagree that the "uniform billing codes" definition should include effective dates. For codes which are updated annually with fee schedule updates the fee schedule indicates the code versions to use. For dental services, there is no fee schedule but the Medical Billing & Payment Guide 4.0 ADA 2006, page 42 specifies that the codes in effect on the date of service are to	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
CA DWC Medical Billing & Payment Guide –3.0 Complete Bills	Commenter states that the issue of Complete Bills engendered many of work by the Task Force who were attempting to clarify what elements of the medical billing and reporting needed to be present in order to promptly review the bill and reimburse the provider. At the same time the group wanted to try to reduce the friction between payor and provider that occurs when bills are adjusted. Commenter believes that the difficulties on both sides regarding up- coding and downcoding is usually a result of the absence of, or different interpretations given to, the documentation.  It was therefore decided that in addition to previously "required" reports in Section 9785 and the Official Medical Fee Schedule, they would attempt to identify other "Supporting documentation" that would be necessary for a complete bill	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	be used. For the NUBC "Revenue Codes" and NUBC "UB-04 Codes," they are set forth in the NUBC Official UB-04 Data Specifications Manual 2010, Version 4.0, incorporated by reference (page 22.)	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	friction in areas where it is most common. While much of the group's work has been captured here, commenter notes some omissions.			
	Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:			
	(c) All required reports and supporting documentation must be submitted as follows:			
	(6) A descriptive report of the procedure, drug, DME or other item must be submitted when the provider uses any code that is payable "By Report" or is a timed code.		Disagree. Commenter has not shown a need for a report for every "timed code" nor has commenter provided a definition of "timed code." There are many CPT codes whose descriptors include an element of time, but this fact alone would not in and of itself give rise to the need for a report.	None.
	(8) An operative report is required when the bill is for Surgery Services or from a Surgery Facility.		Agree in part. Agree that bills for facility fees should, like bills for physician surgery services, be supported by an operative report. However, the Division will use other language than that proposed in order to clarify the provision.	Modify language of 3.0 Complete Bills (c)(8)to clarify that the operative report is required for health care provider fees and facility fees for surgery services.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	(9) An invoice or other A proof of documented paid costs must be provided when required for reimbursement of spinal hardware while an invoice must be submitted for DME.		Disagree with the suggestion to add language specifically referring to surgical implants and DME in the billing guide. The circumstances giving rise to the need for an invoice are set forth in the Official Medical Fee Schedule provisions. It would be confusing to insert the suggested language as it is not complete. However, it would be appropriate to modify the language to reference the requirements of the OMFS, as that will determine which procedures/services/goods require an invoice or proof of documented paid costs.	Modify (c)(9) to reference the OMFS.
	(10) Appropriate additional information reasonably requested by the claims administrator or its agent to support a billed code. when the request was made prior to submission of the billing.  Commenter opines that there is no way to determine the need for "additional" documentation before the bill/report is received and retaining the proposed language effectively prevents the Claims Administrator from ever being able to request		Disagree. See response above to the same comment submitted by Brenda Ramirez, Claims & Medical Director, California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI), April 26, 2010, page 62.	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
		T		
	additional information.			7.7.412.4
CA DWC Medical Billing & Payment Guide –4.0 Third Party Billers/Assignees	Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:  (a) Third party billers and assignees shall submit bills in the same manner as the original rendering provider would be required to do had the bills been submitted by the provider directly and shall have no greater right to reimbursement than the principal or assignor.  (b) The original rendering provider information will be provided in the fields where that information is required along with identifying information about the third party biller/assignee submitting the bill.	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree. The proposed language will improve the clarity of the section. Also, language will be inserted to clarify that the billing rules themselves do not give rise to the right to bill, but provide billing instruction where entities are entitled to bill under other provisions of law.	Modify language in 4.0 to clarify that the billing agent or assignee has no greater right to reimbursement than the principal or assignor, and to clarify that the billing rules themselves do not give rise to the right to submit bills.
	(c) Each billing submitted by a third party billing agent or assignee shall contain proof that the entity is an agent or assignee of the original provider.		Disagree. See answer above (page 65) to substantially the same comment posed by Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI)	None.
CA DWC Medical Billing & Payment Guide –5.0 Duplicate Bills,	The language in (a) discusses identifying Duplicate bills that arrive electronically but no mention is made of identification on paper bills. We	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance	Agree in part. The instructions for the CMS 1500 and the UB-04 on how to indicate a duplicate using data codes are in the Field	Modify 5.0 to specify how to indicate a duplicate paper

