

Title 8. Industrial Relations
Division 1. Department of Industrial Relations
Chapter 4.5. Division of Workers' Compensation
Subchapter 1. Administrative Director - Administrative Rules

Article 8. Benefit Notices; Claims Administrator's Duties and Responsibilities; Claim Form and Notice of Potential Eligibility for Benefits; Regulatory Authority of the Administrative Director

§ 9810. General Provisions.

(a) This Article applies to benefit notices prepared on or after its effective date. ~~Amendments to this Article filed with the Secretary of State on December 11, 2007 shall become effective for notices required to be sent on or after April 9, 2008. Where a claim is subject to an alternative dispute resolution (ADR) program pursuant to section 3201.5 or 3201.7, the contents of any notice required by this Article that would be inconsistent with the provisions of the ADR agreement shall be modified to be consistent with the ADR agreement.~~

(b) The Administrative Director may issue and revise from time to time a Benefit Notice Instruction Manual as a guide for completing and serving the notices required by this Article.

(c) ~~Benefit notice letters~~ notices, excepting those notices whose language or format ~~are~~ is set forth in statute or where a specific notice form has been adopted as a regulation, may be produced on the claims administrator's letterhead. ~~Unless sent on the claims administrator's letterhead, all notice letters~~

1. All notices shall identify the claims administrator's name, mailing address, telephone number and website address if available, the employee's name, employer's name, the claim number, the date the notice was sent to the employee, and the date of injury. All notices shall clearly identify the name and telephone number and mailing address of the individual claims examiner responsible for the payment and adjusting of the claim, and

2. Where the claims administrator has a **clearly documented** reason to believe that disclosure of the claims examiner's name presents or may present a security concern towards the personal safety of the claims examiner, the claims administrator may identify an alternate but specific claims department name and telephone number in lieu of the claims examiner's name and telephone number.

3. All notices shall include a notation if one or more attachments are being sent with the notice, and

(d) All notices shall clearly state that additional information may be obtained from an Information and Assistance officer with the Division of Workers' Compensation, or on the Division's website: www.dwc.ca.gov. Each benefit notice shall refer the employee

(by chapter number and internet url) to the appropriate chapter of the publication "Workers' Compensation in California: A Guidebook for Injured Workers" that addresses the benefit(s) to which the notice pertains, and shall advise the employee that a complete copy of the Guidebook may be obtained on the Division of Workers' Compensation's website at <http://www.dir.ca.gov/InjuredWorkerGuidebook/InjuredWorkerGuidebook.html> or by contacting an information and assistance (I&A) officer of the Division of Workers' Compensation. If the employer offers additional disability benefits in addition to those provided by law under workers' compensation, the claims administrator may incorporate the information within the notices required by these regulations. A single benefit notice may encompass multiple events. Where a notice is being issued but a check for benefits to which the notice refers is being separately mailed to the employee, the notice shall advise the employee that the check is being mailed separately.

(d)(e) Every benefit notice, excepting those mandatory notices that have been set forth in statute or where a specific notice form has been adopted as a regulation, shall include a mandatory statement of employee's (or claimant's) remedies, as follows:

(1) For claims not subject to an alternative dispute resolution (ADR) program under Labor Code sections 3201.5 or 3201.7, the following language shall be used:

"You have a right to disagree with decisions affecting your claim. If you have any questions about the information provided to you in this notice, please call me, *[insert either me, the adjuster's name or a specific claims department name and telephone number]*. You also have the right to be represented by an attorney of your choice. However, if you are represented by an attorney, you should call your attorney, not me.

"For information about the workers' compensation claims process and your rights and obligations, go to www.dwc.ca.gov or contact an information and assistance (I&A) officer of the state Division of Workers' Compensation. For recorded information and a list of offices, call (800) 736-7401."

(2) For claims subject to an alternative dispute resolution (ADR) program under Labor Code sections 3201.5 or 3201.7, the language in paragraph (1) shall be used to the extent that it is consistent with the provisions of the ADR agreement, and the following language shall be substituted in its place to the extent appropriate according to the ADR agreement:

"You have a right to disagree with decisions affecting your claim. If you have any questions regarding the information provided to you in this notice, please call me, *[insert either me, the adjuster's name or a specific claims department name and telephone number]*, or *[insert name, title, and telephone of ombudsperson or mediator]*. However, if you are represented by an attorney, you should call your attorney, not *[insert me, or the specific claims department name]*, the ombudsperson, or mediator.

NOTE: For employees subject to an alternative dispute resolution (ADR) program under Labor Code section 3201.5, the claims administrator may include the following language if appropriate under the provisions of the ADR program:

“In accordance with the [*insert union name*] agreement, active participation by an attorney is not allowed in the Ombudsman and Mediation stages of the ADR workers’ compensation process. ~~Your~~ However, you have the right to consult with an attorney and your right to obtain legal advice is not limited and you may obtain such at your own expense at any time. If the Ombudsman and Mediation stages of dispute resolution are unsuccessful and a written request for Arbitration has been timely filed, attorney participation is allowed.”

“For information about the workers’ compensation claims process and your rights and obligations, contact an information and assistance (I&A) officer of the state Division of Workers’ Compensation. Be sure to inform the I&A officer that your claim is subject to an alternative dispute resolution program. For a list of offices, go to www.dwc.ca.gov or call (800) 736-7401.”

~~(d)(e)~~(f) Benefit notices, ~~excepting~~ ~~except~~ those notices ~~whose~~ ~~where~~ language or format ~~are~~ is set forth in statute or specific notice forms adopted by regulation, may be produced in any format developed by the claims administrator. Each such benefit notice shall contain all relevant notice elements required by either statute or regulation. The Administrative Director ~~shall~~ may make sample notices that comply with these requirements available on the DWC website. Benefit notices using the sample notices devised by the Administrative Director and available on the Division’s website are presumed to be adequate notice to the employee and, **unless modified**, shall not be subject to audit penalties.

~~(f)(g)~~ Every benefit notice shall have a title at the top of the first page that clearly identifies the subject of the notice. The notice shall also contain the following statement ***in bold font*** at the end of the notice: “Keep this notice. It contains important information about your workers’ compensation benefits.”

~~(e)(g)~~(h) The claims administrator shall provide copies to the employee, upon request, of all medical reports, relevant to any benefit notice issued, or which are not required to be provided along with a notice and have not yet been provided to the employee other than psychiatric reports which the physician has recommended not be provided to the employee.

~~(f)(h)~~(i) The claims administrator shall send a copy of each benefit notice, and any enclosures not previously served on the attorney, concurrently to the attorney of any represented employee. ~~Upon~~ Where the claims administrator offers the service, and upon the documented written agreement of the attorney, all benefit notices, including attachments, may be sent electronically in lieu of by mail. An attorney may elect to change the method in which he or she receives benefit notices by giving written notice to the claims administrator.

~~(g)(i)~~(j) Any deadline for reply which is measured from the date a notice is sent, and all rights protected within the deadline, are extended if the notice is sent by mail, or electronically. The deadline is extended as follows: by 5 days if the place of mailing and the place of address are in the same state of the United States; by 10 days if the place of mailing and the place of address are in different states of the United States; by 20 days if the place of mailing is in and the place of address is outside the United States. All notices shall be mailed from the United States.

~~(h)(i)(k)~~ Copies of all benefit notices sent to ~~injured workers~~ employees shall be maintained by the claims administrator in the claims file. In lieu of retaining a copy of any attachments to the notice, the claims administrator may identify the attachments by name and revision date on the notice. These copies may be maintained in paper or electronic form.

~~(i)(k)~~(l) All benefit notices shall be made available in English and Spanish, as appropriate.

~~(j)(m) Upon~~ Where the claims administrator offers the service, and upon the documented written agreement of the employee, all benefit notices, including attachments, may be sent electronically to the employee in lieu of by mail. The employee's agreement may be documented by provision of a personal email address on the claim form (DWC Form 1) and checking the box agreeing to receive benefit notices electronically. An employee may elect to change the form in which he or she receives benefit notices by giving written notice to the claims administrator.

(n) When the method of service of the benefit notice is electronic, in lieu of regular mail, service shall be through the use of a secure, encrypted email system. The claims administrator shall maintain a log of service dates, and receipt acknowledgements, for each benefit notice sent electronically on each claims file, and will produce this log upon demand to the employee, the employee's attorney, if represented and the DWC Audit Unit. If the claims administrator receives notice that an electronic benefit notice was not delivered to the email address provided by the employee, or attorney, if represented, they shall then send the benefit notice to the employee and attorney by regular mail within one (1) business day of receipt of the failed electronic delivery notice.