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
REGULATIONS				
Bill Revision and Balance Forward Billing	suggest a large Duplicate stamp placed prominently of the form.	Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Tables in Section One Appendix A. Duplicate Bills on the CMS 1500 form are indicated in field 10d. Duplicate Bills on the UB-04 are indicated in fields 18-28. See Appendices for Section One, Appendix A Standard Paper Forms: 1.1 Field Table CMS 1500 (page 19); 2.1 Field Table UB-04 (page 25.) For the ADA Dental form the regulation is modified to instruct marking "duplicate" in Field 1. For the NCPDP there is no space available and the trading partners can work out a mutually agreeable way to identify a duplicate.	bill as follows:  (1) CMS 1500: See 1.1 Field Table CMS 1500, Field 10d.  (2) UB-04: See 2.1 Field Table UB-04, UB-04 Form Locator 18-28.  (3) NCPDP WC/PC Claim Form: There is no applicable field for duplicate reports. Trading Partners may work out a mutually acceptable way of indicating a duplicate bill.  (4) ADA Dental Claim Form: the word "Duplicate" should be written in Field 1.
CA DWC Medical Billing & Payment Guide – 6.0 Medical Treatment Billing and Payment Requirements for Non-Electronically Submitted Medical Treatment Bills	Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:  (b) A claims administrator who objects to all or any part of a complete bill for medical treatment shall notify the health care provider, health care facility or third party biller/assignee of the objection within 30 working days	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. Commenter has not indicated a rationale for removing the word "complete" and the Division is unable to discern the reason for the comment. The claims administrator must object	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
BILLING REGULATIONS				
REGUENTIONS				
	after receipt of the bill and any		to a paper bill within 30 days, and	
	required report or supporting		the objection may be based on the	
	documentation necessary to support		fact that the bill is incomplete.	
	the bill and shall pay any uncontested		Moreover, it is conceivable that a	
	amount within 45 working days after		bill will have several services	
	receipt of the bill, or within 60		listed and the bill submission may	
	working days if the employer is a		be incomplete in relation to a	
	governmental entity. If the required		particular service and complete in	
	report or supporting documentation		relation to another service. Thus,	
	necessary to support the bill is not		subdivision (b) appropriately states	
	received with the bill, the periods to		that "a claims administrator who	
	object or pay shall commence on the		objects to all or any part of a	
	date of receipt of the bill, report,		billshall notify the health care	
	and/or supporting documentation		provider"	
	whichever is received later. If the			
	claims administrator receives a bill			
	and believes that it has not received a			
	required report and/or supporting		<b>Disagree.</b> Although the language	None.
	documentation to support the bill, the		"believes that it has not received a	
	claims administrator shall so inform		required report and/or supporting	
	the health care provider, health care		documentation to support the bill"	
	facility or third party biller/assignee		may appear to have a redundant	
	within 30 working days of receipt of		use of "support," it is necessary	
	the bill. An objection will be deemed		because "supporting	
	timely if sent by first class mail and		documentation" is the term of art	
	postmarked on or before the thirtieth		used repeatedly to describe items	
	working day after receipt, or if		other than "required reports." The	
	personally delivered or sent by		phrase "to support the bill" applies	
	electronic facsimile on or before the		to both the "required report" and	
	thirtieth working day after receipt.		"supporting documentation" and is	
	Any notice of objection shall include		necessary to show the linkage	
	or be accompanied by all of the		between the reports and supporting	
	following:		documentation and the bill.	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
STANDARDIZED BILLING			Disagree. The "level of detail" does often exist at the Acknowledgment stage and if a reason for rejection is apparent at the Acknowledgment stage it should be rejected using the proper error messages. (See Chapter 9, Electronic Medical Billing and Payment Companion Guide, Health Care Claim Acknowledgement 277, and the Health Care Claim Request for Additional Information 277 implementation guides for further detail.) If grounds for rejecting the claim are discovered after the bill has moved into the bill review stage, the bill may be rejected using the 835 Healthcare Claim Payment / Remittance Advice. (See Chapter 7, Electronic Medical Billing and Payment Companion	None.
			Guide.) The Bill rejection error messages referred to in 7.1 (a)(3)(B)(iv) missing attachment and (v) missing required documentation cannot be combined as they are not coextensive. Missing attachment is used when the bill submission indicates that an attachment will be submitted but no attachment	

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in		arrives whereas missing required documentation means that supporting documentation is missing whether or not the bill has indicated there would be an attachment. If the claims administrator uses a clearinghouse it will need to assure that the clearinghouse can determine if a claim has been denied. The mechanism for this can be addressed in the trading partner agreement. Moreover, if a claim of injury is denied after the Acknowledgment stage, the bill may be denied by use of the Health Care Claim Payment/Advice (835).	
	(b) Payment and Remittance Advice.  Healthcare Claim Payment/Advice (ASC X12 N 835) - If the electronically submitted bill has been determined to be complete, payment for uncontested medical treatment provided or authorized by the treating physician selected by the employee or designated by the employer shall be		Agree in part. The Division agrees that reference to Labor Code §4603.2 would be useful. However, adding the language suggested by the commenter in the first paragraph of (b) would be confusing as that is a general statement that payment for uncontested medical treatment shall be made within 15 working	Modify 7.1(b) to insert the following language: "Any contested portion of the billing shall be processed in accordance with LC § 4603.2."

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
	made by the employer within 15 working days after electronic receipt of an itemized electronic billing for services at or below the maximum fees provided in the official medical fee schedule adopted pursuant to Section §5307.1. If an e-bill is contested, denied or incomplete; payment shall be made pursuant to Labor Code 4603.2. Nothing prevents the parties from agreeing to submit bills electronically that are being paid per contract rates under Labor Code §5307.11. Remittance advice shall be sent using the Healthcare Claim Payment Advice (ASC X12 N (835) Payment transaction set as defined in Companion Guide Chapter 9. Explanations of Review shall use the codes listed in Appendix B - 1.0.		days. The Division believes that reference to Labor Code §4603.2 (which contains the longer period for objection to and payment of paper bills) would be more appropriate and clear in the second paragraph of (b) which deals with "A claims administrator who objects to all or any part of an electronically submitted bill	
	Commenter is concerned that more general code descriptions found in the CARC and RARC listings will lead to many misunderstandings by providers and increased friction between the parties. Commenter recommends that the Division put a crosswalk for these codes to the DWC Bill Adjustment Reasons on their website.		Agree that it is helpful to have the CARC and RARC crosswalked to the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes. The Division created a crosswalk which is contained in the Medical Billing and Payment Guide, Appendix B, 1.0 California DWC ASC Matrix Crosswalk. The Medical Billing and Payment Guide will be posted on the Division's website.	Post the Medical Billing and Payment Guide on the Division website after it is adopted and filed with the Secretary of State as a regulation.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
CA DWC Medical Billing & Payment Guide - 7.0 Medical Treatment Billing and Payment Requirements for Electronically Submitted Medical Treatment Bills – 7.2. Penalty	Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:  (a) Any electronically submitted bill billing at or below the Official Medical Fee Schedule determined to be complete, medically necessary and in keeping with Official Medical Fee Schedule ground rules not paid within the 15 working day period shall be subject to audit penalties per Title 8, California Code of Regulations 10111.2 (b) (10), 11.	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Disagree. Commenter's formatting of the suggested deletions and additions is not accurate. It has omitted the language that a bill "not objected to" within 15 days is subject to audit penalty. An important aspect of electronic billing is the quick turnaround time; claims administrators must pay within 15 working days or inform the provider of an objection within 15 days. The Audit Unit has authority to penalize claims handling that does not meet the regulatory time frame. In addition, the suggestion to add modifiers to describe the electronic bill – "at or below the OMFS," "medically necessary" and "in keeping with the OMFS ground rules" is not well taken. Those modifiers are items that the claims administrator may raise in defense as part of a timely objection.	None.
CA DWC Medical Billing & Payment Guide - 7.0 Medical Treatment Billing and Payment Requirements for Electronically	Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:  (a) Required reports and/or supporting documentation to support a bill as defined in Complete Bill Section 3.0 shall be submitted in accordance with	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	<b>Disagree.</b> See response above to similar comment regarding the term "supporting documentation."	None.