(o) Electronic delivery of benefit notices by a claims administrator does not constitute consent to accept electronic service of any communications sent to the claims administrator.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 59, 124, 133, 138.3, 138.4, ~~139.5(a)(2)~~, 4061(a), (b), (d) and 5307.3, Labor Code. Reference: Sections 1010.6 and 1013 of the Code of Civil Procedure; Sections 138.4, ~~139.5(a)(3)~~, 4061 and 4650(a)-(d), Labor Code.

§ 9811. Definitions.

As used in this Article:

(a) "Claims Administrator" means a self-administered insurer providing security for the payment of compensation required by Divisions 4 and 4.5 of the Labor Code, a self-administered self-insured employer, a self-administered joint powers authority, a self-administered legally uninsured employer, a third-party claims administrator for a self-insured employer, insurer, legally uninsured employer, or joint powers authority, or an administrator for an alternative dispute resolution (ADR) program established under Labor Code section 3201.5 or 3201.7.

(b) "Date of knowledge of injury" means the date the employer had knowledge of a worker's injury or claim of injury.

(c) "Date of knowledge of injury and disability" means the date the employer had knowledge of (1) a worker's injury or claim of injury, and (2) the worker's inability or claimed inability to work because of the injury.

(d) "Dependent" means any person who may be or is claimed to be entitled to workers' compensation benefits as a result of an employee's death (including compensation which was accrued and unpaid to an injured employee before his or her death), and includes the parent or legal guardian of a minor dependent child.

~~(d)~~(e) "Duration" means any known period of time for which benefits are to be paid, or, where benefits will continue for an unknown period of time the event that will occur which will determine when benefits will terminate.

~~(e)~~(f) "Employee" includes dependent(s) in the event of any injury which results in death.

~~(f)~~ (g) "Employee's (or claimant's) remedies" means a the statement of the employee's rights, as set forth in subdivision ~~(d)~~(e) of section 9810, of which an employee or claimant shall be informed in benefit notices when specified in these regulations.

~~Every benefit notice, excepting those mandatory notices set forth in statute or where a specific notice form has been adopted as a regulation, shall include a mandatory statement of employee's (or claimant's) remedies:~~

~~For claims not falling under an alternative dispute resolution program (ADR) program under Labor Code sections 3201.5 or 3201.7, the following language shall be used:~~

~~You have a right to disagree with decisions affecting your claim. If you have any questions regarding the information provided to you in this notice, please call: (insert adjuster's name and telephone number). However, if you are represented by an attorney, you should call your attorney, not the claims adjuster.~~

~~If you want further information on your rights to benefits or disagree with our decision, you may contact your local state Information & Assistance Office of the Division of Workers' Compensation by calling (insert local I&A number).~~

~~For recorded information and a list of offices, call (800)736-7401. You may also visit the DWC website at:~~

~~http://www.dir.ca.gov/DWC/dwc_home_page.htm~~

~~You also have a right to consult with an attorney of your choice. Should you decide to be represented by an attorney, you may or may not receive a larger award, but, unless you are determined to be ineligible for an award, the attorney's fee will be deducted from any award you might receive for disability benefits. The decision to be represented by an attorney is yours to make, but it is voluntary and may not be necessary for you to receive your benefits.~~

~~To resolve a dispute, you may apply to [choose appropriate option(s)] the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board, the Vocational Rehabilitation Unit, or the Administrative Director.~~

~~For employees subject to an ADR program under Labor Code sections 3201.5 or 3201.7, the claims administrator may substitute the following language where appropriate:~~

~~You have a right to disagree with decisions affecting your claim. If you have any questions regarding the information provided to you in this notice, please call: (insert adjuster's name and telephone number) or, (insert name of ombudsperson or mediator if employee is subject to an ADR agreement). However, if you are represented by an attorney, you should call your attorney, not the claims adjuster, ombudsperson or mediator.~~

~~If you want further information on your rights to benefits or disagree with our decision, you may also contact your local state Information & Assistance Office of the Division of Workers' Compensation by calling (insert local I&A number). Please be sure to inform the Information and Assistance Officer that you are subject to an alternative dispute resolution program.~~

~~For recorded information and a list of offices, call (800)736-7401. You may also visit the DWC website at:~~

~~http://www.dir.ca.gov/DWC/dwc_home_page.htm~~

~~NOTE: For employees subject to an ADR program under Labor Code section 3201.5, the claims administrator may include the following language if appropriate under the provisions of the ADR program:~~

~~In accordance with the (insert union name) agreement, active participation by an attorney is not allowed in the Ombudsman and Mediation stages of the ADR workers' compensation process. Your right to obtain legal advice is not limited and you may obtain such at your own expense at anytime. If the Ombudsman and Mediation stages of dispute resolution are unsuccessful and a written request for Arbitration has been timely filed, attorney participation is allowed.~~

~~(g)~~(h) "Employer" means any person or entity defined as an employer by Labor Code Section section 3300.

~~(h)~~ (i) "Injury" means any injury as defined in Labor Code Section section 3208 which results in medical treatment beyond first aid, lost time beyond the date of injury, or death.

(j) "Medical issue" means a dispute or question that is subject to Labor Code section 4060, 4061, or 4062, and does not include a medical treatment issue that is subject to Labor Code section 4610, 4610.5, and 4610.6.

~~(j)~~(k) "Permanent and stationary status" means the point when the employee has reached maximal medical improvement his or her condition is well stabilized and unlikely to change substantially in the next year with or without medical treatment.

(l) "Salary continuation" means payments made to an employee pursuant to a plan that meets the criteria specified in Labor Code section 4650(g).

(m) "Temporary disability payment" includes salary continuation as defined in subdivision (l) of this section.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 59, 133, 138.3, 138.4 and 5307.3, Labor Code.
Reference: Sections 138.4, ~~139.5(c), (d)~~, 3201.5, 3201.7, 3208, 3300, 3351, 3351.5, 3700, 3753, 4060, 4061, 4062, 4062.2, 4610, 4610.5, and 4610.6, 4635(a), 4650(a)-(d), 4653, 4654, 4700, ~~and 4701~~, and 4850, Labor Code; Sections 11651 and 11652, Insurance Code, Section 19871, Government Code; Section 89529.03, Education Code; Sections 2330, and 2332, Civil Code.

§ 9812. Benefit Payment and Notice.

(a) Temporary Disability Notices. When an injury causes or is claimed to cause temporary disability:

(1) Notice of First Temporary Disability Indemnity Payment. The first time the claims administrator pays temporary disability indemnity, the claims administrator shall advise the employee of the amount of temporary disability indemnity due, how it was calculated, and the duration and schedule of indemnity payments. The notice shall be sent no later than the 14th day after the employer's date of knowledge of injury and

disability. ~~A copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlet "Temporary Disability Fact Sheet" shall be provided with the notice.~~

(2) Notice of Delay in Any Temporary Disability Indemnity Payment. If the employee's entitlement to any period of temporary disability indemnity cannot be determined within 14 days ~~of~~ after the date of knowledge of injury and disability, the claims administrator shall advise the employee within the 14-day period of the delay, the reasons for it, the need, if any, for additional information required to make a determination, and when a determination is likely to be made. If the claims administrator cannot make a determination by the date specified in a notice to the ~~injured worker~~ employee, the claims administrator shall send a subsequent delay notice to the ~~injured worker~~ employee, not later than the determination date specified in the previous delay notice, notifying the ~~injured worker~~ employee of the revised date by which the claims administrator now expects the determination to be made. A subsequent delay notice shall comply with all requirements for the contents of an original delay notice.

(A) Where the delay is related to a medical issue, and the claims administrator is requesting a comprehensive medical evaluation, and the employee is not represented by an attorney, the notice shall advise ~~an unrepresented~~ the employee of one of the following options:

1. If the ~~injured worker~~ employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation and either party disputes the results of that evaluation, the injured worker employee may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.

2. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, the notice shall advise the employee that if he or she disagrees with the results of the evaluation, the employee must **either:**

*i. contact the claims administrator within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a) to obtain the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, **or***

ii. within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a), download the form to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators from the DWC website. (Note: the notice shall provide the employee with the url to enable the employee to download the applicable form.)

However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice may instead advise the employee to contact the claims administrator to arrange for the employee to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible. ~~the injured worker may obtain an evaluation by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.1. The notice shall include the claims administrator's decision on whether the claims administrator accepts or refutes the treating physician's evaluation of the~~

~~employee's temporary disability status the notice shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit with which to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall advise the injured worker of the 10 day time limit in which a panel may be requested and in which an appointment must be made following receipt of the panel. the notice shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. When providing the form to request a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, the notice shall include the following statement (with the phrase "10 days" in bold font as shown): "To resolve this issue and allow me to make a determination on your entitlement to benefits, a comprehensive medical evaluation is needed. Enclosed is a form that you must submit to the state Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) within 10 days to request a panel of three Qualified Medical Evaluators (QMEs). If you do not submit the form within 10 days, we will have the right to submit the form. In addition, within 10 days after the DWC sends you a panel, you must choose a QME from the panel, make an appointment to be examined by the QME, and inform me of your choice and appointment time. If you inform me of your choice but you do not arrange the appointment, we will arrange the appointment. If you do not inform me of your choice, we will choose the QME who will examine you and we will arrange the appointment."~~

~~The notice shall contain the following warning in not less than 12 point font at the top of the first page: You may lose important rights if you do not take certain actions within 10 days. Read this letter and any enclosed fact sheets very carefully.~~

~~(B) If the employee is represented by an attorney, the notice shall instruct the employee to contact the attorney with any questions.~~

~~(B) Where the delay is related to a medical issue, the notice shall advise a represented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. For dates of injury from January 1, 1994 through December 31, 2004, if the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~2. For dates of injury on or after January 1, 2005, if the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.2 and that~~

~~arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~A copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlet "QME/AME Fact Sheet" shall be provided with the notice.~~

~~The additional delay notices shall comply with all requirements for an original delay notice, except that no copy of the DWC informative pamphlet "QME/AME Fact Sheet" need be provided with the notice unless it has been revised since it was last provided.~~

(3) Notice of Denial of Any Temporary Disability Indemnity Payment. If the claims administrator denies liability for the payment of any period for which an employee claims temporary disability indemnity, the notice shall advise the employee of the denial and the reasons for it. The notice shall be sent within 14 days after the determination to deny was made. If the claims administrator's determination is based on a medical report, a copy of the medical report(s) shall be provided with the notice, except for psychiatric reports that the psychiatrist has recommended not be provided to the employee.

(A) Where the denial is related to a medical issue and the employee is not represented by an attorney, the notice shall advise an ~~unrepresented~~ the employee of one of the following options:

1. If the denial is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, and the employee disputes the results of the evaluation, ~~the injured worker~~ employee may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.

~~2. If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, and either party disputes the results of that evaluation, the injured worker may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.~~

2. If the denial is based on the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's temporary disability status and the claims administrator agrees with those findings, the notice shall advise the employee that if he or she disagrees with the results of the evaluation, the employee must ***either:***

i. contact the claims administrator within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a) to obtain the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, ***or***

ii. within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a), download the form to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators from the DWC website. (Note: the notice shall provide the employee with the url to enable the employee to download the applicable form.)

However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice may instead advise the employee to contact the claims administrator to arrange for the employee to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible.

3. If the denial is based on the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's temporary disability status and the claims administrator disagrees with those findings, the notice shall advise the employee that the claims administrator disputes the result of the evaluation. If the claims administrator's determination is based on a medical report, the notice shall be provided within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a), notwithstanding the 14 days required by this subdivision. The notice shall advise the employee that the claims administrator disputes the results of the evaluation, and advise the employee that if he or she disagrees with the results of the evaluation, the employee must ***either:***

i. contact the claims administrator within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a) to obtain the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, ***or***

ii. within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a), download the form to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators from the DWC website. (Note: the notice shall provide the employee with the url to enable the employee to download the applicable form.) ~~shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. When providing the form to request a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, the notice shall include the following statement (with the phrase "10 days" in bold font as shown): "Enclosed is a form that you must submit to the state Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) within **10 days** to request a panel of three Qualified Medical Evaluators (QMEs). If you do not submit the form within **10 days**, we will have the right to submit the form. In addition, within **10 days** after the DWC sends you a panel, you must choose a QME from the panel, make an appointment to be examined by the QME, and inform me of your choice and appointment time. If you inform me of your choice but you do not arrange the appointment, we will arrange the appointment. If you do not inform me of your choice, we will may choose the QME who will examine you and we will arrange the appointment."~~

However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice may instead advise the employee to contact the claims administrator to arrange for the employee to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible.

3. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, the injured worker may obtain an evaluation by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.1. The notice shall include

~~the claims administrator's decision on whether the claims administrator accepts or refutes the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's temporary disability status, and shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit with which to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall advise the injured worker of the 10 day time limit in which a panel may be requested and in which an appointment must be made following receipt of the panel.~~

~~The notice shall contain the following warning in not less than 12 point font at the top of the first page: You may lose important rights if you do not take certain actions within 10 days. Read this letter and any enclosed fact sheets very carefully.~~

(B) If the employee is represented by an attorney, the notice shall instruct the employee to contact the attorney with any questions or need for clarification.

~~(B) Where the denial is related to a medical issue, the notice shall advise a represented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. If the denial is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, the injured worker may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.~~

~~2. For dates of injury from January 1, 1994 through December 31, 2004, if the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~3. For dates of injury on or after January 1, 2005 if the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.2 and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~A copy of the relevant DWC informative pamphlet(s) "TD Fact Sheet," "QME/AME Fact Sheet" and/or "Permanent Disability Fact Sheet" shall be provided at this time.~~

~~(b) Notice of Resumed Benefit Payments (TD, SC, PD, VRTD/VRMA). If the payment of temporary disability indemnity, salary continuation, or permanent disability indemnity, or vocational rehabilitation temporary disability indemnity or maintenance allowance is resumed after terminating any of these benefits, the claims administrator shall advise~~

the employee of the amount of indemnity due and the duration and schedule of payments. Notice shall be sent within 14 days after the employer's date of knowledge of the entitlement to additional benefits.

(c) Notice of Changed Benefit Rate, Payment Amount or Schedule (TD, ~~SG~~, PD, ~~VRTD/VRMA~~). When the claims administrator changes the benefit rate, payment amount or benefit payment schedule for temporary disability indemnity, ~~salary continuation, or permanent disability indemnity, or vocational rehabilitation temporary disability indemnity or maintenance allowance~~, the claims administrator shall advise the employee, as applicable, of the amount of the new benefit rate and the reason the rate is being changed, or of the new benefit payment schedule. Notice shall be given ~~before~~ or with before or at the same time as the new payment.

(d) Notice that Benefits Are Ending (TD, ~~SG~~, PD, ~~VRTD/VRMA~~). With At the same time as the last payment of temporary disability indemnity, or permanent disability indemnity, salary continuation, or vocational rehabilitation temporary disability indemnity or maintenance allowance, the claims administrator shall advise the employee of the ending of indemnity payments and the reason, and shall make an accounting of all compensation paid to or on behalf of the employee in the species of benefit to which the notice refers, including the dates and amounts paid and any related penalties. If the decision to end payment of indemnity was made after the last payment, the claims administrator shall send the notice and accounting within 14 days of after the last payment. If the claims administrator's determination is based on a medical report, a copy of the medical report(s) shall be provided with the notice, except for psychiatric reports that the psychiatrist has recommended not be provided to the employee.

(1) Where the determination is related to a medical issue and the employee is not represented by an attorney, the notice shall advise the employee of one of the following:

(A) If the termination of benefits is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, and the employee disputes the results of the evaluation, the employee may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.

(B) If the termination of benefits is based on the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's temporary or permanent disability status and the claims administrator agrees with those findings, the notice shall advise the employee that if he or she disagrees with the results of the evaluation, the employee must ***either:***

i. contact the claims administrator within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a) to obtain the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, ***or***

ii. within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a), download the form to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators from the DWC website. (Note: the notice shall provide the employee with the url to enable the employee to download the applicable form.)

However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice may instead advise the employee to contact the claims administrator to arrange for the employee to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible. If the claims administrator's determination is based on a medical report, the notice shall be provided within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a), notwithstanding the 14 days required by this subdivision.

~~(C) If the termination of benefits is based on the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's temporary or permanent disability status and the claims administrator disagrees with those findings, the notice shall advise the employee that the claims administrator disputes the results of the evaluation. If the claims administrator's determination is based on a medical report, the notice shall be provided within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a), notwithstanding the 14 days required by this subdivision. The notice shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. However, if the employee received a previous comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice may instruct the employee on how to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible. When providing the form to request a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, the notice shall include the following statement (with the phrase "10 days" in bold font as shown): "Enclosed is a form that you must submit to the state Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) within **10 days** to request a panel of three Qualified Medical Evaluators (QMEs). If you do not submit the form within **10 days**, we will have the right to submit the form. In addition, within **10 days** after the DWC sends you a panel, you must choose a QME from the panel, make an appointment to be examined by the QME, and inform me of your choice and appointment time. If you inform me of your choice but you do not arrange the appointment, we will arrange the appointment. If you do not inform me of your choice, we will ~~may~~ choose the QME who will examine you and we will arrange the appointment." However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice may instead advise the employee to contact the claims administrator to arrange for the employee to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible.~~

2.(2) If the employee is represented by an attorney, the notice shall instruct the employee to contact the attorney with any questions.