ELECTRONIC AND STANDARDIZED BILLING REGULATIONS	RULEMAKING COMMENTS 45 DAY COMMENT PERIOD	NAME OF PERSON/ AFFILIATION	RESPONSE	ACTION
Submitted Medical Treatment Bills – 7.3. Electronic Bill Attachments	this section. All attachments to support an electronically submitted bill must either have a header or attached cover sheet that provides the following information:			
	(4) Billing Provider NPI Number - the number must be the same as populated in Loop 201 OAA, NM109. If the provider is you are ineligible for an NPI, then this number is you're the provider's atypical billing provider ID. This number must be the same as populated in Loop 201 OAA, REF02.		Agree.	Modify subdivision (a)(4) to adopt the proposed language which uses the third person "the provider" rather than "you are" and "your."
	(6) Bill Transaction Identification Number - The This shall be the same number as populated in the ASC X12N 837 transactions, Loop 2300 Claim Information, CLM01		Agree.	Modify (a)(6) as suggested.
Appendix A Standard Paper Forms – 1.0 CMS 1500	Field 14:  Commenter states that a standardized direction needs to be provided for what date to use for Continuous Trauma injuries. This comment pertains to all forms/formats.  Field 22:	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree. See response above to same comment from Brenda Ramirez, Claims & Medical Director, California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI), April 26, 2010. Also, same date of injury instruction is added to: UB-04 Form Locator 31-34a,b NCPDP WC/PC Form Field 11 NCPDP Telecommunications D.0	Modify Field 14 as specified above in response to comment of Brenda Ramirez and also add same language to UB-04, ADA Dental Form, NCPDP WC/PC

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	Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:		data element 434-DY ADA Dental From Field 46.	Form, 837 Professional, 837 Institutional, 837 Dental, and NCPDP Telecommunications version D.0.
	Required when the bill is a resubmission. Enter the Original Reference Number assigned to the bill by the Workers' Compensation Carrier Claims Administrator.		Agree. See response to CWCI above.	Modify Field 22 instructions: delete "Workers' Compensation Carrier" and insert "Claims Administrator."
	7 - Replacement of prior <del>claim</del> <u>bill</u> 8 - Void/cancel of prior <del>claim</del> <u>bill</u>		Agree in part. It is not appropriate to delete the word "claim" as this is the term used in the NUBC Frequency Code. However, it would be helpful to insert the word "bill" in parentheses since that is the term with which the workers' compensation participants are more familiar.	Modify Field instructions to 22 to insert "(bill)" after the word "claim."
	Field 31: Commenter requests clarification which physician/supplier (Rendering/Referring/Billing) is to sign in Comment section.		<b>Disagree</b> that clarification is needed on the Box 31 "Signature of Physician or Supplier" as commenter has not shown a need for instruction specifically related	Modify 1.1 Field Table CMS 1500, Field 31 "Workers' Compensation

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	Field 33		to workers' compensation. However, reexamination of Box 31 and the NUCC Instruction Manual has lead to the decision to modify the Workers' Compensation Requirement to Optional rather than Required. The signature block refers to the reverse of the form, which does not relate to workers' compensation. In addition, there is no statutory requirement that bills be signed by the physician or provider. Moreover, the electronic 837 Professional TR3 does not utilize a signature. Therefore, the Field 31 signature should be an optional field.	Requirement" column to delete "R" and insert "O."
	Commenter seeks clarification if this is where the 3rd Party Biller/Assignee would identify themselves? If so, commenter suggests stating this in the Comment column.		Agree that it would be beneficial to clarify that Field 33 is the field where an Assignee would be identified.	Field 33 instructions will be modified. Will insert language as follows: "Required as provided in 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form Reference Manual, however, if a third party biller or assignee

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Appendix A Standard Paper Forms – 2.0 UB 04	Commenter states that it does not appear that a field for Medicare Number is provided. This is the mechanism used by the Division to advise the regulated community of the Composite Factor and is currently required for facility billers to report. If the NPI number is to replace the Medicare Number, we need to make sure this transmission will not create delays or create the need for yet another crosswalk.	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree that the Medicare Provider Number must be provided for facilities that have been assigned a number. See response to same comment made by Brenda Ramirez Claims & Medical Director, California Workers' Compensation Institute (CWCI) Above, page 90.	is to be the payee, identify here."  See the page 90 for description of the modifications that will be made to require the Medicare Provider Number in Field 57.
	Field 52a:  Commenter states that it is not clear why this field necessary. Commenter believes it would be required via HIPAA, but Workers' Compensation is exempted. Commenter believes that it should be O or N in order to facilitate completion and transmission.		Agree. HIPAA does not apply to workers' compensation so this field should not be required. However, it should be listed as optional instead of not applicable as there is nothing in workers' compensation law which would prohibit a provider from obtaining a release of information signature from the patient.	Field 52a will be changed from "R" to "O."
Appendix A Standard Paper Forms – 3.0 NCPDP	If the references to other manuals in the Guides are to be left in, then commenter recommends that language be added, used for the CMS and UB	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance	Agree.	Modify Medical Billing and Payment Guide page 29 to add

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	forms, that where there are differences, this Guide supersedes the underlying manual.	Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment		language stating that the Guide takes precedence over the NCPDP manual if there is a conflict.
	Field 12:  In the interest of clarity commenter recommends putting the type of ID coding that is to be placed here.		<b>Disagree.</b> The NCPDP Manual Claims Form Reference Manual addresses Field 12, and Field 13 which has the coding to identify the source of the data in field 12.	None.
	Field 99:  Commenter states that it is not clear why the Usual and Customary Charge is listed as Optional but the California Workers' Compensation Instruction column says it is required. It would seem that this should be listed as a Required field to reduce errors.		Agree that the Field 99 should be required rather than optional. In addition, the Division will add clarifying language in the Instruction column that the pharmacy is to enter the usual and customary "price" rather than "charge" as this is the terminology used for the workers' compensation fee calculation. Also, the comments column will be clarified to specifically exclude the dispensing fee.	Field 99 Comments column will be modified to make it clear that the dispensing fee is not to be set forth here, but rather in Field 102. The California Workers' Compensation Instruction will be modified to direct the pharmacy to enter the usual and customary price.
Appendix A	If the references to other manuals in	Steven Suchil	Agree.	Modify language
Standard Paper	the Guides are to be left in, then	Assistant Vice	1191001	regarding the

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Forms – 4.0 ADA 2006	commenter recommends that language be added, used for the CMS and UB forms, that where there are differences, this Guide supersedes the underlying manual.	President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment		ADA Current Dental Terminology Reference manual page 42 to add language stating that the Guide takes precedence over the ADA manual if there is a conflict.
	Field 49/50:  Commenter asks who, other than a Dentist or possibly a Hygienist, would use this form. Commenter opines that it would seem that these 2 fields should be Required.  Field 52:		Agree that Field 49 should be Required as the billing dentist or dental entity will be eligible to obtain an NPI.  Disagree that Field 50 should be required. Field 49 must be Situational since the NPI will Agree in part.	Modify 4.1 Field Table ADA 2006, Field 49 to insert "R" and delete "S" and delete comment.
	Commenter notes that it appears that the phone number is provided in Field 48.		Agree that it appears that the phone number is in both Field 48 and Field 52. This is because the phone number is erroneously listed in Field 48.	Modify Field 48 to delete the "phone number" since it is not indicated on the ADA 2006 form and is actually in Field 52.
Appendix B	Commenter recommends that the	Steven Suchil	<b>Disagree</b> with the specific	Delete the
Standard	following changes, provided in	Assistant Vice	suggestions submitted by	paragraph that is

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Explanation of Review  Appendix B	In addition, a claims administrator who objects to all or any part of a complete bill for medical treatment shall notify the physician or other authorized provider of the objection within 30 working days after receipt of the bill, any required reports and supporting documentation and shall pay any uncontested amount within forty-five working days after receipt of the bill, or, for governmental entities, within 60 working days. If a required report or supporting documentation is not received with the bill, the periods to object or pay shall commence on the date of receipt of the bill or report, whichever is received later. If the claims administrator receives a bill and believes that it has not received required reports and supporting documentation to support the bill, the claims administrator shall so inform the medical provider within thirty working days of receipt of the bill.  The suggested additional language conforms this sentence to the sentences that precede and follow it.	President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	commenter. <b>Agree</b> that the language should be clarified. The paragraph that the commenter has proposed for revision has been deleted from the modified proposal. In addition, the modified proposal contains a substantial revision to the narrative language regarding the paper and electronic Explanations of Review.	the subject of the commenter's suggestion. Modify the entire narrative provisions regarding paper and electronic Explanation of Review to improve the clarity.
Appendix <b>D</b>	Commence recommends that the	Sieven Sueini	Disagree with the specific	Delete the