~~(1) The notice, except a notice that VRMA is ending, shall advise an unrepresented employee one of the following options:~~

~~(A) If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, and either party disputes the results of that evaluation, the injured worker may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.~~

~~(B) If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, the injured worker may obtain an evaluation by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by~~

~~the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.1. The notice shall include the claims administrator's decision on whether the claims administrator accepts or refutes the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's temporary disability status or permanent impairment and shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit with which to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall advise the injured worker of the 10 day time limit in which a panel may be requested and in which an appointment must be made following receipt of the panel.~~

~~The notice shall contain the following warning in not less than 12 point font at the top of the first page: You may lose important rights if you do not take certain actions within 10 days. Read this letter and any enclosed fact sheets very carefully.~~

~~(2) The notice, except a notice that VRMA is ending, shall advise a represented employee:~~

~~(A) If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.~~

~~(B) If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.2 and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~A copy of the relevant DWC informative fact sheet pamphlet(s) "TD Fact Sheet," "QME/AME Fact Sheet" and/or "Permanent Disability Fact Sheet" shall be provided at this time.~~

~~(e) Permanent Disability Notices For Injuries That Occurred Prior To 1991:~~

~~(1) Existence and Extent of Permanent Disability is Known. Within 14 days after the claims administrator knows that the injury has caused permanent disability and knows the extent of that disability, the claims administrator shall advise the employee of the amount of the weekly permanent disability indemnity payment, how it was calculated, the duration and frequency of payments, the date payments can be expected to begin and the total amount to be paid.~~

~~(2) Existence of Permanent Disability is Known, Extent is Uncertain. If the claims administrator knows that the injury has caused permanent disability but cannot determine its extent within the 14 days after the last payment of temporary disability indemnity, or within 14 days after knowledge that the employee's injury has resulted in permanent disability if there was no compensable temporary disability, the claims administrator nevertheless shall make timely payment of permanent disability indemnity and shall advise the employee of the amount of the weekly permanent disability~~

indemnity payment, how it was calculated, the duration and schedule of payments, and the claims administrator's reasonable estimate of the amount of permanent disability indemnity to be paid.

The claims administrator shall notify the employee that his or her medical condition will be monitored until the extent of permanent disability can be determined and that the disability payments will be revised at that time if appropriate. Within 14 days after the claims administrator determines the extent of permanent disability indemnity benefits, the claims administrator shall notify the employee as provided by paragraph (1).

(3) ~~Existence of Permanent Disability is Uncertain.~~ If the existence of permanent disability is uncertain, the claims administrator shall advise the employee within 14 days after the last payment of temporary disability indemnity, or within 14 days of receiving a claim or medical report alleging the existence of permanent disability if the claims administrator paid no temporary disability, that the claims administrator cannot yet determine whether the injury will cause permanent disability. The notice shall specify the reasons for the delay in determination, the need, if any, for additional information required to make a determination, and when the determination is likely to be made. If the claims administrator cannot make a determination by the date it specified in a notice to the injured worker, the claims administrator shall send a subsequent notice to the injured worker, not later than the determination date specified in the previous notice, notifying the injured worker of the date by which the claims administrator now expects the determination to be made. The additional delay notices shall comply with all requirements for an original delay notice. If the reason for the delay is that the employee's medical condition is not permanent and stationary, the claims administrator shall advise the employee that his or her medical condition will be monitored until it is permanent and stationary, at which time an evaluation will be performed to determine the amount of permanent disability indemnity, if any, due the employee. Within 14 days after the claims administrator determines that permanent disability exists, the claims administrator shall notify the employee of the commencement of permanent disability indemnity payments as provided by paragraph (1) or (2).

(4) ~~Notice That No Permanent Disability Exists.~~ If the claims administrator alleges that the injury has caused no permanent disability, the claims administrator shall advise the employee within 14 days after the claims administrator determines that the injury has caused no permanent disability.

(f) ~~Permanent Disability Notices for Injuries Occurring in 1991, 1992, 1993.~~

(1) ~~Condition Not Permanent and Stationary (P & S), May Cause Permanent Disability—Notice of Monitoring Until P&S Date.~~ If the injury has resulted or may result in permanent disability but the employee's medical condition is not permanent and stationary, the claims administrator shall advise the employee, together with the last payment of temporary disability indemnity, that permanent disability indemnity is or may be payable but that the amount cannot be determined because the employee's medical condition has not yet reached a stationary status. The notice shall advise the employee

~~that his or her medical condition will be monitored until it is permanent and stationary, at which time a medical evaluation will be performed to determine the existence and extent of permanent impairment or limitations and the need for continuing medical care. The notice shall advise the employee of the estimated date when a determination is likely to be made, and the claimant's remedies. If the claims administrator cannot make a determination of A) permanent and stationary status, B) the existence and extent of permanent impairment or limitations, and C) the need for continuing medical care by the date it specified in a monitoring notice to the injured worker, the claims administrator shall send a subsequent notice to the injured worker, not later than the determination date specified in the previous notice, notifying the injured worker of the date by which the claims administrator now expects the determination to be made. The additional notice shall comply with all requirements of the original delay notice.~~

~~(2) Condition Becomes Permanent and Stationary, May Cause Permanent Disability— Notice of Qualified Medical Evaluator (QME) Procedures. Within 5 working days after receiving information indicating that the employee's condition is permanent and stationary and has caused or may have caused permanent disability, the claims administrator shall advise the employee that his or her medical condition is permanent and stationary and of the procedures for evaluating permanent disability and need for continuing medical care.~~

~~(A) The notice shall advise an unrepresented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, and either party disputes the results of that evaluation, the injured worker may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.~~

~~2. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, the injured worker may obtain an evaluation by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.1. The notice shall include the claims administrator's decision on whether the claims administrator accepts or refutes the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's permanent and stationary status and/or need for future medical care and shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit with which to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall advise the injured worker of the 10 day time limit in which a panel may be requested and in which an appointment must be made following receipt of the panel.~~

~~The notice shall contain the following warning in not less than 12 point font at the top of the first page: You may lose important rights if you do not take certain actions within 10 days. Read this letter and any enclosed fact sheets very carefully.~~

~~(B) The notice shall advise a represented employee:~~

~~If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive~~

~~medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~A copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlet "QME/AME Fact Sheet" shall be provided with the notice.~~

~~(3) Notice of Permanent Disability Indemnity Payment When Injury Causes Permanent Disability. If the claims administrator knows that the employee has sustained permanent disability, whether or not its extent is known and whether or not the employee's medical condition is permanent and stationary, the claims administrator shall advise the employee of the weekly permanent disability indemnity payment, how it was calculated, the duration and schedule of payments, and the claims administrator's reasonable estimate of permanent disability indemnity to be paid, within 14 days after knowledge that the employee's injury has resulted in permanent disability, whichever is later.~~

~~(A) The notice shall advise an unrepresented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. If the estimate is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, the injured worker may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.~~

~~2. If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, and either party disputes the results of that evaluation, the injured worker may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.~~

~~3. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, the injured worker may obtain an evaluation by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.1. The notice shall include the claims administrator's decision on whether the claims administrator accepts or refutes the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's permanent impairment and shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit with which to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall advise the injured worker of the 10 day time limit in which a panel may be requested and in which an appointment must be made following receipt of the panel.~~

~~The notice shall contain the following warning in not less than 12 point font at the top of the first page: You may lose important rights if you do not take certain actions within 10 days. Read this letter and any enclosed fact sheets very carefully.~~

~~(B) The notice shall advise a represented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. If the determination is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, the injured worker may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.~~

~~2. If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.~~

~~3. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~(4) Notice That No Permanent Disability Exists. If the claims administrator alleges that the injury has caused no permanent disability, the claims administrator shall advise the employee that no permanent disability indemnity is payable. This notice shall be sent within 14 days after the claims administrator determines that the injury has caused no permanent disability. The notice shall advise the employee of the process to obtain a formal medical evaluation to contest the determination that the employee has no permanent disability. If the basis for the claims administrator's determination is a medical report, a copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlet "QME/AME Fact Sheet," shall be provided with the notice.~~

~~(A) The notice shall advise an unrepresented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. If the determination is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, the injured worker may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.~~

~~2. If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, and either party disputes the results of that evaluation, the injured worker may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.~~

~~3. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, the injured worker may obtain an evaluation by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.1. The notice shall include the claims administrator's decision on whether the claims administrator accepts or refutes the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's permanent impairment and shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit with which to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall advise the injured worker of the 10 day time limit in which a panel may be requested and in which an appointment must be made following receipt of the panel.~~

~~The notice shall contain the following warning in not less than 12 point font at the top of the first page: You may lose important rights if you do not take certain actions within 10 days. Read this letter and any enclosed fact sheets very carefully.~~