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Standard Explanation of Review – How to use the tables	following changes, provided in underline, be made:  The DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk includes the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes, a description of the billing problem the code is describing, the Explanatory Message, and any special instructions for the payor on additional information required when using that code. The DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes are for use on paper EOR's. It also crosswalks to the ANSI Claims Adjustment Reason Codes (CARC) and the ANSI Remittance Advice Remark Codes (RARC). This sub set of the CARC and RARC codes are the only acceptable codes from these data sets for use on an EOR for California workers' compensation purposes unless there is a written contract agreed to by the parties specifying something different. The CARC and RARC codes are for use on electronic EOR's. The table is divided into sections that correspond with the different fee schedules or sections of fee schedules being used for medical billing. General explanations may be used for any section, but the section specific codes should only be used for bills being submitted under that	Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	suggestions submitted by commenter regarding the "How to Use the Tables" language, because although the insertions are correct statements of the intended use of DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes, CARCs and RARCs, there is a need for a broader revision.  Agree that the language should be clarified. The paragraph that the commenter has proposed for revision has been deleted from the modified proposal. In addition, the modified proposal contains a substantial revision to the narrative language regarding the paper and electronic Explanations of Review.	paragraph that is the subject of the commenter's suggestion. Modify the entire narrative provisions regarding paper and electronic Explanation of Review to improve the clarity.

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	we are concerned that the more general CARC and RARC EOR explanations required for electronic EOR's will lead to greater friction between the payor and provider communities rather than a lessening it, as was the goal of developing the DWC Adjustment Codes. If it is truly impossible to use these codes for electronically generated EOR's we strongly recommend that the Division place the crosswalk on their website for reference by the provider community.  Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:		Disagree with the suggestion to use the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes on electronic EORs and disagree that the CARCs and RARCs used in electronic EORs will lead to greater friction. The national standard 005010X221 Payment/Advice (835) does not support use of the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes. The Crosswalk will be appear on the DWC website as part of the Medical Billing and Payment Guide which will be posted for public access. A payor receiving an electronic EOR can use the crosswalk to "translate" the possibly more general CARC/CARC to a DWC Bill Adjustment Code and Explanatory Message.	None.
	The 3.0 Field Table for Standard Explanation of Review provides the required elements for a paper EOR.  Paper EOR's do not require the use of CARC/RARC codes.		Disagree with the specific suggestion submitted by commenter because, although the insertion is a correct statement of the intended use of CARCs and RARCs, there is a need for a	Modify the entire narrative provisions regarding paper and electronic Explanation of

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			broader revision. <b>Agree</b> that clarification is needed.	Review to improve the clarity.
	It is commenter's understanding that Paper EOR's do not require the use of the RARC codes, instructions for their use is included in G9, G10, G77 and G78. It appears that these instructions misplaced.  This one line title is followed by 1.0, the California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk and the 2.0, the Matrix in CARC Order. Commenter suggests that this should this be moved to		Agree that paper EORs do not require use of the RARCs and it may be confusing to include instructions for RARCs in the "CA Payor Instructions" column. The language will be clearer in the RARC Column.  Disagree. The DWC does not understand what the commenter is suggesting. In addition, insofar as he is suggesting a reordering of the tables the DWC cannot discern a	Modify the G9, G10, G79 (renumbered, formerly G79), G80 (renumbered, formerly G78.)
1.0 California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk – G54	precede the 3.0 Field Table.  Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:  Provider's documentation does not support level of service billed	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	benefit to doing so.  Agree.	Modify 1.0 California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk, G54 to insert missing word "of."
1.0 California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk – G73	Commenter states that the DWC Explanatory Message column is a duplicate of Issue column language.  Commenter opines that the DWC Explanatory Message should read:  Requested documentation to support	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree. Commenter has correctly pointed out an error in column three which erroneously duplicates column two. Commenter's suggested language is appropriate.	Modify DWC explanatory message and CA Payor Instructions in G74 (renumbered, formerly G73) to