~~(B) The notice shall advise a represented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. If the determination is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, the injured worker may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.~~

~~2. If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~(g)(e) Permanent Disability Notices For Injuries Occurring on or after 1/1/94. For injuries occurring on or after January 1, 1994:~~

~~(1) Condition Not Permanent and Stationary, May Cause Permanent Disability -- Notice of Monitoring Until P&S Date. If the injury has resulted or may result in permanent disability but the employee's medical condition is not permanent and stationary, the claims administrator shall advise the employee ~~together with~~ at the same time as the last payment of temporary disability indemnity, that permanent disability indemnity is or may be payable but that the amount cannot be determined because the employee's medical condition has not yet reached a stationary status. The notice shall advise the employee that his or her medical condition will be monitored until it is permanent and stationary, at which time a medical evaluation will be performed to determine the existence and extent of permanent impairment or limitations and the need for ~~continuing future~~ future medical care. The notice shall advise the employee of the estimated date when a determination is likely to be made. If the claims administrator cannot make a determination of A) permanent and stationary status, B) the existence and extent of permanent impairment or limitations, and C) the need for ~~continuing future~~ future medical care by the date it specified in a monitoring notice to the ~~injured worker~~ employee, the claims administrator shall send a subsequent notice to the ~~injured worker~~ employee, not later than the determination date specified in the previous notice, notifying the ~~injured worker~~ employee of the date by which the claims administrator now expects the determination to be made. The additional notice shall comply with all requirements of the original notice.~~

~~(2) Condition Becomes Permanent and Stationary, Causes Permanent Disability-- Notice of QME/AME Procedures. Notice That Permanent Disability Exists. Together with At the same time as the last payment of temporary disability or within 14 days of ~~after~~ after knowledge that the injury is ~~permanent and stationary~~ or has caused permanent disability, whichever is later, the claims administrator shall ~~provide notice of the procedures available to obtain a QME or AME evaluation. The claims administrator shall~~ advise inform the employee of the claims administrator's estimate of the amount of permanent disability indemnity payable, the basis for the estimate, ~~and whether there is~~ will be the need for continuing future medical care, and whether an indemnity payment will be deferred pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Labor Code section 4650. ~~A copy of the medical report on which the estimate of permanent disability was based, and a copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlets, QME/AME Fact Sheet and/or Permanent Disability Fact Sheet, shall be provided with~~~~

~~the notice. If the claims administrator's determination is based on a medical report, a copy of the medical report(s) shall be provided with the notice, except for psychiatric reports that the psychiatrist has recommended not be provided to the employee.~~

~~(A) The notice shall advise an unrepresented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, and either party disputes the results of that evaluation, the injured worker may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.~~

~~2. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, the injured worker may obtain an evaluation by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.1.~~

~~The notice shall include the claims administrator's decision on whether the claims administrator accepts or refutes the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's permanent impairment and shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit with which to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall advise the injured worker of the 10 day time limit in which a panel may be requested and in which an appointment must be made following receipt of the panel.~~

~~The notice shall contain the following warning in not less than 12 point font at the top of the first page: You may lose important rights if you do not take certain actions within 10 days. Read this letter and any enclosed fact sheets very carefully.~~

~~(A) Where the employee is not represented by an attorney:~~

~~1. If the determination is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice shall advise the employee that if he or she disputes the results of the evaluation, the employee may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.~~

~~4.2. If the claims administrator's determination is based on an evaluation by a treating physician, the notice shall inform the employee whether or not the claims administrator is requesting a rating from the Disability Evaluation Unit. If the claims administrator is not requesting a rating from the Disability Evaluation Unit, the notice shall advise the employee that he or she may contact an Information and Assistance office to have the treating physician's evaluation reviewed and rated by the Disability Evaluation Unit.~~

~~2.3. If the claims administrator's determination is based on an evaluation by a treating physician, the notice shall advise the employee one of the following:~~

~~i. If the claims administrator agrees with the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's permanent disability status, the notice shall advise the employee that if he or she disagrees with the results of the evaluation, the employee must **either:**~~

i. contact the claims administrator within the applicable time limit prescribed by Labor Code section 4062(a) to obtain the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, or

ii. within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a), download the form to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators from the DWC website. (Note: the notice shall provide the employee with the url to enable the employee to download the applicable form.)

However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice may instead advise the employee to contact the claims administrator to arrange for the employee to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible.

~~ii. If the claims administrator disagrees with the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's permanent disability status, the notice shall advise the employee that the claims administrator disputes the results of the evaluation. The notice shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. When providing the form to request a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, the notice shall include the following statement (with the phrase "10 days" in bold font as shown): "Enclosed is a form that you must submit to the state Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) within **10 days** to request a panel of three Qualified Medical Evaluators (QMEs). If you do not submit the form within **10 days**, we will have the right to submit the form. In addition, within **10 days** after the DWC sends you a panel, you must choose a QME from the panel, make an appointment to be evaluated by the QME, and inform me of your choice and appointment time. If you inform me of your choice but you do not arrange the appointment, we will arrange the appointment. If you do not inform me of your choice, we will choose the QME who will examine you and we will arrange the appointment." However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice may instead advise the employee to contact the claims administrator to arrange for the employee to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible.~~

(B) If the employee is represented by an attorney, the notice shall instruct the employee to contact the attorney with any questions.

~~(B) If the claims administrator is not requesting a rating from the Disability Evaluation Unit, the notice shall also advise the worker that he or she may contact an Information and Assistance Officer to have the treating physician's evaluation reviewed and rated by the Disability Evaluation Unit.~~

~~(C) If the claims administrator has or will be requesting a rating from the Disability Evaluation Unit on the treating physician's evaluation, the notice shall advise the employee that he or she will be receiving a rating based on the treating physician's evaluation from the Disability Evaluation Unit.~~

~~(D) The notice shall advise a represented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. For dates of injury from January 1, 1994 through December 31, 2004, if the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~2. For dates of injury on or after January 1, 2005 if the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.2 and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~(3) Notice That No Permanent Disability Exists. If in cases where the employee has sustained compensable lost time from work, if the claims administrator alleges that the injury has caused no permanent disability in a case where either the employee has received payment of temporary disability indemnity or the employee claims permanent disability, the claims administrator shall advise the employee that no permanent disability indemnity is payable. This notice shall be sent together with at the same time as the last payment of temporary disability indemnity or within 14 days after the claims administrator determines that the injury has caused no permanent disability. A copy of the medical report on which the determination of no permanent disability was based, and a copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlets, QME/AME Fact Sheet and Permanent Disability Fact Sheet shall be provided with the notice. A copy of the DWC form prescribed by the Administrative Director for requesting assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators shall be provided with the notice unless the employee is represented by an attorney. If the claims administrator's determination is based on a medical report, a copy of the medical report(s) shall be provided with the notice, except for psychiatric reports that the psychiatrist has recommended not be provided to the employee.~~

~~(A) The notice shall advise an unrepresented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. If the determination is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, the injured worker may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.~~

~~2. If the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, and either party disputes the results of that evaluation, the injured worker may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation.~~

~~3. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, the injured worker may obtain an evaluation by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.1. The notice shall also advise of the procedure for requesting the panel and shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit with which to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall advise the injured worker of the 10 day time limit in which a panel may be requested and in which an appointment must be made following receipt of the panel.~~

~~The notice shall contain the following warning in not less than 12 point font: You may lose important rights if you do not take certain actions within 10 days. Read this letter and any enclosed fact sheets very carefully.~~

~~(B) If the denial is based upon the treating physician's report, the notice shall also advise the worker that he or she may contact an Information and Assistance office to have the treating physician's evaluation review and rated by the Disability Evaluation Unit.~~

~~(C) If the claims administrator requests a rating from the Disability Evaluation Unit on the treating physician's report, the notice shall advise the employee that he or she will be receiving a rating based on the treating physician's evaluation from the Disability Evaluation Unit.~~

~~(D) The notice shall advise a represented employee of one of the following options:~~

~~1. If the determination is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, the injured worker may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.~~

~~2. For dates of injury from January 1, 1994 through December 31, 2004, if the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.~~

~~3. For dates of injury on or after January 1, 2005 if the injured worker has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, he or she may be asked to return to that~~

physician for a new evaluation. If no comprehensive medical evaluation has taken place, an evaluation may be obtained from an Agreed Medical Evaluator if the parties agree or, if no agreement on an Agreed Medical Evaluator can be reached, the injured worker may be evaluated by a Qualified Medical Evaluator obtained from a panel issued by the DWC Medical Unit pursuant to Labor Code section 4062.2 and that arrangements for obtaining this evaluation should be discussed with the injured worker's attorney.

(A) Where the employee is not represented by an attorney, the notice shall advise the employee of one of the following:

1. If the determination is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, the injured employee may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.

2. If the claims administrator's determination is based on an evaluation by a treating physician, the notice shall inform the employee whether or not the claims administrator is requesting a rating from the Disability Evaluation Unit. If the claims administrator is not requesting a rating from the Disability Evaluation Unit, the notice shall advise the employee that he or she may contact an Information and Assistance office to have the treating physician's evaluation reviewed and rated by the Disability Evaluation Unit. The notice shall also advise the employee of one of the following:

~~i. If the claims administrator agrees with the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's permanent disability status, the notice shall advise the employee that if he or she disagrees with the results of the evaluation, the employee must ***either:***~~

~~*i.* contact the claims administrator within the time limit prescribed by Labor Code section 4062(a) to obtain the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, ***or***~~

~~***ii. within the applicable time limit prescribed in Labor Code section 4062(a), download the form to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators from the DWC website. (Note: the notice shall provide the employee with the url to enable the employee to download the applicable form.)***~~

However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation, the notice may instead advise the employee to contact the claims administrator to arrange for the employee to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible.

~~***ii. If the claims administrator disagrees with the treating physician's evaluation of the employee's permanent disability status, the notice shall advise the employee that the claims administrator disputes the results of the evaluation. The notice shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. When providing the form to request a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators, the notice shall***~~

~~include the following statement (with the phrase “10 days” in bold font as shown):
“Enclosed is a form that you must submit to the state Division of Workers’
Compensation (DWC) within **10 days** to request a panel of three Qualified
Medical Evaluators (QMEs). If you do not submit the form within **10 days**, we will
have the right to submit the form. In addition, within **10 days** after the DWC
sends you a panel, you must choose a QME from the panel, make an
appointment to be examined by the QME, and inform me of your choice and
appointment time. If you inform me of your choice but you do not arrange the
appointment, we will arrange the appointment. If you do not inform me of your
choice, we will choose the QME who will examine you and we will arrange the
appointment.” However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive
medical evaluation, the notice may instead instruct the employee on how to
return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible.~~

~~(B) If the employee is represented by an attorney, the notice shall instruct the employee to contact the attorney with any questions.~~

~~(4) Notice of Permanent Disability Indemnity Payment. When Injury Causes Permanent Disability. If the claims administrator knows that the employee has sustained permanent disability, whether or not its extent is known and whether or not the employee's medical condition is permanent and stationary, At the same time as the first payment of permanent disability indemnity, the claims administrator shall advise the employee of the weekly permanent disability indemnity payment, how it was calculated, the duration and schedule of payments, and the claims administrator's reasonable estimate of permanent disability indemnity to be paid, within 14 days after the last payment of temporary disability indemnity, or within 14 days after knowledge that the employee's injury has resulted in permanent disability, whichever is later. A copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlet “Permanent Disability Fact Sheet,” shall be provided with the notice.~~

~~For injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2005 the claims administrator shall, concurrently with any increased or decreased payment, notify the injured worker of any increase or decrease in the amount of the injured worker's permanent disability payments, pursuant to Labor Code section 4658, subdivision (d) resulting from the employer's offer of regular, modified or alternative work or resulting from the employer's failure to offer, or the employer's early termination of, regular, modified or alternative work. The information required by this subdivision shall be given in the appropriate PD payment start notice, PD payment resumption notice or notice of change in rate, payment amount or payment schedule.~~

~~(h)(f) Notices to Dependents in Death Cases. In a case of fatal injury which is or is claimed to be compensable under the workers' compensation laws of this state, or involving accrued compensation which was not paid to an injured employee before the employee's death, the claims administrator shall advise the dependent(s) of the status of any benefits to which they may be entitled or which they have claimed as a result of the employee's death. As used in this subsection, “dependent” includes any person who~~

~~may be or has claimed to be entitled to workers' compensation benefits as the result of an employee's death (including compensation which was accrued and unpaid to an injured worker before his or her death), and also includes the parent or legal guardian of minor dependent children.~~ The claims administrator shall send each dependent a copy of all notices concerning benefits claimed by, or which may be payable to, that dependent, including notices sent to a different dependent if the benefits paid to the different dependent affect the amount payable to the other claimant. If the claims administrator discovers a new dependent after having sent a notice, the claims administrator shall send copies of each prior notice which concerned benefits to which the newly-discovered dependent might be entitled, to that dependent.

(1) Benefit Payment Schedule. If the claims administrator pays death benefits (including compensation which was accrued and unpaid to an ~~injured worker~~ employee before his or her death), the claims administrator shall advise each affected dependent of the amount of the death benefit payable to the dependent, how it was calculated, the duration and schedule of payments and other pertinent information. Notice is required within 14 days after the claims administrator's date of knowledge both of the death and of the identity and address of the dependent.

(2) Notice of Changed Benefit Rate, Amount or Schedule or that Benefits are Ending. If the claims administrator changes the benefit rate, amount or payment schedule, or ends payment, of a death benefit to a dependent, the claims administrator shall advise the affected dependent of the change and the reason for it, or of the new payment schedule. A notice that benefits are ending shall include an accounting of all compensation paid to the claimant. A notice that payment is ending shall be sent with at the same time as the last payment unless the decision to end payment was made after that payment; in that case it shall be sent within 14 days of after the last payment. Other notices concerning changed payments shall be sent before or with the changed payment, but not later than 14 days after the last payment which was made before the change.

(3) Delay in Determining Benefits. If the claims administrator cannot determine entitlement to some or all death benefits, the claims administrator shall advise each affected dependent of the delay, the reasons for it, the need, if any, for additional information required to make a determination, and when a determination is likely to be made. Notice is required within 14 days after the claims administrator's date of knowledge of the death, the identity and address of the affected dependent, and the nature of the benefit claimed or which might be due. If the claims administrator cannot make a determination by the date it specified in a notice to the affected dependent(s), the claims administrator shall send a subsequent notice to the affected dependent(s), not later than the determination date specified in the previous notice, notifying the affected dependent(s) of the date by which the claims administrator now expects the determination to be made. The additional delay notices shall include the employee's remedies and shall comply with all requirements for an original delay notice.

(4) Notices Denying Death Benefits. If the claims administrator denies liability for the payment of any or all death benefits, the claims administrator shall advise the affected dependent(s) of the denial and the reasons for it. The notice shall be sent within 14 days after the determination to deny was made.

~~(f)~~(g) Notice of Delay in Determining All Liability. If the claims administrator cannot determine whether the employer has any liability for an injury, other than an injury causing death, within 14 days of after the date of knowledge of injury, the claims administrator shall advise the employee within the 14-day period of the delay, the reasons for ~~it~~ the delay, the need, if any, for additional information required to make a determination, and when a determination is likely to be made. If the claims administrator cannot make a determination by the date it specified in a notice to the ~~injured worker employee~~, or if the reason for the delay has changed, the claims administrator shall send a subsequent notice to the ~~injured worker employee~~, as soon as is reasonably practical, but in any event not later than the determination date specified in the previous notice. The notice shall inform the ~~injured worker employee~~ of the date by which the claims administrator now expects the determination to be made, and shall explain the reason for the additional delay. The additional delay notices shall comply with all requirements for an original delay notice. ~~Where the delay is related to a medical issue, a copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlet "QME/AME Fact Sheet" shall be provided with the notice.~~

(1) For injuries on or after January 1, 1990, if the claims administrator sends a notice of a delay in its decision whether to accept or deny liability for the claim, the notice shall include an explanation that the claim is presumed to be compensable if not denied within 90 days from the filing of the claim form, and that this presumption can be rebutted only with evidence discovered after the 90-day period.

(2) For claims reported on or after April 19, 2004, regardless of the date of injury, if the claims administrator sends a notice of delay in its decision whether to accept or deny liability for the claim, the notice shall include an explanation that Labor Code section 5402(c), provides that within one working day after an employee files a claim form, the employer shall authorize the provision of all treatment, consistent with the applicable treatment guidelines, for the alleged injury and shall continue to provide treatment until the date that liability is rejected. The notice shall advise the ~~injured worker employee~~ that the employer's liability for medical treatment under this Labor Code section is limited to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

(3) For employees who are not represented by an attorney, where the delay is related to a medical issue, and the claims administrator is requesting a comprehensive medical evaluation the notice shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall contain the following statement (with the phrase "10 days" in bold font as shown): "Enclosed is a form that you must submit to the state Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) within **10 days** to request a panel of three Qualified Medical Evaluators (QMEs). If you do not submit the form within **10 days**, we will have the right

to submit the form. In addition, within **10 days** after the DWC sends you a panel, you must choose a QME from the panel, make an appointment to be examined by the QME, and inform ~~me us~~ of your choice and appointment time. If you inform ~~me us~~ of your choice but you do not arrange the appointment, we will arrange the appointment. If you do not inform ~~me us~~ of your choice, we ~~will~~ may choose the QME who will examine you and ~~we will~~ arrange the appointment.”