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	the bill was absent or incomplete.  Commenter also recommends adding			insert language suggested by commenter.
	the following to the CA Payor			
	Instructions column:		Agree.	Modify G74 to
				insert the
	Identify necessary item(s.)			suggested language.
1.0 California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk – G77	The How to Use the Tables states that only the specified RARC codes may be used.  Commenter states that N437 is referenced and it appears not to be anywhere in the table.	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree.	Modify G79 (renumbered, previously G77) to include N437 in the RARC column. Also added to G80 (formerly G78.)
1.0 California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk – G78	Commenter states it appears that part of the DWC Explanatory Message was truncated. Likely, it is intended to read as in G77. N437 is referenced here as well.	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree. Language is missing from the Explanatory Message column and N437 is referenced but does not appear.	Modify G80 (formerly G78) to include N437 language in the RARC column, and add missing language to the DWC Explanatory Message column.
1.0 California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk Physical Medicine DWC Explanatory Messages	Commenter states that with the imminent move to current CPT codes with 15 minute Physical Medicine procedure codes, separate Occupational Therapy codes and the proposed changes to the Physical Medicine Ground Rules much of this	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree that when new Physician Fee Schedule coding and ground rules are adopted that new DWC Adjustment Reason Codes may be needed.	No action needed currently, but calendar the DWC Bill Adjustment Reason Codes for review when the

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1.0 California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk – PM7	section of EOR's will need updating. PM1, PM3, PM4, PM5, PM6, PM7, PM8 and PM9, PM11 will all require revision. This may not be done before the Physician Fee Schedule is finalized, but it needs to be calendared to be done concurrently with the finalization of the Physician Fee Schedule.  The current Issue language is identical to the OWC Explanatory Message column.  Commenter states that the Issue column should be amended as below:  No Mmore than four physical medicine procedures including Chiropractic Manipulation and	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree that the Issue and DWC Explanatory Message erroneously have the same language. However, the language will be revised to be more consistent with the format of other Issue entries by starting with "Provider bills"	Physician Fee Schedule is updated.  The "Issue" entry for PM7 is modified to read "Provider bills more than four physical medicine procedures and/or chiropractic manipulation and/or
	Acupuncture codes are reimbursable billed during the same visit without prior authorization pursuant to Physical Medicine Rule 1 (d)			acupuncture codes during the same visit without prior authorization."
1.0 California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk – PM12	The current language needs to specify that this code refers to Pre-Surgery visits. A new EOR(s) needs to be created for post-surgical visits.  In the case of the current PM12 commenter suggests:	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree that there should be a specialized message for the presurgery visits in excess of 24.  Disagree that a separate EOR message needs to be created for post-surgical Physicial Therapy/Occupational Therapy/Chiropracitc vistis since	PM12 will be modified as suggested.

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	Issue: Pre-surgical \(\forall \)visits in excess of 24 are charged without prior authorization for additional visits.  Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:  DWC Explanatory Message: Charge is denied as there is a 24-visit limitation on Pre-surgical Physical Therapy, Chiropractic and Occupational Therapy encounters for injuries on/after January 1, 2004 without prior authorization for additional visits.		those would be dealt with using the regular codes such as G68, G70, G71, G72, G73, G76, or G78.	
1.0 California DWC ANSI Matrix Crosswalk – S8	Commenter recommends that the following changes, provided in underline, be made:  The DWC Explanatory Message has been dropped from this EOR. The Forum language was "Your bill is rejected as we have not received the operative report. Resubmit your bill with the report for reconsideration."	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree that the language suggested should be inserted, but slightly modified for consistency of format with other messages.	Modify S8 to insert the DWC Explanatory Message: "The Surgeon's bill has been rejected as we have not received the operative report. Resubmit bill with the operative report for reconsideration."
2.0 Matrix List in CARC Order	The How to Use the Tables state that only the specified RARC codes may be used. It does not appear that N437 is in the matrix, but it is referenced for use with G77 and G78	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association	Agree that the RARC N437 should be in the table. (Note that the "How to Use the Tables" has been deleted and the narrative description has been substantially	Add the RARC N437 to Table 2.0 Matrix List in CARC Order.