(4) If the employee is represented by an attorney, the notice shall instruct the employee to contact the attorney with any questions.

(i) Provision of QME Panel Request Form. An unrepresented employee may object to a medical determination made by a treating physician by requesting the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. If an unrepresented employee requests the form, within ten business days of receipt of the objection, the claims administrator shall acknowledge receipt of the employee’s objection and provide the employee with a copy of the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators.

The notice shall contain the following statement (with the phrase “**10 days**” in bold font as shown): “If you wish to obtain a comprehensive medical evaluation, enclosed is a form that you must submit to the state Division of Workers’ Compensation (DWC) within **10 days** to request a panel of three Qualified Medical Evaluators (QMEs). If you do not submit the form within **10 days**, we will have the right to submit the form. In addition, within **10 days** after the DWC sends you a panel, you must choose a QME from the panel, make an appointment to be examined by the QME, and inform me of your choice and appointment time. If you inform ~~me us~~ of your choice but you do not arrange the appointment, we will arrange the appointment. If you do not inform ~~me us~~ of your choice, we ~~will~~ may choose the QME who will examine you and ~~we will~~ arrange the appointment.”

~~(i)~~(h) Notice Denying Liability for All Compensation Benefits. If the claims administrator denies liability for the payment of all workers' compensation benefits for any claim except a claim for death benefits, including medical-only claims, the claims administrator shall advise the employee of the denial and the reasons for it. The notice shall be sent no later than 14 days after the determination to deny was made. ~~A copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlet “QME/AME Fact Sheet” shall be provided with the notice.~~ If the claims administrator’s determination is based on a medical report, a copy of the medical report(s) shall be provided with the notice, except for psychiatric reports that the psychiatrist has recommended not be provided to the employee.

(1) Where the employee is not represented by an attorney, and the determination is related to a medical issue, the notice shall advise the employee one of the following:

(A) If the determination is based on a comprehensive medical evaluation, and the employee disputes the results of the evaluation, the employee may file an Application for Adjudication of Claim with the WCAB.

~~For employees who are not represented by an attorney, where the determination is related to a medical issue, and~~ (B) If the employee has not previously received a comprehensive medical evaluation for this claim, the notice shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the DWC Medical Unit to request assignment of a panel of Qualified Medical Evaluators. The notice shall contain the following statement (with the phrase “10 days” in bold font as shown): “If you disagree with the decision to deny your claim and wish to obtain a comprehensive medical evaluation, enclosed is a form that you must submit to the state Division of Workers’ Compensation (DWC) within 10 days to request a panel of three Qualified Medical Evaluators (QMEs). If you do not submit the form within 10 days, we will have the right to submit the form. In addition, within 10 days after the DWC sends you a panel, you must choose a QME from the panel, make an appointment to be examined by the QME, and inform me of your choice and appointment time. If you inform me us of your choice but you do not arrange the appointment, we will arrange the appointment. If you do not inform me us of your choice, we will may choose the QME who will examine you and we will arrange the appointment.” However, if the employee has already received a comprehensive medical evaluation and he or she disagrees with the decision to deny the claim, the notice may instead advise the employee to contact the claims administrator to arrange for the employee to return to that same medical evaluator for a new evaluation if possible.

(2) If the employee is represented by an attorney, the notice shall instruct the employee to contact the attorney with any questions.

(3) For claims reported on or after April 19, 2004, if an injured worker employee has filed a completed claim form with the employer, the claims administrator shall advise the injured worker employee to immediately send for consideration of payment, all bills for medical services provided between the date the completed claim form was given to the employer and the date that liability for the claim is rejected, unless he or she has done so already. The claims administrator shall also advise the employee that the maximum payment for medical services that were provided consistent with the applicable treatment guidelines is \$10,000.

(4) A copy of the Notice Denying Liability for All Compensation Benefits shall be served on all lien claimants, or all claim for costs claimants, and all persons or entities who can reasonably be identified that have been authorized by the claims administrator from information in the claims file to be potential lien claimants on account of their having furnished to furnish benefits, goods or services for which a lien or claim for costs may be filed under Labor Code sections 4903 through 4906, inclusive.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 59, 124, 133, 138.3, 138.4, ~~139.5(a)(2), 4636(d), 4637~~ and 5307.3, Labor Code.

Reference: Sections 138.4, ~~139.5~~, 4060, 4061(a), (b), 4061(d), 4061(~~e~~)(f), 4061(f)(g), 4062.1, 4062.2, 4650(a)-(d), 4658(d), 4661.5, 4700, 4701, 4702, 4703, 4703.5, 4903-4906 and 5402, Labor Code.

~~§ 9813. Vocational Rehabilitation Notices.~~

~~(a) The following notices are applicable to dates of injury through December 31, 2003. This section shall not apply to dates of injury on or after January 1, 2004.~~

~~(1) Notice of First Payment. The first time the claims administrator pays vocational rehabilitation temporary disability or maintenance allowance, the claims administrator shall advise the employee of the amount of indemnity due, how it was calculated, and the duration and schedule of indemnity payments. The notice is due by the 14th day after the employee requested vocational rehabilitation services. The notice shall include, if applicable, the employee's option to add an amount from permanent disability benefits to increase the maintenance allowance payments to the temporary disability rate.~~

~~(2) Delay in Providing Vocational Rehabilitation. If upon receipt of a medical report which indicates that an employee is likely to be precluded from his or her usual and customary occupation, or upon receipt of a request for vocational rehabilitation services the claims administrator cannot determine the employee's entitlement to vocational rehabilitation services, a notice of delay shall be sent. The notice shall be sent no later than 10 days from the date of receipt of the medical report or no later than 10 days from receipt of the employee's request for services.~~

~~The delay notice shall explain the reason for delay, the need, if any, for additional information required to make a determination and the date by which a determination is likely to be made. If the claims administrator cannot make a determination by the date it specified in a notice to the injured worker, the claims administrator shall send a subsequent notice to the injured worker, not later than the determination date specified in the previous notice, notifying the injured worker of the date by which the claims administrator now expects the determination to be made. The additional delay notices shall include the employee's remedies and shall comply with all requirements for an original delay notice.~~

~~(3) Denial of Vocational Rehabilitation Benefits. The claims administrator shall advise the employee of its determination that an employee is not a qualified injured worker, the reasons for it, enclosed a copy of the document in which the determination is based and the employee's remedies. The notice shall include a DWC Form RU 103 Request for Dispute Resolution. The notice is due within 10 days of either:~~

~~(A) A request for vocational rehabilitation services; or~~

~~(B) Receipt of a treating physician's final report determining medical eligibility subsequent to 90 days of aggregate total temporary disability; or~~

~~(c) Receipt of the document upon which the claims administrator relied for its determination.~~

~~If the claims administrator denies liability for rehabilitation services but remains liable for paying VRTD or VRMA benefits, the notice shall explain the distinction between the terminated and continuing rehabilitation benefits.~~

~~If the denial is on the basis that the employee is not medically eligible, a copy of the most recent version of the DWC informative pamphlet "QME/AME Fact Sheet" shall be provided to the employee.~~

~~(4) Interruption or Deferral of Vocational Rehabilitation Services. Within 10 days after agreeing to interrupt or defer vocational rehabilitation services, the claims administrator shall advise the employee of the interruption and the dates it will be in effect. The claims administrator shall send a like notice within 10 days after agreeing to a new or extended period of interruption. The notice shall include an explanation of the specific steps he or she must take to notify the claims administrator that he or she is ready to resume participation (e.g., written or telephonic communication to the claims administrator, the agreed Qualified Rehabilitation Representative or the employee's representative), and information regarding the likely termination of the employee's rights to vocational rehabilitation should the employee fail to request services within 5 years from the date of injury.~~

~~If the parties agree to an interruption or deferral which extends beyond the statutory period, the notice shall advise the employee that failure to request services within the agreed upon time frame is likely to terminate the employee's rights to rehabilitation services.~~

~~For injuries occurring on or after 1/1/94 where an interruption occurs during a vocational rehabilitation plan, the notice shall explain that the plan must by law be completed within 18 months of approval.~~

~~(b) Vocational Rehabilitation Notices for Injuries Occurring Prior to 1990.~~

~~(1) Potential Eligibility for Rehabilitation. Within 10 days of receipt of a physician's report or knowledge of a physician's opinion indicating that an employee may be permanently precluded from his or her usual and customary occupation or the position in which he or she was engaged at the time of injury, or if the employee has been totally temporarily disabled for an aggregate of 180 days, the claims administrator shall notify the employee within 10 days of the 180th day of his or her potential eligibility for vocational rehabilitation services. The notice shall include all of the following information:~~

~~(A) An explanation of the vocational rehabilitation services and rehabilitation temporary disability benefits available to the employee;~~

~~(B) Instructions how the employee may apply for vocational rehabilitation (e.g., by written or telephonic communication to the claims administrator, the agreed Qualified Rehabilitation Representative or the employee's representative);~~

~~(C) Notice of the employee's right to participate in selecting an agreed rehabilitation counselor;~~

~~(D) Notice that vocational rehabilitation benefits may not be settled or otherwise converted to cash payments;~~

~~(E) Either an offer of vocational rehabilitation services, or notice of delay or denial notice in accordance with Section 9813(a)(2) or (3).~~

~~(c) Vocational Rehabilitation Notices for Injuries Occurring in 1990, 1991, 1992 or 1993.~~

~~(1) At 90 days of Aggregate Temporary Disability Benefits. The claims administrator shall notify the worker no later than 10 days after an employee has accrued 90 days of aggregate temporary total disability benefits of the assignment of the Qualified Rehabilitation Representative (QRR) for the purpose of explaining the employee's potential entitlement to vocational rehabilitation services. The notice shall include a statement that the QRR will be assisting the employee in the development of a job description to submit to the treating physician for an opinion regarding whether the employee may be released to his or her usual and customary occupation. The notice shall further state that the employee will be notified of the physician's opinion when available.~~

~~(2) Potential Eligibility for Rehabilitation. Within 10 days of receipt of a physician's report or knowledge of a physician's opinion indicating that an employee is medically eligible for vocational rehabilitation, or if prior notice has not been sent, within 10 days after the employee has been totally temporarily disabled for an aggregate of more than 365 days, the claims administrator shall notify the employee of his or her potential eligibility for vocational rehabilitation services. The notice shall include the following information:~~

~~(A) The "Help in Returning to Work" pamphlet published by the Division of Workers' Compensation;~~

~~(B) If the notice contains an offer of services, the notice shall include instructions on how to apply for vocational rehabilitation services (e.g., by written or telephonic communication to the claims administrator, the agreed Qualified Rehabilitation Representative or the employee's representative);~~

~~(C) If the notice contains an offer of services, the notice shall state that failure to apply within 90 days of receipt of this notice may terminate the employee's entitlement to vocational rehabilitation services;~~

~~(D) If the notice contains an offer of services, information on the employee's right to assist in the selection of an agreed upon Qualified Rehabilitation Representative;~~

~~(E) If the notice contains an offer of services, advice that the employee may request an evaluation of his or her ability to benefit from the provision of services prior to accepting or rejecting vocational rehabilitation services;~~

~~(F) The notice may include a statement from the claims administrator that every effort will be made to identify a modified or alternate job with the same employer to speed the employee's return to the labor market.~~

~~(G) Either an offer of vocational rehabilitation services, or a delay or denial notice in accordance with Section 9813(a)(2) or (3) of these regulations.~~

~~(3) Reminder of Potential Eligibility. If the employee has not requested vocational rehabilitation services after notification of medical eligibility, the claims administrator shall remind the employee of his or her right to vocational rehabilitation services. The notice shall be made not earlier than 45 nor later than 70 days after the employee's receipt of the Notice of Potential Eligibility.~~

~~(4) Intention to Withhold Maintenance Allowance for Failure to Cooperate. If the employee unreasonably fails to cooperate in the provision of vocational rehabilitation services, the claims administrator shall give the employee written notice of any intention to withhold payment of vocational rehabilitation maintenance allowance, the reasons, and the employee's right to object within 10 days of receiving the notice. The notice shall be made at least 15 days before ending payment of vocational rehabilitation maintenance allowance. The notice shall include a DWC Form RU 103 "Request for Dispute Resolution".~~

~~(d) Vocational Rehabilitation Notices for Injuries Occurring on or after January 1, 1994 and before January 1, 2004.~~

~~(1) At 90 days of Aggregate Temporary Disability Benefits. The claims administrator shall notify the employee no later than 10 days after the employee accrues 90 days of aggregate temporary total disability benefits of the employee's potential rights to vocational rehabilitation. The notice shall include the "Help in Returning to Work" pamphlet as set forth in section 10133.2 of these regulations;~~

~~(2) Potential Eligibility for Rehabilitation. Within 10 days of receipt of a physician's report or knowledge of a physician's opinion indicating that an employee is medically eligible for vocational rehabilitation, or if prior notice has not been sent within 10 days after the employee has been totally temporarily disabled for an aggregate of 365 days, the claims administrator shall notify the employee of his or her potential eligibility for vocational rehabilitation services. The notice shall indicate the following information:~~

~~(A) The “Help in Returning to Work” pamphlet as set forth in section 10133.2 of these regulations;~~

~~(B) If the notice contains an offer of services, the notice shall include instructions on how to apply for vocational rehabilitation services (e.g., by written or telephonic communication to the claims administrator, the agreed Qualified Rehabilitation Representative or the employee's representative);~~

~~(C) If the notice contains an offer of services, the notice shall state that failure to apply within 90 days of receipt of this notice may terminate the employee's entitlement to vocational rehabilitation services;~~

~~(D) If the notice contains an offer of services, information on the employee's right to assist in the selection of an agreed upon Qualified Rehabilitation Representative;~~

~~(E) If the notice contains an offer of services, advice that the employee may request an evaluation of their ability to benefit from the provision of services prior to accepting or rejecting vocational rehabilitation services. The employee must further be advised that fees for such an evaluation are included within the forty-five hundred dollars (\$4,500) maximum fees available for counseling services.~~

~~(F) The notice shall include a statement from the claims administrator whether a modified or alternate job with the employer is available. In the event that additional investigation into the availability of alternate or modified work is required, a final notice regarding the availability of modified or alternate work shall be sent within 30 days. This time limit may be extended by agreement of the parties.~~

~~(G) Either an offer of vocational rehabilitation services, or delay or denial notice in accordance with paragraph (2) or (3) of subdivision (a).~~

~~(3) Reminder of Potential Eligibility. If the employee has not requested vocational rehabilitation services after notification of medical eligibility, the claims administrator shall remind the employee of his or her right to vocational rehabilitation services. The notice shall be made not earlier than 45 nor later than 70 days after the employee's receipt of the Notice of Potential Eligibility.~~

~~(4) Intention to Withhold Maintenance Allowance for Failure to Cooperate. If the employee unreasonably fails to cooperate in the provision of vocational rehabilitation services, the claims administrator shall give the employee written notice of any intention to withhold payment of vocational rehabilitation maintenance allowance, the reasons, and the employee's right to object within 10 days of receiving the notice. The notice shall be made at least 15 days before ending payment of vocational rehabilitation maintenance allowance. The Notice shall include a DWC Form RU-103 “Request for Dispute Resolution”.~~

Note: Authority cited: Sections 59, 133, 138.3, 138.4, 139.5(a)(2), 4636(d), 4637 and 5307.3, Labor Code. Reference: Sections 138.4, 139.5, 4061(a), (b), (d), 4636, 4637, 4641, 4643, 4644, 4650(a)-(d), 4661.5, 4700, 4701, 4702, 4703, 4703.5, 4903(a) and 5402, Labor Code.

§ 9814. Salary Continuation.

In relation to periods of temporary disability, where an employer provides salary or other payments in lieu of or in excess of temporary disability indemnity, the claims administrator or employer shall comply with the notice requirements of this article which apply to temporary disability. In addition, the claims administrator or employer shall include a full explanation of the salary continuation plan with the initial notice.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 59, 133, 138.4, ~~139.5(a)(2)~~, 4637 and 5307.3, Labor Code. Reference: Sections 4650(a), (c), (d), (g), 4800, 4804.1, 4806, 4850-4850.7, Labor Code; Sections 11651 and 11652, Insurance Code, Section 19871, Government Code; Section 89529.03, Education Code.

§ 9815. Corrected Notice.

If information in any notice, or the action taken as reflected in the notice, was incorrect or incomplete, the claims administrator shall provide the employee with a corrected notice within 14 days of after knowledge of the error or omission. The notice shall be identified as a "Corrected Notice" and explain the nature and reason for the correction. Any additional benefits due as a result of the error or omission shall be paid or provided with the notice, if not previously provided.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 59, 133, 138.4, ~~139.5(a)(2)~~, 4637 and 5307.3, Labor Code. Reference: Sections 138.4, ~~139.5~~, 4061(a), (b), (d), ~~4636~~, 4637, 4641, 4643, 4644, 4650(a) through (d), 4661.5, 4700, 4701, 4702, 4703, 4703.5, 4903(a) and 5402, Labor Code; Sections 11651 and 11652, Insurance Code, Section 19871, Government Code; Section 89529.03, Education Code.