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Medical Billing & Payment Companion Guides 2.1.3	This section cites the Security Rule as Appendix E. It should be Appendix D.	April 26, 2010 Written Comment Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	rewritten for clarity.)  Agree.	Typographical error will be corrected.
Medical Billing & Payment Companion Guides 9.2	Commenter states that the Task Force spent a lot of time on this issue. This solution was only for the first submission by any given provider.  After they were electronically advised of the Claim Number, subsequent bills with the Claim Number absent would be determined Incomplete.  Commenter strongly recommends this be added to this section.	Steven Suchil Assistant Vice President American Insurance Association April 26, 2010 Written Comment	Agree. The Medical Billing and Payment Guide already provides that the "pending for missing claim number" process is only for bills submitted prior to the provider being electronically advised of the claim number. The Medical Billing and Payment Guide states in pertinent part: "If the claims administrator has already provided the claim number to the billing entity, the bill may be rejected as incomplete without placing the bill in pending status." Medical Billing and Payment Guide, 7.1 Timeframes (a)(3)(A)(i.) The DWC agrees with the commenter's suggestion to add a provision to the Companion Guide, 9.2 to make it clear that the bill must be pended for a missing claim number only if the claims administrator has not	Modify 9.2 of the Companion Guide to clarify that the "pending for missing claim number" process is only for the first bill submission: "Once the claim number has been provided to the bill submitter, subsequent bill submissions are not subject to the pre-adjudication hold status and may be denied for being incomplete due to lack of the claim number".

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			previously provided the claims number.	
General Comment	Commenter is really excited and supportive of the proposed regulations and is eagerly anticipating their adoption.  Commenter states that Texas implemented e-billing requirements two years ago and have 80 percent compliance. Minnesota implemented mandatory e-billing requirements in July 2009 and they only have 3 percent compliance.	Sandy Shtab Healthesystems, Inc. April 26, 2010 Oral Comment	DWC appreciates the support for e-billing.	None.
	Commenter recommends that there be an 18-month implementation period after adoption of these regulations before they are mandatory.  Commenter states that in 2012 there will be changes with the ICD-10 and the electronic standards from 4010 to 5010 so the 18 month period would be better.  Commenter states that the CMS website indicates that 95 percent or more of all medical providers have established electronic connectivity with Medicare and there are a lot of companies assisting to connect the physicians or the medical providers to the payers and that this will result in		Agree that 18 month period should be allowed prior to mandatory acceptance of ebills due to the fact that this is the timeframe allowed in Labor Code 4603.4. Agree that HIPAA requires use of the 5010 standards in 2012. However, ICD-10 is not mandatory for HIPAA covered transactions until October of 2013.  DWC appreciates this information as background, although it is not addressed to the substance of the regulatory proposal.	None.

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	significant savings to the system as a whole.			
Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 7.1(b); 7.2(a) and (b)	Commenter does not believe that the 15 day time limit for payment is workable.	Sandy Shtab Healthesystems, Inc. April 26, 2010 Oral Comment	Disagree. See response above to comment of Mary Jo Castruccio Assistant Risk Manager - Workers' Compensation Contra Costa County April 26, 2010.	None.
Medical Billing & Payment Guide 2010 7.1(b); 7.2(a) and (b)	Commenter does not think that the Division needs to have an 18 month implementation period for e-billing regulations. Commenter works for a clearinghouse that connects providers to payers. Commenter states that her organization allows the provider to simply fax in the attachments at no charge and her company marries it with the e-bill and sends it to the payer.	Linda Wikler Emdeon April 26, 2010 Oral Comment	Disagree that with the suggestion that there should not be an 18 month implementation period.  Labor Code 4603.4 specified a time period for ebilling to become mandatory that allowed 18 months. Parties who wish to engage in ebilling may enter into agreements to do so prior to the mandatory implementation date.	None.
	Commenter does not feel that the 15 day requirement is an issue for remittance advice, especially for the workers' compensation payers that are using her organizations connectivity with the providers. Commenter opines that if they have to route it to a third party for bill review, her organization can route it to that third party and bring it back to the payer for adjudication.		DWC appreciates commenter's statement that the 15 day period for issuing remittance advice is achievable for her organization.	None.